LOXAHATCHEE RIVER ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL DISTRICT



MANUAL OF MINIMUM CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS FOR

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

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SECTION 10

ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL

10.01 General

The purpose of this manual is to provide the <u>minimum</u> construction standards for design and construction work associated with wastewater systems within the District and is intended to supplement the requirements of other regulatory agencies. The Design Engineer is to use good engineering judgment in the design of wastewater systems. The Design Engineer and the Contractor are responsible for providing sound, workable, and long lasting systems.

The intent of this section is to provide members of the development community with a brief introduction to the Loxahatchee River Environmental Control District, also referred to as "District", its function, and procedures.

The Loxahatchee River Environmental Control District is an agency of government which was created in 1971 for the purpose of providing utility and other environmental services within the 72 square mile basin of the Loxahatchee River. Currently, the District owns, operates, and regulates the regional wastewater system serving Tequesta, Jupiter, Juno Beach, Juno, and the unincorporated areas of northern Palm Beach and southern Martin Counties.

The District offices are located at 2500 Jupiter Park Drive, Jupiter, Florida. The offices are open between 8:00 A.M. and 5:00 P.M. weekdays. The telephone number during working hours is (561) 747-5700. For emergency situations outside of normal office hours, the telephone number is (561) 747-5708. The District website can be found at http://www.loxahatcheeriver.org.

With specific regard to new development, the District's legislated policy is to provide the required utility services to the area now and as it continues to grow. It is, therefore, the agency's intent to work closely with new development to assure that the utility services can be provided in a manner which is both timely and consistent with the standards and specifications set forth in this manual.

Please note that the District's "Manual of Minimum Construction Standards and Technical Specifications" may change from time to time. All projects will be subject to the current District, local, state and federal rules and regulations at the time of submittal of final engineering drawings for approval.

10.02 <u>Procedures Prior to Construction</u>

10.02.1 Introductory Meeting

It is highly recommended that the project representative (s) (owner, engineers) meet with the District's Deputy Executive Director early in the planning stages of the development. At such time a determination of sewer and reuse water availability will be made, and financial impacts will be reviewed.

10.02.2 <u>Developer Agreement</u>

The submittal of a properly executed agreement, along with payment for certain charges, is required before the District will review the engineering plans. Copies of the District's Standard Developer Agreement and District Rule Chapter 31-10, which addresses the charges, are available online at the District's website: https://loxahatcheeriver.org/ or at the District offices.

10.02.3 District Installed Facilities

During the introductory meeting the developer may wish to discuss the availability of District installed regional and sub regional facilities to serve the proposed project, although, this program is limited to larger developments.

The District currently maintains a program where sub regional lift stations may be constructed by and paid for by the District. A sub regional facility must be designated and approved by the District Governing Board. Staff will take no action for recommending designation of a facility for installation until a developer agreement is executed and all fees are paid.

Staff reviews and assesses the project based upon economic feasibility, consistency with the District Master Plan and its current and future demand. To promote stable and effective communication between the District and the Developer, we will require the Developer to coordinate all communication through the Engineer of Record.

In designating a sub-regional facility, the following items are the responsibility of the owner/developer:

Provide the District with any project information necessary for the design of lift station(s) and force mains(s).

Provide, at developer's expense, all necessary electrical service to the lift station site in conjunction with construction activities.

Provide suitable access to lift station and force main sites for District and contractor's vehicles and equipment. Paved asphaltic concrete or reinforced concrete access drives will be provided (Min.16' wide) prior to acceptance.

Provide appropriately sized sanitary sewer gravity lines that are necessary to serve adjoining properties in conjunction with lift station construction. Sewer lines to adjoining properties must be activated concurrent with lift station, or upon demand from the District.

The last collection manhole, just upstream of the lift station, should be placed in a manner to minimize road, lane or sidewalk closures should by-pass operations be needed at the lift station. The District may require this last collection manhole to be placed inside the lift station easement.

Provide all clearing, grubbing and rough grading of the lift station and force main sites prior to construction.

Provide survey requirements and staking of the lift station and force main upon request from the District. Staking shall include provision of one stake at center of the proposed wet well, with 50' offsets and bench mark. Force main shall be staked at center line with 10' offsets every 100 feet, with a set bench mark. All survey work shall be performed by a professional surveyor licensed in the State of Florida.

Developer shall convey a deed to the lift station property prior to construction, and all required easements as follows:

Permanent Easements:

- a. Lift Station 40' x 40'
- b. Force Mains 10' wide minimum
- c. Gravity Mains 15' wide minimum for sewers

Temporary Construction Easements:

- a. Lift Station 100' x 100'
- b. Force Mains 30' wide minimum
- c. Gravity Mains 50' wide minimum

Variations on easements shall be considered on a case by case basis where <u>full</u> <u>functionality to service existing and all future anticipated needs</u>, access, maintenance and bypass operations can be accommodated with alternate configurations acceptable to the District and approved by Engineering Services.

Developer is required to maintain separation requirements as detailed in Section 20.07 and Standard Detail SD-29. Developer's contractor will be responsible to make gravity line connections from the system collection manhole to the lift station after the construction of the wet well has been completed.

District staff will work in conjunction with the developer's project engineer to plan for the service area. Station design will be performed by the District. Construction will be contracted for by the District and inspected by District personnel.

10.02.4 <u>Developer Installed Facilities - Plan Review and Approval</u>

An initial electronic plan submittal (.PDF format) is recommended. Submittal should contain; one (1) complete set of plans including sewer, reuse, water and drainage systems, and paving and grading details. Upon review, the design engineer will be notified of acceptance or comments which need to be addressed. District staff will work with the Developer's Engineer of Record to address the final design of Developer installed facilities.

Final submittal for approval will require one (1) electronic set of plans (sewer, reuse, water, drainage, paving, grading and landscaping) (.PDF format), electronic AutoCAD plan files, one (1) electric (.PDF format) of executed Florida Department of Environmental Protection and/or Palm Beach County Health Department permit applications..

District approval of utility plans and specifications, as well as sign off on the Florida Department of Environmental Protection/Health Department application, is required.

Plan review will be for technical sufficiency of design for incorporation into the District's system. This review, as well as plan approval by the District, does not relieve the design engineer of his liabilities or responsibility for a properly detailed design. District Engineering staff will be available to work with the design engineer to assure the plans meet the requirements set forth in this manual.

All plan submittals must be signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer, registered in the State of Florida. Plans which are marked "Preliminary" or "Draft" will not be approved.

Supplemental data to be furnished with the final plans submitted for approval includes the following:

1. Project Summary

- a. Number of residential units being served or non-residential uses.
- b. Number of Manholes
- c. L.F. of Gravity Main (for each pipe size)
- d. L.F. of Force Main (for each pipe size)
- e. Number of Lift Stations and depth of each
- 2. Basis of determination of design capacity and design flow.
- 3. Calculations and plot of system head curves.
- 4. Calculations of pump cycle times.
- 5. Wet well floatation calculations.
- 6. Landscaping plan that includes the proposed sewer facilities on the plan to determine if the necessary setbacks are provided.
- 7. Preliminary phasing plan (for entirety of project) that includes a table indicating number and type of lots (i.e., multifamily, single family, etc.) and the year those lots require DOH certifications.

10.03 Developer Installed Facilities - Procedures During Construction

10.03.1 <u>Periodic Inspection</u>

Throughout construction, the Developer will look to his contracted engineering firm for progress by periodic inspections. District Engineering staff will periodically check the site during construction for progress. If problems are encountered during construction, it will be the Developer's responsibility through his contracted engineers, to resolve them to the District's satisfaction. Any revision of substance to the approved plans shall be submitted to the District for approval prior to incorporation into the work.

10.03.2 Pre-Final Inspection Submittals

- 1. Approximately 60 days prior to construction completion, the Developer's Engineer of Record shall provide the Deputy Executive Director the following for review and approval:
 - a. A signed and sealed cost of construction of the sewer improvements. This information will be used to establish the value of the maintenance bond.
 - b. A final Phasing Plan. The Phasing Plan should encompass the project in its entirety and is solely at the discretion of the District as to timing and extent of phases.
- 2. Upon receipt of the above information the Deputy Executive Director will prepare a letter to the Owner, with copy to the engineer, with the Bill of Sale and easement forms prepared for execution, along with a listing of administrative items to be provided prior to District inspection of facilities for acceptance.

10.04 Developer Installed Facilities - Procedures Following Construction

10.04.1 Project Completion

A project is not considered complete and prepared for District final inspection until such time as:

- 1. All sewer system construction is completed in accordance with plans and specifications and inspected and certified by the engineer.
- 2. Where sewers are constructed in paved areas, at least the 1st lift of asphalt has been provided.
- 3. Areas over lines and laterals, which are not proposed to be paved, shall be brought to finish compacted grade.

10.04.2 <u>Project Completion Submittals</u>

Upon Completion of Construction, but before District final inspection, submit the following items in forms acceptable to the District:

- 1. Bill of Sale
- 2. Grant of Easement: The Developer shall convey all required easements as follows:

Permanent Easements:

- a. Lift Station 40' x 40'
- b. Force Mains 10' wide minimum
- c. Gravity Mains 15' wide minimum for sewers

Temporary Construction Easements:

- a. Lift Station 100' x 100'
- b. Force Mains 30' wide minimum
- c. Gravity Mains 50' wide minimum

Variations on easements shall be considered on a case by case basis where <u>full</u> <u>functionality to service existing and all future anticipated needs</u>, access, maintenance and bypass operations can be accommodated with alternate configurations acceptable to the District and approved by Engineering Services.

- 3. Maintenance Bond: From a surety company and executed by an attorney-in-fact for the surety company with a certified copy of his Power-Of Attorney attached to the Bond; or a
- 4. Letter of Credit: From a financial institution and in a form acceptable to the District.
- 5. Record Drawings: Submit one (1) blackline copy of the record drawings, signed and sealed by a Florida licensed Professional Surveyor & Mapper. Record drawings must comply with District Standard Detail SD-29 "Record Drawing Submittal Guide".
- 6. Department of Environmental Protection Certificate of Completion Executed by Owner and Certifying Engineer.
- 7. Letter of Certification from the Engineer of Record
- 8. Performance Test Results: infiltration/exfiltration, pressure, leakage and pump start-up test records. All documents must be signed and sealed by the Engineer of Record.
- 9. Copy of Site Plan and <u>Recorded</u> Plat indicating all building numbers and street names.
- 10. Payment for all buildings connected to the system.

10.04.3 Final Inspection

After the Owner and Project Engineer have provided the documents as outlined in Section 10.04.2, and all punch list items have been remedied, the District engineering staff will conduct a final inspection and recommend acceptance or denial. If acceptance is denied, a letter will be sent to the Engineer of Record advising of the denial and reasons for such. Subsequently, the Engineer of Record should address the comments and request scheduling a final reinspection. It should be noted that after the final inspection, any comments to the initial Record Drawing submittal shall be provided to the Engineer of Record for any remedies.

10.04.4 Final Record Drawings

After District Engineering staff has completed the final inspection and all work is to the satisfaction of the District Engineer, the final Record Drawings shall be submitted to the District, as follows:

- 1. One (1) electronic submittal (.pdf format) of the final record drawings, signed and sealed by a Florida licensed Professional Surveyor & Mapper. This record drawing shall meet the technical standards for "Record Survey" set forth by the Florida Board of Professional surveyors and mappers, pursuant to Chapter 472 of the Florida Statutes and Chapter 61G17-6, Florida Administrative Code.
- 2. One electronic submittal with the record drawing in AutoCAD 2020 or later format and PDF format. Only one (1) AutoCAD file shall be accepted containing the entire record drawing (additional files used for x-referencing are acceptable) and one Adobe Acrobat file with the entire record drawing as seen on the paper copy. The District will no longer accept separate AutoCAD and/or Adobe Acrobat files for separate record drawing pages. The AutoCAD files must be established in state plane coordinate system, NAD 83, Florida East Zone. The vertical datum referenced shall be NGVD 29.

10.04.5 One Year Maintenance Bond and Inspection

Prior to acceptance by the District, a maintenance bond, which will remain in effect for one year from the date of District acceptance of the system, must be provided to the District. Shortly before the expiration of the one-year maintenance bond, the District will reinspect the system in a manner similar to the final inspection (i.e., broken pipes, deflection, infiltration, etc.) The District will advise the Developer of any defects found, unless of an emergency nature, during this inspection and will require correction to be made prior to expiration of the maintenance bond.

Should adequate progress, in the opinion of the District, not be made in correcting the deficiencies, the District will look to the bonding company to pay for corrective action taken by the District.

A Letter of Credit drawn upon a financial institution licensed in the State of Florida, and in a form acceptable to the District may be provided in lieu of a maintenance bond.

10.04.6 District Acceptance

Upon satisfactory finding of the final inspection, the Department of Environmental Protection/Health Department Certification of Completion will be executed by the Executive Director, thereby, accepting the system for operation and maintenance.

10.04.7 <u>Operation and Maintenance</u>

With the exception of service laterals which lie beyond right-of-way or easement lines, or in common areas of ownership, the wastewater system serving the development will be operated and maintained by the District's personnel, who are well trained and responsive to the needs of the community.

10.04.8 Utility Billing

The District's Finance Department will continue to work with the Developer in the collection of connection charges as new buildings are tied into the system, and in the billing of quarterly service charges.

10.05 Termination/Abandonment of Easements

The District will consider requests for termination and abandonment of exclusive and non-exclusive easements from underlying property owners.

Requests for termination and abandonment of exclusive and non-exclusive easements are at the sole discretion of the District and require an application, payment of fees, are subject to Engineering Services Department reviewand require District Governing Board approval.

Termination or abandonment of exclusive and non-exclusive easements shall be compliant with District's Manual of Minimum Construction Standards and Technical Specifications, be compliant with Federal, State and Local codes and regulations, include a risk/benefit analysis, provide for reasonably identified future uses, resolve any existing conflicts, address any restraints and/or limitations at the site and reimburse the District for any cost paid by the District for the easement, or portion thereof, adjusted for current value using the historical Consumer Price Index for Urban Customers (CPI-U).

10.06 <u>Easement Encroachment Requests</u>

The District will consider requests from underlying property owners &/or their lessees who desire to install non-permanent / removable structures / improvements on their property within the District's easement (an "Installation").

The Installation of non-permanent / removable structures / improvements include but are not limited to fencing, signage, retaining walls, mailboxes, etc. Structures / improvements must be able to be removed by District staff using District equipment.

Requests for easement encroachments are at the sole discretion of the District. Applicants requesting Installations of non-permanent / removable structures/improvements within a District easement shall provide the following information to Engineering Services:

- Installation Plans Plans which clearly and legibly identifies the location of the easement in relation to the nearest public right-of-way and shows requested Installation in relation to the District's easement. Plans should include applicable details related to the Installation.
- Evidence of title the application shall state the source of applicant's ownership of interest in and to the easement, and a reference to the recording information for that document.
- Evidence of charges paid the application shall state that all District charges have been paid.
- Indemnity Agreement Indemnity Agreement signed by the applicant, joined by the Property Owner if a lessee is the applicant.

Engineering Services review shall include:

• Compliance with the District's Manual of Minimum Construction Standards and Technical Specifications

Engineering Services review shall be provided to the Executive Director. The District Governing Board delegates authority to the Executive Director to approve or deny these requests. Engineering Services shall retain records in perpetuity for these requests.

10.07 <u>Definitions and Abbreviations</u>

The term "Owner" or "District" shall mean the Loxahatchee River Environmental Control District.

The term "Director" shall mean the Executive Director of the Loxahatchee River Environmental Control District.

The term "Deputy Executive Director" shall mean the Deputy Executive Director of the Loxahatchee River Environmental Control District.

The term "Director of Operations" shall mean the Director of Operations or Plant Manager of the Loxahatchee River Environmental Control District.

The term "Engineer" or "Design Engineer" or "Engineer of Record" shall be the engineer registered in the State of Florida that signs and seals the plans of a developer or other person or entity.

The term "District Engineer" shall be the engineer designated by the District, whether acting directly or as an authorized agent of the District, acting within the scope of duties entrusted to them.

The abbreviation listed below shall have the meaning set forth opposite each:

AASHTO American Association of State Highway

Transportation Officials

ACI American Concrete Institute

ANSI American National Standards Institute

ASCE American Society of Civil Engineers

ASTM American Society for Testing and Material

AWWA American Water Works Association

NEC National Electric Code

NEMA National Electric Manufacturers

Association

AWG American or Brown and Sharpe Wire Gage

NPT National Pipe Thread

WOG Water, Oil, Gas

END OF SECTION 10

SECTION 20

DESIGN CRITERIA

20.01 General

The requirements of this section are a minimum and nothing herein shall be construed to eliminate consideration of a design based on a rational procedure not covered by such requirements. Standards or minimum requirements set forth in this Manual are not intended to relieve the Developer, Contractor, or Design Engineer from complying with good engineering and construction practices under specific conditions which require a higher degree of procedure, standards, or requirements. Where the Developer, Contractor, or Design Engineer is not capable of following the requirements of the Manual due to certain site conditions, any deviation from the requirements set forth in the Manual shall first be approved by the District. It is intended that the requirements of this section shall be applicable in all cases where the facilities being constructed or to be constructed shall be owned and/or operated and maintained by the District.

20.02 <u>Design Capacity</u>

Gravity sewer systems should be designed for the estimated ultimate tributary population. Parts of the system that can be readily increased in capacity such as lift stations may be submitted for approval based on phased implementation. The basis of design for all projects shall accompany the plan documents.

20.03 <u>Design Flow</u>

Sewer system Average Daily Flow (ADF) designs shall be based on the design flows as listed in Chapter 64E-6 of the Florida Administrative Code.

20.03.1 Peak Hourly Flow

Peak Hourly Flow (PHF) shall be utilized for the sizing of all gravity sewers, force mains and lift station pump sizing. Peak hourly flow peaking factor (PF) shall follow Figure 1 - Ratio of Peak Hourly Flow to Design Average Flow, of the "Recommended Standards for Wastewater Facilities", by the Waste Water Committee of the Great Lakes – Upper Mississippi River Board of State and Provincial Public Health and Environmental Managers, latest edition.

For low pressure sewer systems, all low pressure mains and the District's approved grinder pump systems (centrifugal) shall be sized based upon the estimated peak design flow. The estimated peak design shall follow either Part 4 – Design Flows, of the "Design and Specification Guidelines for Low Pressure Sewer Systems", by the FDEP, latest edition or Chapter 2, "Manual – Alternative Wastewater Collection Systems", by the EPA, latest edition.

20.04 <u>Gravity Sewers</u>

20.04.1 New Construction

The basic design criteria for gravity sewers shall be as follows:

Pipe material – all new gravity sewer shall be of PVC construction. Use of epoxy coated D.I.P. will only be allowed with prior approval from the District Engineer.

The minimum gravity sewer pipe line diameter – All new gravity sewer mains (manhole to manhole) shall be a minimum of 8-inches in diameter.

The minimum depth of cover shall be as follows: 3'-6" for DIP or PVC C-900 and 4'-0" for PVC SDR-26. Any cover that is proposed to be less than 4'-0" must be given prior approval by the District Engineer.

Straight alignment and constant slope between manholes.

All manholes shall be precast concrete with monolithic bases and concentric conical cone sections.

Manholes are required at the end of each line; at all changes in grade, size or alignment. Stubs eight (8) inches or larger will require a manhole at the terminus point.

Manholes shall be spaced not greater than 400 feet for sewers fifteen (15) inches in diameter or less, 450 feet for sewers eighteen (18) inches in diameter or greater.

Five-foot drop manholes (internal type) are to be provided for a sewer entering a manhole at an elevation twenty-four 24 inches or more above the lowest manhole channel invert (See Standard Details).

A positive 0.1-foot grade differential shall be provided between the upstream and downstream invert on all manholes.

All sewers shall be designed and constructed to give mean velocities, when flowing full, of not less than 2.0 feet per second, based on Kutter's formula using an "n" value of 0.013. The following are minimum slopes allowed:

Sewer Size	Slope in Ft/100 Ft
8-inch	0.40
10-inch	0.28
12-inch	0.22
15-inch	0.15
18-inch	0.12
21-inch	0.10

24-inch	0.08
27-inch	0.067
30-inch	0.058
36-inch	0.046

When possible, slopes at least 10% above the minimums shown are preferred. However, in no case will slopes be designed which would provide a mean velocity less than 2.0 feet per second when flowing full, based on an "n" value of 0.013.

When a smaller sewer joins a larger one, the invert of the larger sewer should be lowered sufficiently to maintain the same energy gradient. An approximate method for securing these results is to place the 0.8 depth point of both sewers at the same elevation.

Intersecting sewers shall not meet at an alignment angle of less than 90 degrees to downstream flow.

Manholes deeper than 14 feet from the lowest invert to the manhole rim, manholes with a force main discharge, manholes with inside drops and the last collection manhole just upstream of a lift station, shall be given a minimum 0.5-inch coat of Sewper Coat, Strong Seal, Refratta HAC 100 or other approved calcium aluminate corrosion barrier.

The last collection manhole, just upstream of the lift station, should be placed in a manner to minimize road, lane or sidewalk closures should by-pass operations be needed at the lift station. The District may require this last collection manhole to be placed inside the lift station easement.

In addition to the above requirements, gravity sewer design shall follow Recommended Standards for Wastewater Facilities, at a minimum.

20.04.2 Adjustments to Existing Sewer Infrastructure

There may be instances where an area is being redeveloped or when a new developer takes ownership of a project from a previous developer and wishes to make modifications to already constructed, but not yet activated sewer facilities. The following criteria shall apply:

It is advised that developers of redesigned projects meet with the District Engineer to conduct a pre-application meeting and/or conduct due diligence prior to submitting final engineering plans to discuss the proper procedure for obtaining approval for any modifications.

This manual is updated from time to time, thus any comments provided at a preapplication/due diligence meeting should be considered conceptual in nature and may no longer be applicable by the time final engineering drawings are submitted to the District for approval (See Section 10.01).

Services may be abandoned on a gravity run (manhole to manhole) and the service must be entirely removed, including the mainline wye fitting. The repair(s) must be completed using two sleeves and one spool piece per abandoned service.

Lift stations and all related appurtenances must be brought up to current District standards if they haven't been installed.

The District will accept all gravity and force mains as constructed and re-inspect them based upon the District standards at the time the project was approved. However, additional appurtenances may be required to be installed, such as air release/vacuum valves or inline valves should the District Engineer require them. Additionally, all setbacks shall be based upon the current District standards.

The District will accept all previously agreed to sewer easement widths, though the extent of the easements may require modifications should any infrastructure be removed or added.

Any new infrastructure proposed by the new developer shall meet all current District standards.

20.05 <u>Submersible Pumping Stations</u>

The basic design criteria for pump stations are as follows:

Sized to handle the peak hourly flows from the tributary areas with the largest pumping unit out of service (firm capacity).

Total dynamic head based on static head, lift station friction losses and pipeline friction factor (C) of 120. Pumping units shall be capable of operating based on a C=100 and not "running out" based on a C=140.

Pumping units capable of passing spheres of at least three (3) inches in diameter.

Under normal conditions, pumps operate under a positive suction head.

Controls included to automatically alternate the pumps in use.

Maximum pump speed of submersible pumps shall not be greater than 1800 rpm unless specifically allowed otherwise by the District Engineer.

All electrical and mechanical equipment shall be installed 1 foot minimum above the Base Flood Elevation. Lift stations shall be provided with remote telemetry (Data Flow Systems radio telemetry or cellular telemetry) and wetwell level instrumentation.

Detailed specifications and drawings for submersible pump stations and appurtenances are included elsewhere in this manual. Site specific designs and requirements not covered under this manual will be reviewed on a case by case basis. Additional design criteria for these stations are contained in the "Recommended Standards for Wastewater Facilities", by the Water Supply Committee of the Great Lakes – Upper Mississippi River Board of State and Provincial Public Health and Environmental Managers, latest edition as referenced by the Florida Department of Environmental Protection.

All wet wells shall be designed to resist flotation based on a base flood event plus 1 foot at the site, without consideration of the weight of the pumps, with a safety factory of at least 1.0. Flotation calculations based on a unit weight of concrete of 130 pounds per cubic foot shall be submitted to the District for review with all pump station plans

Wet well cycle times shall be 10 minutes minimum 30 minutes maximum; based on the formula:

$$T = V + V$$

$$Q-S S$$

Where:

T = Cycle time (minutes)

V = Effective volume of wet well (gallons)

Q = Pumping rate (gpm)

S = Average daily flow (gpm)

All lift stations shall be given a 1.0-inch coat of Sewper Coat, Strong Seal, Refratta HAC 100 or other approved calcium aluminate corrosion barrier.

20.06 Force Main

The basic design criteria for force mains are as follows:

Pipe material – C-900 PVC, epoxy lined ductile iron pipe or HDPE (DR-11 min).

Minimum size - 4-inch diameter.

Minimum velocity - 2 feet per second.

Maximum velocity - 8 feet per second.

Minimum depth of cover - 3 feet.

Branches of intersecting force mains shall be provided with appropriate valves such that one branch may be shut down for maintenance and repair without interrupting the flow of other branches. Stubouts on a force main, placed in anticipation of future connections, shall be equipped with a valve to allow such connections without interruption of service.

At all times, the force main shall be laid per the design elevations approved by the District. An automatic air release valve shall be placed at all high points of all force mains with a diameter of (4) inches or larger, as indicated on the construction plans and approved by the District.

All automatic air release/air vacuum valves shall be placed in a manhole as provided in the District's standard details.

Force main design drawings are to indicate elevations at all high points and all low points with constant slopes in between such points. Low point drains shall be placed at all low points in the force main profile.

Approved restrained joints shall be provided at all force main bends.

Terminal ends of force main (permanent or temporary) shall be as shown on the District Standard Details.

20.07 <u>Separation Requirements</u>

Sanitary sewers crossing under water mains shall be laid to provide a minimum vertical separation of twelve (12) inches between the invert of the upper pipe and the crown of the lower pipe. Where this minimum separation cannot be maintained, the crossing shall be arranged so that the joints are equidistant from the point of crossing with no less than ten (10) feet between any two joints and both pipes shall be D.I.P. Where there is no alternative to sewer pipes crossing over a water main, the criteria for the minimum separation between lines and joints in the above, shall be required and both pipes shall be D.I.P. irrespective of separation.

Where storm sewers cross above or below sanitary sewer mains, the minimum vertical separation between the outside of the storm sewer main and the outside of the sanitary sewer main is twelve (12) inches. Where the minimum separation cannot be maintained, the sewer main shall be constructed of PVC at the conflict with one full joint (min. 20 feet) centered on the conflict for pressure mains and C-900, DR18 inside DI or steel sleeve for gravity mains.

The minimum vertical separation between sanitary sewer mains and any other utility other than those listed above is twelve (12) inches. Vertical separations of less than six (6) inches, will not be accepted.

Maintain ten (10) feet horizontal distance between water mains, storm pipes and sanitary sewer mains unless reduced separation is allowed by the FDEP, Palm Beach County Health Department

and the District Engineer. Separations greater than ten (10) feet may be required for drainage pipes larger than 48-inches in diameter. No horizontal separations less than 3 feet between District facilities and other utilities shall be accepted.

All gravity sewers shall be placed in the center of any roadway and within any easements. The minimum gravity sewer easement is 15' wide.

No landscaping or surface features (i.e., walls, fences, fountains, etc.) shall be placed in a manner that would adversely affect access to utility easements or District infrastructure. Trees shall be a minimum of 10' away from any gravity sewer main or service line/lateral. This may be reduced to 7' with the use of an approved root barrier system.

All gravity sewer mains shall be a minimum of 10' horizontally from any structures. This setback shall be measured from the outside edge of the pipe to the nearest part of the structure, including underground (i.e., footers) or above ground (i.e., roof overhangs) features.

20.08 <u>Sewer Use Regulations</u>

The Loxahatchee River Environmental Control District has adopted certain rules and regulations regarding the acceptability and pretreatment requirements for certain types of wastewaters. These rules and regulations are published in Chapter 31-13 of the District Rules and may be amended from time to time. Prospective users of the system should contact the District Deputy Executive Director for information regarding the above referenced rules and the Director of Operations for compatibility of the anticipated wastewater with the District's facilities.

END OF SECTION 20

SECTION 30

MISCELLANEOUS REQUIREMENTS

30.01 Lines, Grades and Measurements

Alignment and grade of all pipe, tunnels and borings shall be continuously controlled by use of lasers or other acceptable method. Laser alignment and grade through the pipeline is the preferred method. The District Engineer shall be permitted at any time to check the lines, elevations, reference marks, laser, etc., set by the Contractor or the Design Engineer.

30.02 Work to Conform

The maximum allowed vertical deviation of any single gravity pipe, tunnel or boring from plan grade shall be three percent (3%) of inside diameter. No single gravity pipe shall vary in horizontal alignment right or left, from the pipe centerline by more than five percent (5%) of inside diameter. Force main joint deflections shall be limited by AWWA Standards and manufacturer's recommendation.

30.03 <u>Pipeline location</u>

Pipelines shall not be located closer to an existing or proposed structure than the horizontal distance obtained when drawing a 45-degree angle from the proposed invert of the pipeline to bottom outside face of the footing. In no case shall this distance be less than ten (10) feet. Pipelines shall be located as indicated on the drawings, but the Design Engineer is responsible to make such modifications in location as may be found desirable to avoid interference with existing structures or for other reasons, which are not material to the interest of the District and which do not otherwise conflict with any other statement or criteria set forth in this manual. The District should be notified of such changes in a timely fashion and such changes shall be recorded on Record Drawings.

30.04 Pipe Adapters

When joining pipes of different types, District approved transition sleeves, adapters, and couplings shall be used.

30.05 Fittings and Stoppers

Branches, stub-outs and fittings shall be laid as indicated in the Standard Details and shown on the approved drawings. Open ends of pipe and branches shall be closed with nonmetallic "wing nut" expansion stoppers secured in place in an acceptable manner. Stoppers shall be designed to remain in place and watertight during infiltration tests.

30.06 Service Lines

a. General

Service lines shall be as shown on the Standard Details. Service lines for a single lot shall be a minimum of 4 inches in diameter; for two lots, a minimum of 6-inches in diameter. Where three or more lots are connected to a single service line, the service line shall be considered a gravity sewer, shall be a minimum of 8-inches in diameter, and shall be in accordance with the criteria covering District maintained gravity sewers. Exceptions to these requirements may be made in specific instances where constructability, environmental impacts or excessive costs require an alternate to these criteria. These exceptions shall be considered non-conforming connections and subject to correction to District Standards if and when criteria used in determining constructability, environmental impacts or excessive costs are no longer valid.

b. Easements, Implied Grant of Way of Necessity and Statutory Way of Necessity

If a residential property requires an easement across another residential property to gain access to District sewers the easement shall be conveyed to the District using the District's Standard Easement Agreement. Easements shall only be allowed when no District maintained sanitary sewer is available for connection in public right of way or existing easements adjacent to the property <u>and</u> constructability, environmental impacts or excessive costs render construction of new sewer facilities in public right of way or existing easements adjacent to the property non-viable.

The District recognizes Florida Statutes 704.01, (1) Implied grant of way of necessity, and (2) Statutory way of necessity, may be applicable in providing sanitary sewer service to a property.

In the case of Implied Grant of Way of Necessity there may be instances where a sanitary sewer service existed to a property and that property was then divided into multiple properties each using the existing sanitary sewer service. In these instances the District recognizes the Implied Grant of Way of Necessity for each property's use of the sanitary sewer service under a "grandfather" clause but considers the connection/s non-conforming in that properties may be served by facilities not owned and maintained by the District and/or properties may be served by facilities that may be inadequately sized and/or one property may be served by facilities that cross another property and are not in a District Standard Easement. In these instances, the District shall require the sanitary sewer connections using an Implied Grant of Way of Necessity for sewer service be corrected to current District Standards when renovation or redevelopment of any of the affected properties occurs.

In the case of Statutory Way of Necessity there may be instances where a property is shut off or hemmed in from access to sanitary sewer service by lands, fencing or other improvements. In these instances the District, with agreement from the shut off or hemmed in property, may act on behalf of the shut off or hemmed in property and use and maintain an easement over, under, through and upon the lands which lie between the said shut-off or hemmed -in lands and public right of way or existing easements to supply sanitary sewer service to the shut-off or hemmed-in land granted the shut-off or hemmed-in land is using the lands that lie between for personal ingress and egress. The District considers sanitary sewer connections using Statutory Way of Necessity to be non-conforming in that properties are served by facilities that cross another property and are not in a District Standard In these instances the District shall require the sanitary sewer connections using a Statutory Way of Necessity for sewer service be corrected to current District Standards when renovation or redevelopment of the property over which a Statutory Way of Necessity is used occurs, or when a public right of way or utility easement becomes accessible to the shut-off or hemmed in property.

c. Maintenance Responsibility

The service line (lateral) cleanout will usually delineate the point of responsibility between the District and the property owner; however, the following variations do exist:

- 1. Multi-family Units Public right-of-way Owner's responsibility to the right-of-way line.
- 2. Multi-family Units Non-Public right-of-way Owner's responsibility to the main line connection.
- 3. Commercial Buildings Owner's responsibility to the main line.
- 4. Condominium with Common Areas Non-Public right-of-way Owner's responsibility to the main line connection.
- 5. Condominium with Common Areas Adjacent to Public right-of-way District assumes responsibility within the public right-of-way.

30.07 <u>Service Line Markers</u>

A service line marker shall be installed 12-inches {minimum} above the service wye adjacent to the cleanout of each service line. The service line markers shall be Electronic System, Sanitary Marker 1258, as manufactured by 3M.

30.08 Bolts, Anchor Bolts, and Nuts

Anchor bolts shall have suitable washers and, where so required, their nuts shall be hexagonal. All anchor bolts, nuts, washers, plates, and bolt sleeves shall be galvanized unless otherwise indicated or specified.

Expansion bolts shall have malleable iron and lead composition elements or the required number of units and sizes.

Bolts, anchor bolts, nuts and washers specified to be stainless steel shall be type 316 stainless steel.

Anchor bolts and expansion bolts shall be set accurately. If anchor bolts are set before the concrete has been placed, they shall be carefully held in suitable templates of approved design. If anchor or expansion bolts are set after the concrete has been placed, all necessary drilling and grouting or caulking shall be done, and care shall be taken not to damage the structure or finish by cracking, chipping, spalling, or otherwise during the drilling and caulking.

30.09 <u>Concrete Inserts</u>

Concrete inserts shall be designed to safely support the maximum load that can be imposed by the bolts used in the inserts. Inserts shall be of a type which will permit locking of the bolt head or nut. All inserts shall be galvanized.

30.10 Protection against Electrolysis

Where dissimilar metals are used in conjunction with each other, suitable insulation shall be provided between adjoining surfaces so as to eliminate direct contact with any resultant electrolysis. The insulation shall be bituminous impregnated felt, heavy bituminous coatings, nonmetallic separators or washers, or other approved materials.

END OF SECTION 30

SECTION 100

EXCAVATION, PIPE EMBEDMENT, FILL AND GRADING

100.01 Description

All excavations shall be made in such manner and to such widths as will provide suitable room for building the structures or laying and jointing the piping. All sheeting, bracing, supports, coffer dams, pumping and draining shall be performed to render the bottom of the excavations firm, dry and acceptable in all respects.

100.02 Sheeting and Bracing

Sheeting and bracing shall be furnished as may be necessary to support the sides of the excavation and to prevent any movement of earth which could in any way diminish the width of the excavation to less than that necessary for proper construction, or could otherwise injure or delay the work, or endanger adjacent structures.

All timber sheeting and bracing shall be left in place unless otherwise directed by the Design Engineer to remove same or cut off at a specified elevation.

All sheeting and bracing, including trench boxes not to be left in place, shall be carefully removed in such manner as not to endanger the construction or other structures. All voids left or caused by the withdrawal of sheeting shall be backfilled immediately with approved material and compacted by ramming with tools especially adapted to that purpose, by watering, or by other means as may be directed by the Design Engineer.

100.03 Drainage

100.03.01 General

To ensure proper conditions at all times during construction, all means shall be used to intercept and/or remove promptly and dispose properly of all water entering trenches and other excavations. Such excavations shall be kept dry until the structures, pipes and appurtenances to be built therein have been completed to such extent that they will not be floated or otherwise damaged.

All water pumped or drained from the work shall be disposed of in a suitable manner without undue interference with other work, damage to pavements, other surfaces, or property. Suitable temporary pipes, flumes, or channels shall be provided for water that may flow along or across the site of the work. All requirements of all regulatory agencies regarding dewatering and the discharge of water from the project shall be complied with.

All labor, materials, tools, and equipment shall be provided, as necessary, to properly control the quality of the discharge from the dewatering operations as described herein. All applicable laws, rules and regulations governing the discharge of water from dewatering operations shall be

complied with. All dewatering shall be accomplished by the use of sanded well points and other techniques deemed necessary by the Contractor to properly dewater the trench excavations.

The water discharged from the Contractor's dewatering operation shall not exceed the turbidity limits promulgated by the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection discharge standards for the Loxahatchee River or its tributaries.

Unless otherwise directed by the Design Engineer, an approved siltation tank shall be installed ahead of dewatering discharge points. In addition, silt screens and other devices and techniques may be required to maintain the discharge quality at turbidity levels below the required limits.

Any and all methods approved by the Design Engineer to control the bacteriological quality of well point discharge into existing drainage ditches and/or canals shall be utilized. Levels for fecal coliform in a discharge which ultimately leads to the Loxahatchee River, shall not exceed those promulgated by the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection discharge standards.

100.03.02 Drainage Well-point System

If it is necessary to drain the soil and prevent saturated soil from flowing into the excavation, an efficient drain well-point system will be utilized. The well points shall be designed especially for this service. The pumping unit shall be designed for use with the well-points and shall be capable of maintaining a high vacuum and of handling large volumes of air and water at the same time.

100.04 Trench Excavation

Where pipe is to be laid in rock bedding or concrete cradle, the trench may be excavated by machinery to, or to just below, the designated subgrade, provided that the material remaining at the bottom of the trench is not disturbed.

If the trench is excavated below the designated subgrade, the undercut shall be backfilled with compacted bedding rock, uniformly graded from ¼-inch size.

100.05 Depth of Trench

Trenches shall be excavated to such points as will permit the pipe to be laid at the elevations, slopes, or depths of cover indicated and at uniform slopes between indicated elevations.

100.06 Width of Trench

Pipe trenches shall be made as narrow as practicable and shall not be widened by scraping or loosening materials from the sides. Every effort shall be made to keep the sides of the trenches firm and undisturbed until backfilling has been completed and consolidated.

Trenches shall be excavated with approximately vertical sides between the elevation of the center of the pipe and an elevation one (1) foot above the top of the pipe.

100.07 Trench Excavation in Fill

If pipe is to be laid in embankments or other recently filled material, the material shall first be placed to the top of the fill or to go to a height of at least three (3) feet above the top of the pipe, whichever is the lesser. Particular care shall be taken to ensure maximum consolidation of material under the pipe location. The pipe trench shall be excavated as though in undisturbed material.

100.08 Unauthorized Excavation

If bottom of any excavation is taken out or disturbed beyond the limits indicated or prescribed, the resulting void shall be backfilled with embedment material compacted to a minimum of 90% of AASHO T-180 or to the standards of the applicable agency having jurisdiction.

100.09 <u>Elimination of Unsuitable Material</u>

Pipe bedding shall extend a minimum of 4 inches below the pipe. The pipe shall be supported on suitable material ascertained by the Design Engineer following good engineering practices.

100.10 Backfilling

As soon as practicable after the pipes have been laid, or the structures have been built and are structurally adequate to support the loads, including construction loads to which they will be subjected, the backfilling shall be started and thereafter it shall proceed until its completion.

100.10.1 Backfill Materials

The nature of the materials will govern both their acceptability for backfill and the methods best suited for their placement and compaction in the backfill. The materials and the methods shall both be subject to the approval and direction of the Design Engineer. No stone or rock fragment larger than 3 inches in greatest dimension shall be placed in the backfill nor shall large masses of backfill material be dropped into the trench in such a manner as to endanger the pipeline. If necessary, a timber grillage shall be used to break the fall of material dropped from a height of more than 5 feet. Pieces of bituminous pavement shall be excluded from the backfill unless their use is expressly permitted, in which case they shall be broken up as directed.

100.10.2 Embedment Materials

Three broad classes of material shall be used for bedding, haunching, and pipe side support.

CLASS 1 - Angular, ¹/₄-inch to ³/₄-inch graded stone, of which 100% passes a 1-inch sieve such as coral, slag, cinders, crushed stone, crushed shells, or bedding rock.

CLASS 2 - Coarse sands and gravels with maximum

particle size 3/4 inch including variously graded sands and gravels containing small percentages of fines, generally granular and non-cohesive, either wet or dry. Soil Types GW, GP, SW. and SP are included in this class.

CLASS 3 - Fine sand and clayey gravels, including fine sands, sand-clay mixtures, and gravel-clay mixtures. Soil Types GM, GC, SM, and SC are included in this class. Included in Class 3 are existing soil types classified as select backfill.

Class 1, Class 2, or Class 3 material shall be used for bedding material to the top of the pipe. Special care must be taken to ensure Class 1, 2, or 3 material is worked under the pipe haunch. Class 2 or 3 material shall be compacted to a minimum of 98% density per AASHO T -180. The District has the option, at any time, to take density tests to confirm the 98% compaction. Precautions shall be taken to prevent movement of the pipe when placing and compacting material under the pipe haunches.

If Class 2 or 3 material is used for bedding and haunching, a dry trench shall be maintained.

Under certain conditions, the Engineer may be faced with an unusual amount of water running in the trench which he may find necessary to remove in order to properly install and compact the embedment material. The Engineer may elect to remove the water with trench side pumps through the use of Class 1 material for bedding. The depth of Class 1 material will depend upon the amount of water but take care to ensure that the trench wall soil material is such that it will not be removed from the area adjacent to the bedding as a result of the running water. The Engineer may also elect to utilize well points or under drain to control excessive ground water. If Class 1 material is used as bedding and under drain, it must be utilized at least up to the top of the pipe.

100.10.3 Zone Around Pipe

The zone around the pipe shall be backfilled with the materials and to the densities and limits indicated on the details.

100.10.4 <u>Compaction</u>

Compaction shall be accomplished by tamping, or under appropriate construction techniques to achieve the required densities.

100.10.5 Maximum Density

Unless specified otherwise, the percent of maximum density referred to in these specifications refers to the maximum density obtained when the material is laboratory tested in accordance with the procedures outlined in Designation AASHTO T-180, Latest Revision or as otherwise required

by the governmental agency having jurisdiction over the finished roadway. Field densities shall be determined by a testing laboratory using accepted methods.

100.10.6 <u>Miscellaneous Requirements</u>

Whatever method of compacting backfill is used, care shall be taken that stones and lumps shall not become nested and that all voids between stones shall be completely filled with fine materials. Only approved quantities of stones and rock fragments shall be used in the backfill.

All voids left by the removal of sheeting shall be completely backfilled with suitable material, thoroughly compacted.

END OF SECTION 100

SECTION 107

HORIZONTAL DIRECTIONAL DRILL

107.01 General

This specification covers installation of 4" and larger diameter HDPE pipe using horizontal directional drill methods. Installations shall comply with FDOT Standard Specification (Latest Edition) Section 555, ASTM F1962 and this specification.

107.02 <u>Material and Equipment</u>

The drilling fluid shall be a bentonite drilling fluid with or without polymer additives. All materials shall be NSF/ANSI 60 certified.

Pipe and fittings shall comply with Section 110.

Tracking/Steering equipment shall require a walk-over tracking system. The tracking/steering equipment shall place the pilot bore with a maximum horizontal tolerance of +/- 5% of directional bore pipe depth below grade.

After placement the contractor shall utilize a magnetic locating system utilizing a DC or AC current and a surveyed surface loop coil to as-built the final directional bore installation location in place. The surface loop shall be surveyed in by a Florida Licensed Professional Land Surveyor and georeferenced to State Plane Coordinates in NAD83, Florida East Zone and vertical datum NGVD29.

All directional drills shall be installed with a minimum 2" HDPE conduit and two minimum 10 gauge tracer wires installed for the full length of the bore. The conduit shall be terminated in a CDR box installed at each end of the bore. The 10-gauge tracer wires shall be terminated in the valve box for the isolation valves on each end. The conduit diameter and wall thickness shall be sized to withstand anticipated pull back forces of the installation. Tracer wire shall be high strength copper clad steel, Copperhead Soloshot EHS or approved equal.

107.03 Submittals

Submit technical data, cut sheets and shop drawings for equipment and materials including but not limited to drilling fluid (including MSDS Sheet), additives, pipe, fittings, adapters, pipe stiffeners, bore plan, locating and tracking equipment, locating tracking equipment calibration, locating and tracking equipment certification, heat fusion technician certification and proposed sequence of construction for approval by the Engineer.

Horizontal and vertical alignment of the pilot bore based on location information from the locating/tracking/steering equipment outlined in paragraph 107.02 and surveyed points on the DC surface looped coil. The horizontal and vertical alignment shall be referenced to horizontal and vertical datum requirements as specified in the Record Drawing Submittal Guide, Standard Detail

SD-29. The horizontal and vertical alignment shall be as-built and certified by the steering contractor as complying with the locating/tracking/steering equipment manufacturer's recommended procedures.

A log of directional drilling machine pressures during pulling operations converted to tensile stress seen in the pipe. Hydraulic pressure produced by the machine alone is not acceptable.

Experience and project resumes.

107.04 Experience

The directional drill contractor and locating/tracking/steering/contractor shall demonstrate experience in similar horizontal directional drills. Experience shall be a minimum of 5 successful installations of same or larger diameter of same or longer length in the previous 5 years. The directional drill contractor shall submit a list of references.

107.05 Placement and Testing

Perform all locates and pothole all potential conflicts prior to submitting the bore plan. The bore plan shall not be approved until all known conflicts have been resolved.

HDPE pipe shall be handled with care to include only the use of nylon slings for lifting and the use of appropriate sized pipeline rollers for supporting and maneuvering the pipe during fusion and pull back operations.

All HDPE pipe shall be pressure tested per Section 140.

All pipe installed below the water table shall be flooded with water prior to pulling operations.

Installations shall not exceed the pipe manufacturer's recommended radius of curvature.

The reamed hole shall not exceed 1.5 times the nominal diameter of the installed pipe.

All directional bores shall include one isolation valve on each end.

Upon completion bore pits shall be cleaned of excess drilling fluid and backfilled with clean fill.

END OF SECTION 107

SECTION 110

PIPE, FITTINGS AND ACCESSORIES

110.01 General

This section provides standards for all pipe and fittings used in the construction of District wastewater facilities. Approved piping systems include SCH40 and SCH 80 PVC, High Density Polyethylene (HDPE), SDR26 PVC, C900 PVC, C905 PVC and Ductile Iron.

110.02 Schedule 40 and 80 PVC Pipe (1/2" - 3")

Small diameter PVC (3" diameter or less) pipe and fittings shall be pressure rated ASTM D1784/D1785 schedule 40 for buried applications and schedule 80 for non-buried applications. Small diameter PVC pipe shall be marked with schedule, diameter, pressure rating at 140 F and applicable ASTM standards for dimensions and materials and be white or gray in color.

Small diameter PVC joints shall be solvent weld socket type.

110.03 AWWA C901 High Density Polyethylene (1/2" – 3")

Small diameter HDPE (3" diameter or less) pipe shall manufactured from PE4710 resin and comply with AWWA C901 and ASTM D3035. Small diameter HDPE pipe shall be iron pipe size (IPS) with a standard dimension ratio (SDR) 11. Small diameter HDPE pipe shall be marked with diameter, SDR, AWWA C901, ASTM D3035 and PE4710 and shall be black in color with extruded stripes in applicable color; sewer = green, IQ = purple.

Small diameter HDPE pipe shall come in reels sufficient for continuous lay lengths from service latera to service lateral.

Small diameter HDPE pipe shall use brass pack joint style couplings and stainless steel pipe stiffeners.

110.04 <u>AWWA C906 High Density Polyethylene (4" – 63")</u>

Large diameter HDPE (4" - 63") pipe shall manufactured from PE4710 resin and comply with AWWA C906, ASTM F714 and be listed with the Plastic Pipe Institute's (PPI) TR4. Large diameter pipe shall be ductile iron pipe size (DIPS) with a standard dimension ratio (SDR) 11. Large diameter HDPE pipe shall be marked with diameter, SDR, AWWA C906, ASTM F714 and PE4710 and be black in color with extruded stripes in applicable color; sewer = green, IQ = purple, potable = blue.

Single joints of pipe shall be a minimum of 40 feet in length. Damaged pipe may have the damaged area cut out and the remaining portion reused as long as the remaining portion is a minimum of 20 feet in length.

Large diameter HDPE pipe shall utilize HDPE butt fused fittings of the same SDR.

110.05 SDR 26 PVC Gravity Mains

Gravity main installations whose invert is greater than 4'-0" and less than 14'-0" shall be integral bell and spigot gasketed pipe and comply with ASTM D3034 for SDR 26 up to 15" in diameter. SDR 26 gravity main pipe shall meet the following ASTM Standards: D3212 (Joint), F477 (Gasket), D1784 (PVC Compound), D2412 (Stiffness) and D2321 (installation). SDR 26 gravity main pipe shall be green in color and marked with diameter, SDR and applicable ASTM standards.

Joints of SDR 26 gravity main pipe shall be either 14'-0" or 20'-0" in length

110.06 AWWA C900 Force Mains

Force main installations 4" – 48" shall be integral bell and spigot gasketed pipe and comply with AWWA C900 DR18, Pressure Class 235. C900 Force main pipe shall comply with ASTM Standards D1784 (PVC Compound), D3139 (Joint), and F477 (Gasket). C900 force main pipe shall be marked with diameter, DR and AWWA C900. C900 force main pipe shall be green for sewer and purple for IQ.

Joints of C900 force main pipe shall be either 14'-0" or 20'-0" in length.

C900 force main pipe shall use ductile iron fittings with restrained mechanical joints

110.07 <u>Ductile Iron Pipe</u>

All ductile iron pipe shall be manufactured in accordance with ANSI/AWWA C151/A21.51. Ductile iron pipe shall be pressure class 350 up to 20" and pressure class 250 for larger diameters. Ductile iron pipe shall be epoxy coated on the interior with Protecto 401, Permite 9043 Type II, Permox CTF or Linerguard. Coatings shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C104/A21.4

Joints shall be conform to ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11. Restrained push on joints shall use Field Lok 350 Gaskets by US Pipe and Foundry Co., or approved equal.

Ductile Iron Pipe shall be minimum Pressure Class 350 up to 20-inches in diameter and Pressure Class 250 for larger diameters.

Where ductile iron pipe is used, fittings shall be ductile iron and conform to the requirements of ANSI/AWWA C153/A21.53 and shall be of a pressure classification at least equal to that of the pipe with which they are used. Fittings may be flanged or mechanical as applicable.

110.08 SDR 26 PVC Fittings

PVC Gravity main fittings shall conform to the requirements of ASTM D2241 SDR26. Gaskets shall confirm to ASTM F477. Fittings in sizes not available in injection molded form shall be fabricated from SDR26 pipe in accordance with ASTM D2241.

Schedule 40 and 80 PVC Fittings

Fittings used in small diameter PVC piping systems shall match the schedule of the piping system, either Schedule 40 or 80. Fittings shall be socket weld and conform to ASTM D1785 for physical dimensions and ASTM D1784 for materials.

110.010 <u>HDPE Butt Fused Fittings</u>

Molded butt fusion fittings and adapters shall conform to ASTM D 3261, utilize HDPE conforming to the pipe to which it will be fused and have the same dimension ratio as the pipe to which it will be fused. All fittings shall be pressure rated to provide a working pressure rating no less than that of the pipe.

110.011 Large Diameter HDPE to PVC/DI Adapters

Transition from HDPE to other piping systems shall require MJ or flanged HDPE adapters. Instances where these adapters are not practical will require pipe stiffeners in conjunction with ductile iron fittings. The pipe stiffeners shall be stainless steel as manufactured by JCM Industries or pre-approved equal. Pipe stiffeners in conjunction with ductile iron fittings shall only be used with the written approval of the District Engineer for HDPE pipe 12" diameter and smaller. When approved, MEGALUG Series 2000PV mechanical joint restraints or approved equal shall be used.

110.012 Small Diameter HDPE Fittings and Adapters

Small diameter HDPE pipe (1/2" - 3") HDPE to HDPE and HDPE to PVC connections shall use pack joint style fittings as manufactured by Ford Meter Box Co. Stainless steel pipe stiffeners shall also be required.

110.013 Ductile Iron Fittings

Ductile iron fittings shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C153/A21.53 (compact fittings) with a minimum pressure rating of 350 psi for mechanical joint fittings and 250 psi for flanged fittings. Fittings shall be mechanical joint or flanged as required.

Flanged fittings shall comply with ANSI B16.42, Class 150.

All mechanical joints shall be restrained. Restrained mechanical joints shall use 1100 Series Megalug by EBAA Iron Sales, Inc. or approved equal.

Ductile iron fittings shall be epoxy coated on the interior with Protecto 401, Permite 9043 Type II or Linerguard. Coatings shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C104/A21.4

110.014 <u>Ductile Iron Pipe and Fittings Linings and Coatings</u>

Ductile iron pipe fittings shall be epoxy coated on the interior with Protecto 401, Permite 9043 Type II or Linerguard. Coatings shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C104/A21.4

Buried ductile iron pipe and fittings shall receive an external bituminous coating in accordance with ANSI 21.10. and be striped with green for sewer and purple for IQ water.

Above grade ductile iron pipe and fittings shall receive a three coat system; Prime Coat: TNEMEC-Aluminum Mastic #135 (3 to 5 mils DFT), Intermediate Coat Series 66 Epoxoline Hi-Build Epoxy (4 to 6 mils DFT) and Finish Coat Series 73 Endura-Shield III Urethane (2 to 3 mils DFT). Coatings shall be green for sewer and purple for reclaimed water.

110.015 <u>Marking Tape</u>

All buried piping shall include marking tape. Marking tape shall be minimum 2" wide, magnetic and detectable. Marking tape shall be green and marked "SEWER".

110.016 Buried Markers

Buried markers shall be installed at all fittings, valves, service connections, change of direction and every 300' of pipe lay length. Buried markers are not required on gravity main piping but are required on service lateral piping and cleanouts. Buried markers shall be EMS Mini-Markers for Wastewater Model 1258 as by 3M.

110.017 Tracer Wire

When specifically required pressure rated piping shall be installed with tracer wire. Tracer wire shall be attached to the pipe using a half-hitch every 10' for direct bury applications and shall be pulled with the pipe (without attaching) in directional drill installations. Tracer wire in directional drill applications shall be minimum 10 gauge, Copperhead Soloshot EHS or approved equal. Tracer wire in direct bury applications shall be minimum 14 gauge, PVC coated, solid copper wire.

110.018 Handling and Cutting Pipe

The pipe manufacturer's recommendation for handling, storing, unloading and cutting pipe shall be followed. Individual pipes shall not be allowed to drop from the truck when unloading. Pipe units shall not be handled with chains or single cables. Pipe shall not be stored more than two units high. Every care shall be taken in handling and laying pipe and fittings to avoid damaging the pipe or scratching or marring machined or finished surfaces.

Any fitting showing a crack shall be marked as rejected and removed at once from the work.

In any pipe showing a distinct crack and in which it is believed there is not incipient fracture beyond the limits of the visible crack, the cracked portions, if so approved by the Design Engineer, may be cut off before the pipe is laid so that the pipe used is perfectly sound. The cut shall be made in the sound barrel at a point at least 12-inches from the visible limits of the crack.

Except as otherwise approved, all cutting shall be done with knives or saws adapted to the purpose. All cut ends shall be examined for possible cracks caused by cutting.

Cut ends to be used with push on joints shall be carefully chamfered and the reference mark located in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation to prevent cutting the gasket when the pipe is laid or installed.

110.019 <u>Installing Pipe and Fittings</u>

No defective pipe or fittings shall be laid or placed in the piping, and any piece discovered to be defective after having been laid or placed shall be removed and replaced by a sound and satisfactory piece.

Each pipe and fitting shall be cleared of all debris, dirt, etc., before being laid and shall be kept clean until accepted in the complete work. Pipe and fittings shall be laid accurately to the lines and grades indicated on the drawings or required. Care shall be taken to ensure a good alignment both horizontally and vertically.

Each length of pipe shall have a firm bearing along its entire length. Embedment requirements are shown on the Standard Details and in this specification.

The bell of the pipe shall be cleaned of dirt or other obstruction and wiped out before the cleaned and prepared spigot of the next pipe is inserted into it. Only lubricants made by the pipe manufacturer may be used on the spigot. The new pipe shall be shoved firmly into place until properly seated and held securely until the joint has been completed.

110.020 Temporary Plugs

At all times when pipe laying is not actually in progress, the open ends of pipe shall be closed by temporary watertight plugs. If water is in the trench when work is resumed, the plug shall not be removed until all danger of water entering the pipe has passed.

110.021 <u>Preparation of Trench Bottom</u>

The trench bottom shall be constructed to provide a firm, stable and uniform support for the full length of the pipe. Unsuitable foundation material shall be removed as required by the Engineer and refilled with Class 1, 2, or 3 material. Class 2 or 3 material shall be compacted to a minimum of 90% standard proctor density.

110.022 Manhole Connections

Where PVC gravity or force main pipe enters the manhole, approved sealing adapters as manufactured by Harco, Fernco or equal, shall be used. Any coupling used shall be coated with an epoxy coated sand finish approved by the District.

110.023 <u>Bell Holes for Elastomeric Seal Joints</u>

When the pipe being installed is provided with elastomeric seal joints, bell holes shall be excavated in the bedding material to allow for unobstructed assembly of the joint. Care should be taken that the bell hole is not larger than necessary to accomplish proper joint assembly. When the joint has been made, the bell hole should be carefully filled with bedding or haunching material to provide for adequate support of the pipe throughout the entire length.

END OF SECTION 110

SECTION 120

CAST IN PLACE CONCRETE

120.01 <u>Materials</u>

120.01.1 Concrete

Ready-mixed concrete shall be used. It shall comply with the Standard Specifications for Ready-Mixed Concrete, ASTM Designation C94 for the strengths specified herein. Alternate No.2, under Paragraph 4 - Quality of Concrete ASTM C94 shall govern for the design of the concrete mixture.

120.01.2 Cement

Type I cement shall be used in concrete for general purposes. Type II or Type 1L cement shall be used for sewer manholes, wet wells, and all other applications where the concrete may be exposed to a wastewater atmosphere.

120.02 Concrete

120.02.1 Mix

Concrete shall be composed of Portland cement, coarse aggregate, fine aggregate and water. The concrete mix shall be designed to produce the quality specified, proportioned and mixed in accordance with the requirements set forth herein and shall in all cases meet the following requirements:

Class	Location	28 Day Compressive Strength
A.	Specifically Required on Plans	4,000 psi
B.	General Structural Concrete	3,000 psi
C.	Non-structural Applications	2,500 psi

120.02.2 <u>Slump</u>

The concrete, when placed, shall show slumps within the following limits when tested in accordance with the Method of Test for Slump of Portland Cement Concrete, ASTM Standard Specification C-143.

Mass Concrete 1 Inch 3 Inches

Reinforced Concrete:

Thin vertical sections and thin columns, 7 inches or less in

thickness 3 Inches 6 Inches

Heavy vertical sections more

than 7 inches in thickness 3 Inches 5 Inches

Structural Slabs 1 Inch 4 Inches

120.02.3 Air Entraining

Air entrained concrete shall conform with the following requirements:

Maximum Aggregate Size(Inches):

<u>3/8</u>: <u>1-2</u>: <u>3/4</u>: <u>1</u>: <u>1-1/2</u>:

Average total air content,

percent (Plus or minus 1%): 5 5 4 4 3

120.03 Placing Concrete

Concrete shall be placed within 1 hour of the load ticket time stamp and before the initial set has occurred.

The concrete shall be compacted and worked in an approved manner into all corners and angles of the forms and around reinforcement and embedded fixtures in such a manner to prevent segregation of the coarse aggregate.

All concrete shall be placed with an aid of mechanical vibrating equipment supplemented by hand forking or spading. Vibration shall be transmitted directly to the concrete and not through the forms. The duration of vibration at any location in the forms shall be held to a minimum necessary to produce thorough compaction. The concrete shall be placed by suitable equipment as nearly as possible to its final location and without any segregation of the aggregate. Any free vertical drop shall not exceed 4-1/2 feet.

Expansion joints shall be placed as indicated on the plans. Joint material shall be installed as indicated and as approved by the Design Engineer. Construction joints shall be made only at locations indicated on the plans or approved by the Design Engineer, and in such manner as not to impair the strength, water-tightness or appearance of the structure.

120.04 Finishing

All top surfaces which are not covered by forms and which are not to be covered by additional concrete or backfill, shall be carried slightly above grade and struck off by board finish. All edges shall be provided with a 3/4 inch chamfer. All exposed surfaces which show board marks, joint marks or other irregularities after the forms are removed shall, at the discretion of the Design Engineer, be rubbed with carborundum brick, filled or otherwise dressed to produce a smooth true surface.

No special concrete or cement mortar topping course shall be used for slab finish unless shown on the drawings. The slab shall be brought to a true and even finish by power or hand floating. Unless otherwise specified, the surface shall be steel troweled to a smooth finish. Troweling shall be the minimum to obtain a smooth, dense surface and shall not be done until the mortar has hardened sufficiently to prevent excess fine material from being worked to the surface.

120.05 <u>Curing</u>

All concrete shall be kept wet by covering with water and approved water saturated covering, or other approved method which will keep all surfaces continuously wet for a period of seven (7) days, unless otherwise specified by the Design Engineer. All concrete shall be adequately protected from injurious action by the sun. Fresh concrete shall be protected from heavy rains, flowing water and mechanical injury. All concrete shall be kept damp for at least seven (7) days by covering with an approved saturated covering, by a system of perforated pipes of mechanical sprinklers, or by any other approved method which will keep all surfaces continuously damp.

Where wood forms are left in place during curing, they shall be kept wet at all times to prevent opening at the joints and drying out of the concrete. Water for curing shall be clean and entirely free from any elements which might cause staining or discoloration of the concrete.

120.06 Forms

Forms shall be of wood, metal, or other approved material shall be built true to line and grade, mortar tight, adequately braced and supported, and sufficiently rigid to prevent displacement or sagging.

Forms, except those lined with absorptive form lining, shall be coated with a non-staining mineral oil applied shortly before placing the concrete. In lieu of oiling, forms for unexposed surfaces may be thoroughly wetted immediately before placing the concrete.

Forms ties shall be of a design such that when forms are removed no metal shall be within 1 inch of the finished surface. Holes remaining from withdrawn tie rods or bolts shall be filled solid with cement mortar.

Under normal conditions, the minimum waiting period after placing concrete for stripping forms shall be as follows:

Where Used Time

 Bottom forms of girders and beams, floor slabs, and other concrete.
 Days

2. Walls, piers, columns, sides of beams, and other vertical surfaces. 24-48 hours

The use of this schedule shall not operate to relieve the Contractor or the Design Engineer of responsibility for the safety of the structure.

120.07 Embedded Items

In addition to steel reinforcement, pipes, and other metal objects, as shown on the plans or ordered to be built into, or set in, or attached to the concrete, all necessary precautions shall be taken to prevent these objects being displaced, broken, or deformed. Before concrete is placed, care shall be taken to determine that any embedded or wood parts are firmly and securely fastened in place as indicated. They shall be thoroughly cleaned and free of paint or other coating, rust, scale, oil, or any foreign matter. The concrete shall be packed tightly around the pipes and other metal work to prevent leakage and to secure perfect adhesion. Drains shall be adequately protected from intrusion of concrete.

Concrete placing operations shall not begin until the reinforcing steel, utilities, anchor bolts, etc., to be embedded in concrete have been inspected and approved by the Design Engineer.

120.08 Reinforcing Steel

Reinforcing bars and mesh shall be sizes and shapes as indicated on the drawings. Bars shall be deformed bars of intermediate grade, new billet steel conforming with ASTM Designation A-615, Grade 60. Wire mesh shall conform with ASTM Designation A-I85.

120.09 Water Stops

Water stops shall be molded PVC, hollow center bulb, multiple ribbed as manufactured by W.R. Meadows, Inc., Electrovert, Inc. or Serviced Products Corporation, or approved equal.

120.10 Testing Services

Testing shall be performed by an independent commercial testing laboratory approved by the District. The Design Engineer shall furnish the District with copies of compression and slump test reports for every thirty (30) cubic yards or portion thereof of concrete placed. It shall be the responsibility of the Design Engineer to produce concrete of the strength, durability, workability and finish specified, furnish representative material for specimens in quantities required by the

testing laboratory, and cooperate and assist in taking samples of materials for testing. The District reserves the right to take and test additional concrete samples.

END OF SECTION 120

SECTION 121

PRECAST MANHOLES AND STRUCTURES

121.01 General

Manholes and structures shall conform in shape, size, dimensions, materials and other respects to the Standard Details or as directed by the District's Engineer.

All manholes and structures shall be precast concrete with monolithic base sections. Invert channels may be formed in the concrete of the base or may be formed of brick and mortar upon the base.

All manholes which will receive direct force main discharges, or are at least 14-feet deep (rim to lowest invert) and the last collection manhole just upstream of any lift station shall receive a minimum 0.5-inch thick calcium aluminate corrosion barrier such as Sewper Coat, Strong Seal, Refratta HAC 100 or approved equal, and installed per the manufacturers recommendations.

The inverts shall conform accurately to the size of the adjoining pipes. Sides inverts shall be curved and main inverts (where direction changes) shall be laid out in smooth curves of the longest possible radius which is tangent to the centerlines of adjoining sewers.

Connections to existing structures shall be made only by mechanically coring a hole through the structure. Jackhammer and other methods of cutting a hole through an existing structure are not acceptable.

Rubber "boots" subject to District approval, will be allowed for making pipe connections to structures provided that a layer of non-shrink grout be applied to seal the annular space on the inside of the manhole for the full wall thickness. The boots shall be cast in the precast structure and shall utilize stainless steel bands and screws.

121.02 Precast Concrete Sections

Precast concrete sections shall conform to the ASTM Specifications for Precast Reinforced Concrete Manhole Risers and Tops, Designation C-478 or ASTM C858 Standard Specification for Underground Precast Concrete Utility Structures with the following exceptions and additional requirements:

Type II cement shall be used in structures directly exposed to wastewater (i.e. manholes and wetwells.

Sections shall be steam cured and shall not be shipped until at least five (5) days after having been cast.

Acceptance of the sections will be on the basis of material tests, finished quality, and inspection of the completed product.

Cones shall be 30" - concentric type

Joint material in riser sections shall be of the bitumastic type as manufactured by RAM-NEK or equal.

No more than two (2) lift holes may be cast or drilled in each section.

121.03 Shallow Manhole

When the depth from the deepest invert to the top of the cone section is 4'-0" or less, an approved shallow cone section with a 30" opening shall be used. In no case shall a flat slab top section be used.

121.04 <u>Setting Precast Sections</u>

Precast reinforced concrete sections shall be set so as to be vertical with sections in true alignment.

All holes in sections, used for their handling, shall be thoroughly plugged with mortar. The mortar shall be one part cement and 1-1/2 parts sand; mixed slightly damp to the touch (just short of "balling"); hammered into the holes until it is dense and an excess of paste appears on the surface; and then finished smooth and flush with the adjoining surfaces.

Anti-hydro grout shall be used to fill all voids around sanitary sewer pipe and manhole sections.

121.05 Mortar for Brick and Concrete Block Work

The mortar shall be composed of Portland cement, hydrated lime, and sand, in which the volume of sand shall not exceed three (3) times the sum of the volumes of cement and lime. The proportions of cement and lime shall be as directed and may vary from 1:1/4 for dense, hard burned brick to 1:3/4 for softer brick. In general, mortar for Grade SA brick shall be mixed in the proportions of 1:1/2:4-1/2.

Cement shall be Type II Portland cement as specified for under <u>Concrete Masonry</u>.

Hydrated lime shall be Type "S" conforming to the ASTM Standard Specification for Hydrated Lime for Masonry Purposes, Designation C207 - Latest Revision.

The sand shall be well graded clean, durable particles all of which shall pass a No. 8 sieve.

121.06 <u>Laying Brick</u>

Only clean, red, fire cured brick shall be used. The brick or block shall be moistened by suitable means, as directed, until they are neither so dry as to absorb water from the mortar, nor so wet as to be slippery when laid.

Each brick or block shall be laid in a full bed and joint of mortar without repairing subsequent grouting, flushing, or filling, and shall be thoroughly bonded as directed.

Brick shall only be used in chimney construction for final adjustment of frame and covers to required grade. Brick chimneys shall not exceed 18 inches in height for manholes 4-6 feet deep and 24 inches for manholes greater than 6 feet deep.

121.07 <u>Plastering and Curing Brick</u>

Outside faces of brick shall be plastered with mortar from 1/4 inch to 3/8 inch thick. If required, the brick shall be properly moistened prior to application of the mortar. The plaster shall be carefully spread and troweled so that all cracks are thoroughly worked out. After hardening, the plaster shall be carefully checked by being tapped for bond and soundness. Unbonded or unsound plaster shall be removed and replaced.

Brick and plaster shall be protected from too rapid drying by the use of burlaps kept moist, or by other approved means and shall be protected from the weather, all as required.

121.08 Frames and Covers

The castings for the frames and covers shall be of good quality, strong, tough, even grained cast iron, smooth, free from scale, lumps, blisters, sandholes and defects of every nature which render them unfit for the service for which they are intended.

All castings shall be thoroughly cleaned and subject to a careful hammer inspection.

Casting shall be at least Class 30 conforming to the ASTM Standard Specification for Gray Iron Castings, Designation A48- Latest Revision, and conform to the standard details.

The contact surface of the frame and cover seat shall be a machine fit and the cover surface shall be "knobbed".

Frame and covers shall be US Foundry Model 230 AB-M

121.09 Setting Frames and Covers

Frames shall be set with the tops conforming accurately to the grade of the pavement or finished roadway surface, in unsurfaced areas the frames and covers shall be set 3 inches higher than the surrounding ground. Frames shall be set concentric with the top of the masonry and in a full bed of mortar so that the space between the top of the manhole masonry and the bottom flange of the

frame shall be completely filled and made watertight. A thick ring of mortar extending to the outer edge of the masonry shall be placed around the bottom flange. The mortar shall be smoothly finished to be flush with the top of the flange and have a slight slope to shed water away from the frame.

Cover shall be left in place in the frames on completion of other work at the manholes.

121.10 Adjustment of Existing Manhole Frames

When it is necessary to raise existing manhole frames due to repaving of roads or other reasons, the frames shall be shimmed with masonry, brick and Type II cement mortar to the new finished grade, or in the case of sodded areas, 2" above finished grade. In cases where raising the existing frame and cover result in chimneys greater than 12" in height the District may require the conical section be raised installation of additional barrel section below the conical section.

When new paving operations cause the manhole frame to be adjusted upwards, manholes will be raised using conventional shimming methods under the frame. The use of adapter rings in the existing frame will not be permitted unless specifically authorized by the District.

END OF SECTION 121

SECTION 122

GREASE INTERCEPTORS AND TRAPS

122.01 <u>Grease, Oil and Sand Interceptors</u>

122.01.1 Grease Interceptors

Grease, oil and sand can be a serious problem for any sewer system if not taken care of properly and adequately. When grease is discharged into a gravity collection system, it can cause operation and maintenance problems not only inside those gravity lines, but also with the downstream lift stations and force mains. Additionally, grease inhibits the biological processes at the wastewater treatment plant.

Frequent and adequate cleaning of interceptors is important and often over looked. Interceptors shall be provided when the resultant discharge from a business contains excessive amounts of grease, oil, lint, sand or other solids and substances that are harmful or hazardous when discharged into wastewater, or in the opinion of the District Engineer the resultant discharge from such occupancy will be detrimental to the District facilities.

Grease interceptors will be required on all food service establishments where any kind of food is prepared on site, or in the opinion of the District Engineer the resultant discharge from such occupancy will be detrimental to the District facilities. Examples of businesses that will be required to have a grease interceptor are restaurants, delis, bakeries, sandwich shops, schools, hospitals, assisted and independent living facilities, etc.

Grease interceptors will be sized according to one of the two (2) formulas listed in Section 64E-6.013(7)(d) of Rule 64E-6, Florida Administrative Code, whichever best applies for the proposed establishment. As per compliance with the 2020 Florida Building Code – Plumbing, Chapter 10 Traps, Interceptors and Separators, Section 1003.3.5, "Grease interceptors that are sized, constructed and approved in accordance with Rule 64E-6, Florida Administrative Code and that are located outside the building shall not be required to meet the requirements of this section." The minimum sized grease interceptor shall be 750 gallons, which will also apply to businesses where the above formulas might not directly apply.

When multiple tanks are required, they must be installed in series. This also applies to pre-existing restaurants (or other facilities) that require additional capacity to augment their existing interceptors.

Interceptors shall not be shared. Each business location is required to have its own interceptor(s) and its own separate plumbing to the interceptor(s). When the same establishment has multiple discharge points that require installation of interceptors at different locations, such as an institutional facility with a kitchen and a laundry, each use shall be provided with separate plumbing and the required interceptor(s).

All equipment and plumbing fixtures in a food service facility that may introduce fats, oil or grease into the District wastewater facilities must be connected through the grease interceptor, including but not limited to:

- a. Scullery sinks (two or three compartment)
- b. Pots and pan sinks
- c. Floor drains in kitchen, walk-in coolers and washing areas (not including public restrooms
- d. Pre-wash sinks
- e. Dishwashers and other washing machines
- f. Automatic hood wash units
- g. Indoor garbage can washes

Under the counter (flow-based) grease traps are not allowed. Private pump stations used for grease waste conveyance are strictly prohibited.

122.01.2 Oil/Sand Interceptors

Oil/Sand interceptors are required for all car washes and establishments with facilities for servicing vehicles/mechanical equipment. All plumbing (other than the restroom) from the area where repairs and maintenance is being performed shall connect to an oil/sand interceptor; this includes but is not limited to floor drains and hand wash sinks. Engine oil, transmission oil, coolant, solvents, additives, brake fluid or any other fluid collected in the process of servicing vehicles/mechanical equipment shall not be discharged into the interceptor or other plumbing; the handling and disposal of these fluids shall be in compliance with the DEP and District rules and regulations.

Oil/Sand interceptors are also required for hydraulic and all outdoor elevators, such as in parking garages, where sump pumps and/or drains are proposed to discharge to District's sewer system. Oil/sand interceptors are not required for indoor elevators with an approved alarm system that meets the 2020 Florida Building Code.

Oil/Sand separators shall be sized based upon the 2020 Florida Building Code – Plumbing, Chapter 10 – Traps, Interceptors and Separators, Section 1003.4.2.2. The minimum sized oil/sand separator shall be 750 gallons.

122.02 <u>Lint Interceptors</u>

Lint interceptors are required for all laundromats and all establishments with a central laundry room with at least 5 washing machines or more. Interceptors shall be equipped with a wire basket

or similar device that's removable for cleaning and prevents passage of solids ½" or larger in size, strings, rags, buttons or other materials detrimental to the wastewater facilities. Lint interceptors shall be sized based on the following formula: Number of washers X 2 cycles per hour X 20 gallons per cycle flow rate X 2.0 hours retention time X 1.5 storage factor. The minimum sized lint interceptor shall be 750 gallons.

122.03 General Requirements

All interceptor construction shall be concrete and shall meet all applicable standards in Chapter 64E-6, Florida Administrative Code.

All interceptors shall be provided with two (2) access manholes: one (1) over the inlet and one (1) over the outlet. LRD approved, traffic rated lids shall be installed with manhole covers to finished grade. Manhole frame & covers and inside openings in the top slab, for tanks sized 1,250 gallons or less, shall be manufactured by US foundry with a 24-inch minimum clear opening. Manhole frame & covers and inside openings in the top slab, for tanks larger than 1250 gallons, shall be US foundry, model 230-AB-M, double ring & cover, with a 30-inch minimum clear opening.

All manhole covers shall be marked with the lettering: "GREASE", "OIL" or "LINT", as applicable.

Wastewater from toilets, urinals, showers, and other similar plumbing fixtures for human waste shall not discharge into an interceptor.

In accordance with the District's Rule Chapter 31-13 and Industrial Pretreatment Program, all interceptors shall be inspected at a minimum on a semi-annual basis. Additionally, all interceptors will have a structural inspection performed by District staff on a 5-year basis pending no change in ownership or operation. The structural inspection will require the interceptor to be pumped out, pressure washed and cleaned of all contents at the Owner's expense, in advance of the scheduled inspection date.

If a restaurant submits for change of ownership or operation, then a structural inspection will be required (if not already completed within the past 6 months) as part of the District's review and approval process. The structural inspection will require the interceptor to be pumped out, pressure washed and cleaned of all contents at the Owner's expense, in advance of the scheduled inspection date.

122.04 <u>Grease Interceptor Exemptions</u>

There are instances where a food service establishment may not require a grease interceptor. In these instances an exemption from a grease interceptor may be allowed. In order to qualify for an exemption, the following minimum criteria must be met.

- No food preparation on-site.
- The following equipment is prohibited from being on-site: <u>oven</u>, <u>dishwasher</u>, <u>stove top cooking surfaces/griddle</u>, <u>fryers</u>, <u>ranges</u>, <u>or any equipment used to cook food, including</u>

pre-cooked frozen food.

- Only pre-made food may be allowed to be heated on-site using the following equipment: toasters, microwaves or sandwich presses.
- o Traditional and/or convection ovens which have a microwave feature or which utilize microwaves to accelerate preparation times are not permitted.
- No reusable buffet serving basins used on-site.
- If serving food on-site, all food is served on paper/plastic plates using disposable utensils or in the pre-packaging it was brought on-site in.
- All condiments are pre-packaged in individual servings.

If the above criteria cannot be initially met or if it is found that after an exemption is given the above criteria are no longer being met, then a District-approved grease interceptor must be installed. Failure to do so will result in a violation of the District's Sewer Use Rule outlined in Chapter 31-13, Florida Administrative Code, which may result in fines against the property.

Any exemptions provided are permanent, so long as these requirements are met.

END OF SECTION 122

SECTION 130

VALVES AND APPURTENANCES

130.01 General

All buried valves and appurtenances including exposed nuts, bolts, and retainer glands shall be given an exterior approved bitumastic or epoxy coating. All valves shall open counterclockwise. All valves shall have extension stems pinned to the operating nut with a stainless steel pin extension. Stems will not be required where the valve operation nut is less than 30" from finished grade.

Contractors must supply LRD with shop drawings clearly indicating that the criterion for each type of valve or appurtenance listed in this section is satisfied.

130.02 Plug Valves

All mechanical joint and flanged plug valves shall be of the nonlubricated eccentric type. Valves shall be rated for not less than 125 psi pressure differential acting in either direction (bidirectional). At this differential, the valve shall provide drip tight shutoff. All components shall be of corrosion resistant construction. Valve flanges shall be ANSI B16.1, class 125 pound with a full round or other acceptable type port to assure minimum turbulence and minimum pressure drop. Valve bodies shall be of ductile iron and seats shall be of nickel-alloy. Valves are to have a balance plug, coated with a resilient material solidly bonded to a cast iron or semi-steel core, as required, to assure low torque and bubble-tight shutoff. The valve plug shall touch on the seat when in the closed position.

Plug valve port areas shall be at least 100% through 24 inches in diameter. For plug valves 30" and larger, a port area of at least 75% is required.

Buried plug valves shall be installed vertically with non-rising stems and shall open by turning a two inch square operating nut counterclockwise. An arrow shall be cast into the nut skirt to indicate the open direction.

Plug valves shall be as manufactured by DeZurik Corporation, Milliken, Keystone Valve Manufacturing Company (Ballcentric Type), or approved equal.

130.03 Resilient Seat Gate Valves

Gate valves shall be resilient seated, manufactured to meet or exceed the requirements of AWWA C509 or C515, Latest Revision, and in accordance with the following specifications. Valves shall have an unobstructed waterway canal equal to or greater than the full nominal diameter of the valve.

The valves are to be non-rising stem with the stem made of cast, forged, or rolled bronze as shown in AWWA C509. Two stem seals shall be provided and shall be of the O-ring type, one above and

one below the thrust collar. A 2-inch square operating nut shall be provided for operating the valve. The stem nut, also made of bronze, may be independent of the gate or cast integrally with the gate. If the stem nut is cast integrally, the threads shall be straight and true with the axis of the stem to avoid binding during the opening or closing cycle.

The valve body, bonnet, and bonnet cover shall be ductile iron. All ferrous surfaces inside the valve body shall have a fusion bonded epoxy coating applied at the valve manufacturer's facilities. The coating shall meet or exceed all requirements of AWWA C550. All bolts, nuts and washers shall be stainless steel to limit exterior corrosion and maintain fastener strength.

The sealing mechanism shall consist of a cast iron or ductile iron gate having a vulcanized Buna-N or SBR synthetic rubber coating or a Buna-N rubber seat mechanically retained on the gate. The resilient sealing mechanism shall provide zero leakage at 250-psi working pressure. All valves shall have pressure tests performed to the requirements of AWWA C509 or C515 specifications, as applicable, prior to shipment from the manufacturer. Valve shall seat and be drip-tight at the working pressure when installed with the line flow in either direction.

All valves are to be tested in strict accordance with AWWA C509. Resilient seat gate valves shall be as manufactured by Mueller, Metro-Series, American Darling or approved equal.

Valves shall be covered by a Manufacturer's 10 year limited warranty from date of purchase by end user and delivered within 30 days from receipt of purchase order. The supplier will also provide laminated maintenance manuals.

130.04 <u>Swing Check Valves</u>

Swing check valves for sewage, sludge, and general service shall be in accordance with AWWA C 508, unless otherwise specified below, full-opening; designed for a working pressure of 150 psi unless otherwise shown, and shall have a flanged cover piece to provide access to the disc. Corrosive ferrous surface of valves, 4-inch and larger, which will be in contact with water, shall receive a fusion-bonded epoxy coating conforming to AWWA C550. The valve body and cover shall be of cast iron to ASTM A126, with flanged ends to ANSI B16.1, or mechanical joint ends, as shown.

The valve disc shall be of cast iron, ductile iron, or bronze to ASTM B 62. The valve seat and rings shall be of bronze to ASTM B 92 or B 148, or stainless steel. The hinge pin shall be of bronze or stainless steel.

Suppliers or Equal:

American-Darling Valve Co.

APCO (Valve and Primer Corp.)

Crane Company

Mueller Co.

The valves shall have a lever and counterweight and shall be suitable for horizontal or vertical mounting.

130.05 Air Release, Air Vacuum Valves, and Combination Type Valves

The air release and air vacuum valves shall be of the type especially designed for forced sewer systems. The valve shall be of the short body type and capable of releasing air, gas, or vapor under pressure during system operation or allow air to enter the system when the system is draining, as applicable. The valve shall be as shown on the Standard Details with a two inch inlet. The venting orifice shall be sized by the Design Engineer based on a working pressure of 75 psi.

It shall be the responsibility of the design engineer to determine which valve is necessary for the pipeline conditions encountered.

Air release and air vacuum valves shall be ARI D-025 (See Standard Details).

130.06 Ball Valves

Ball valves shall be limited to ³/₄" through 2-1/2" in size and shall have cast brass, bronze or stainless steel body, bronze tee head, stem with check, full round way opening and provision for locking in a closed position.

Ball valves can be used for force main and low pressure sewer applications up to 2-1/2" in diameter. The primary use in force main applications is for ARV isolation valve use (See Standard Details).

Valves shall be designed to be fully opened with a 90-degree turn of the operating handle and shall be full port design with bi-directional sealing rated for a minimum 150 psi working pressure.

Brass ball valves in the low pressure system shall be as manufactured by Ford, with NPT or pack joint ends as needed.

Where these valves are direct buried, a 2" square gate valve operating nut shall be included with a valve box.

130.07 Brass Check Valves

Brass check valves shall be Proflo PFX31 size 1-1/2" to 2".

130.08 <u>Valve Boxes and Vaults</u>

All buried valves shall be equipped with a valve box. Valve boxes shall be heavy duty construction for traffic loading type, cast iron, three piece, slide type, or screw type with drop covers. The valve boxes shall be adjustable to six inches up or down from the nominal required cover of the pipe.

For plug valves and gate valves, a number six base section shall be provided. Minimum shaft diameter shall be 5-1/4 inches and minimum metal thickness shall be 3/16 inch. For ball valves, refer to District Standard Detail LP-31. Boxes shall be coated with an approved bitumastic or epoxy coating. Valve box covers shall have the word "SEWER" or "REUSE" cast thereon depending on the application. Swing check valves shall be installed in an approved suitable vault for easy access by the District maintenance staff.

Valve boxes shall be installed on firmly compacted material at a level approximately equal to the elevation of the valve packing plate. No contact between the valve and the box shall be permitted. On plug valves, the positioner on the operating mechanism shall be kept free of rocks, debris, etc.

Where valves are installed with over six feet of cover, or where the ground water table is within three feet of the ground level, an extension stem shall be provided to bring an operating nut within two feet of the finished grade. This extension, stem shall be satisfactorily pinned to the valve operation nut to prevent dislodging during operation of the valve.

END OF SECTION 130

SECTION 140

PIPELINE INTEGRITY TESTS

140.01 General

The District shall inspect all sewer facilities prior to acceptance and again just prior to the expiration of the 1-year guarantee.

When a section of pipe of a length deemed adequate by the Design Engineer is ready for testing, the pipe shall be flushed and then tested in accordance with the applicable testing method as described herein. Suitable temporary testing plugs or caps shall be installed. All necessary pressure pumps, pipe connections, meters, gauges, water, weirs, bulkheads, and other necessary equipment and all labor required for carrying out these tests shall be furnished. The Design Engineer shall notify the District at least 48 hours prior to any testing so that it may, at its option, have a representative present during the testing.

Gravity sewers shall be tested in accordance with the Hydraulic Infiltration/Exfiltration Test as described herein. Additionally, PVC Gravity sewers shall be tested for deflection as described herein. Force mains shall be tested in accordance with the Pressure and Leakage Test for Force Mains as described herein.

If the District Engineer so desires, the first section of any line between two manholes shall be tested as soon as possible after backfilling has been completed. If such tests appear to be satisfactory and acceptable, progressive testing of completed sections of the lines may be deferred at the option of the District's Engineer, and at the request of the Contractor, until all pipe has been laid and before final acceptance. However, if permitted, this will not constitute a waiver of any of the tests or the leakage requirements.

Sections of pipe tested for infiltration and exfiltration prior to completion of the project shall be subject to a final inspection at completion of the project, and also subject to additional leakage tests, if warranted in the opinion of the District Engineer.

If the section fails to pass the applicable tests, the Contractor shall locate, uncover and repair or replace the defective pipe, fitting or joint, at his own expense. Additional testing will be required after the deficiency is corrected.

140.02 <u>Hydraulic Infiltration/Exfiltration Tests</u>

Upon completion of a section of the sewer, the pipe shall be dewatered and tested to measure the infiltration for at least three (3) consecutive days. Test section shall be from manhole to manhole. Longer test sections may be used with the approval of the District Engineer.

For making the infiltration tests, underdrains, if used, shall be plugged, well points and other groundwater drainage shall be stopped to permit the groundwater to return to its normal level.

Infiltration shall be measured by the use of weirs designed specifically for this purpose or other acceptable means approved by the District Engineer.

As required, suitable bulkheads shall be installed to permit the test of the sewer.

Where the crown of the pipe is below the natural groundwater table at the time and place of testing, the pipe shall be tested for infiltration. Suitable watertight plugs shall be installed and section of pipe to be tested shall be pumped dry before start of test. Where the crown of the pipe is above the natural water table, the pipe shall be tested for exfiltration by installing necessary plugs and filling pipes and manholes with water and maintaining a static head of water of a minimum of two feet above the crown of the pipe during the test. Exfiltration tests shall be conducted on main lines and lateral lines, unless waived by the District Engineer. The water level of internal pressure to be used for exfiltration test shall be determined by the Design Engineer.

The sewers shall pass the applicable test before any connections are made to buildings or to active sewers.

The maximum allowed infiltration/exfiltration shall not exceed 25 gallons per inch of diameter per mile per 24 hours for pipe lines and 4 gallons per 24 hours for manholes. Once systems are stabilized a 2 hour test shall be performed and the appropriate fraction of maximum allowed infiltration/exfiltration applied.

140.03 Pressure and Leakage Test for Force Mains (HDPE)

After fusing, prior to placement, the HDPE piping shall be filled with potable water and pressure tested at 100 psi or 1.5 times design operating pressure for 2 hours, whichever is greater. Each joint shall be visibly inspected for leakage at the end of 2 hours. Any sections showing visible leakage shall be cut out and the remaining pipe fused together and retested. After placement the HDPE pipe shall be pressurized to a minimum 1.65 times pipeline design pressure for 4 hours, with make up water added as necessary to maintain 1.65 times pipeline design pressure. At the end of 4 hours, pressure is reduced to 1.5 times design pressure and pressure monitored for 1 hour. Deviation in pressure > 5% during the 1 hour test indicate a failed test. All testing shall be in compliance with ASTM F2164.

140.04 Pressure and Leakage Test for Force Mains (PVC and DI)

Except as otherwise directed by the District, all pipelines shall be given combined pressure and leakage tests in sections of length approved by the District's Engineer. The Contractor shall furnish and install suitable temporary plugs or caps; all necessary pressure pumps, pipe connections, meters, gauges, and other necessary equipment; and all labor required. The Design Engineer shall witness all tests.

Subject to approval of the Design Engineer and provided that the tests are made within a reasonable time considering the progress of the project as a whole, and the need to put the section into service, the Contractor may make the tests when he desires.

The section of pipe to be tested shall be filled with water of approved quality and all air shall be expelled from the pipe.

The section under test shall be maintained full of water for a period of 24 hours prior to the combined pressure and leakage test being applied.

Two pressure and leakage tests shall be conducted for each pipeline segment. The first test shall be conducted at the average working pressure of the pipeline segment. The second test shall be conducted at a test pressure of 100 pounds per square inch or 1.5 times the pipeline design operating pressure, whichever is greater.

The pressure and leakage test shall consist of first raising the water pressure (based on the elevation of the lowest point of the section under test and corrected to the gauge location) to the specified pressure. If the Contractor cannot achieve the specified pressure and maintain it for a period of one hour with no loss of pressure and no additional pumping, the section shall be considered as having failed to pass the pressure test. The District may require that the pressure and leakage test be run in accordance with AWWA C-600 Standards, latest revision (Four Hour Test).

Allowable leakage shall not exceed the following where L = allowable leakage (gallons), N = number of joints, D = nominal diameter of pipe (inches), P = average test pressure (psi).

$$L = \frac{ND\sqrt{P}}{7400}$$

140.05 Pressure and Leakage Test for Low Pressure Force Mains

Low pressure force mains shall be filled with potable water, bled of air and pressurized to 70 psi. Pressure shall be maintained constant for 1 hour without adding water. Any loss of pressure indicates a failed test.

140.06 <u>Deflection Testing</u>

Pipe deflection shall not exceed 5% measured by a go/no-go gauge or mandrel. The District may confirm the pipe deflection at the end of the job prior to acceptance. Additionally, the District may confirm the pipe deflection just prior to end of the one year guarantee period. Pipe sections exceeding 5% long term deflection will be relaid by the Contractor or the Developer at his own cost and expense and retested until the District's go/no-go gauge passes through the pipe section.

The District's mandrel will be considered the "official" gauge used for deflection testing. The standard District gauge is manufactured by "HURCO" Technologies, Inc., Harrisburg, S.D. The outside diameter of the District's mandrel is as follows:

Pipe Diameter	Mandrel Diameter
(Inches)	(Inches)
8	7.28
10	9.08
12	10.79

END OF SECTION 140

SECTION 150

SUBMERSIBLE LIFT STATIONS

150.01 Scope

It is the intent of this standard is to provide component requirements and general design guidelines for submersible wastewater lift stations. This standard shall be used in conjunction with Standard Details SD-31 through 39 and referenced standards for complete submersible wastewater lift station requirements.

This specification typically defines requirements for 20HP and smaller lift stations. Lift stations greater than 20 HP, serving critical infrastructure or performing as a repump station may require alternate design criteria including variable speed, tri-plex configuration, permanent standby emergency power and PLC control. These additional design criteria will be defined by Engineering Services during the design.

150.02 Site

The lift station site and access shall be set at proper elevations and configurations such that access and maintenance to the station will not be impaired by flooding, excessive road grades, swales, walls or landscaping. A lift station site plan indicating all topographical features, rights-of-way, easements and adjoining contiguous areas shall be submitted to the District for approval.

All above or at grade facilities shall be above the 1% Annual Chance Flood (100-year flood) zone, as shown on Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs). Site and lift station plans shall include the 100-year flood elevation.

150.03 Power

The Contractor shall coordinate with and pay all fees, deposits, and service costs to Florida Power and Light Corp. to provide a three phase, 480V or 240V underground power service to the new lift station site. The transformer for the station shall be located not further than 25 feet from the nearest station easement line.

The power meter for the lift station shall be located on the lift station site, installed on the District's standard control panel rack.

150.04 Lift Station Standard Equipment

A list of standard lift station equipment is given below. This list is not all inclusive and the Contractor shall supply all other equipment necessary for complete working installations. The lift station shall include:

Two (2) explosion proof submersible type sewage pumps with 316 stainless steel guide rails, base plates and all accessories.

Two (2) discharge lines with swing check valves and plug valves and emergency tap connection

Instrumentation/control system, (requirements vary on station size).

One (1) electrical control panel, NEMA 4X, to house electrical equipment, pump controls, alarms and protection.

One (1) wet well.

One (1) valve vault.

Concrete covers with aluminum access hatches and safety grates

Influent drop assemblies

Permanent standby generator and ATS, (requirements vary on station size).

Radio or Cellular Telemetry System

Coatings

Concrete pads

Landscaping/site screening

The wet well structure shall receive a minimum 1.0-inch thick calcium aluminate corrosion barrier such as Sewper Coat, Strong Seal, Refratta HAC 100 or approved equal, and installed per the manufacturers recommendations.

One (1) influent (collection) manhole structure with piping connecting to the wet well structure. The distance between the collection manhole and the wet well shall be no more than 50 feet.

12' wide access driveway

150.05 Pumps and Motors

The pumps shall be capable of handling grit and raw unscreened sewage. The design shall be such that the pump unit will be automatically and firmly connected to the discharge piping when lowered into place on its mating discharge connection, permanently installed in the wet well. The pump shall be easily removable for inspection or service requiring no bolts, nuts, or other fastenings to be disconnected.

All major parts, such as the stator casing, oil casing, sliding bracket, volute, and impeller shall be of gray iron. All surfaces coming into contact with sewage shall be protected by a coating resistant to sewage. All exposed bolts and nuts shall be of stainless steel.

Pump faces shall be machined to accept a sacrificial plate between the pump face and seat. The sacrificial plate shall be manufactured from ½" brass plate, bolted to the pump face and removable/replaceable.

A wear ring system shall be installed to provide efficient sealing between the volute and impeller.

The impeller shall be hard alloy gray cast iron of non-clogging design capable of handling solids, fibrous material, heavy sludge, and other matter found in normal sewage applications. The impeller shall be constructed with a long throughout without acute turns. The impeller shall be dynamically balanced. The impeller shall be a slip fit to the shaft and key driven. Non-corroding fasteners shall be used.

Each pump shall be provided with a mechanical rotating shaft seal system running in an oil reservoir having separate, constantly hydro-dynamically lubricated and lapped seal faces.

The lower seal unit between the pump and oil chamber shall contain one stationary and one positively driven rotating tungsten-carbide ring.

The upper seal unit between the oil pump and motor housing shall contain one stationary tungstencarbide ring and one positively driven rotating carbon ring. Each interface shall be held in contact by its own spring system supplemented by external liquid pressures. The seals shall be easily inspected and replaceable.

The shaft sealing system shall be capable of operating submerged to depths of, or pressure equivalent to, 65 feet. No seal damage shall result from operating the pumping unit out of its liquid environment. The seal system shall not rely upon the pumped media for lubrication.

A sliding guide bracket shall be an integral part of the pump unit. The volute casing shall have a machined discharge flange to automatically and firmly connect with the cast iron discharge connection, which when bolted to the floor of the sump and discharge line, will receive the pump discharge connection flange without the need of adjustment, fasteners, clamps or similar devices.

Installation of the pump unit to the discharge connection shall be the result of a simple linear downward motion of the pump unit guided by no less than two guide bars. No other motion of the pump unit, such as tilting or rotating, shall be acceptable. Sealing of the discharge interface by means of a diaphragm, O-ring, or other device will not be considered acceptable or equal to a metal to metal contact of the pump discharge flange and mating discharge connection specified and required. No portion of the pump unit shall bear directly on the floor of the wet well. There shall be no more than a 90-degree bend allowed between the volute discharge flanges and station piping.

The pump motor shall be housed in an air or oil filled watertight casing and shall have moisture resistant Class "F" 155-degree C insulation. Oil filled casing shall be filled with transformer oil,

quality BP Energol JSO, or Shell Diala D or DX. The motor shall be a minimum of 5 BHP, rated for operation at 1700 or 1750 rpm, on a 230V, 3-phase, 60 hertz power supply. The cable entry water seal design shall be such that precludes specific torque requirements to insure a watertight and submersible seal. Epoxies, silicones or other secondary sealing systems shall not be required or used. The cable entry junction box and motor shall be separated by a stator lead sealing gland or terminal board which shall isolate the motor interior from foreign materials gaining access through the pump top.

Pump motor cable installed shall be suitable for submersible pump applications and this shall be indicated by a code or legend permanently marked on the cable. Cable sizing shall conform to NEC specifications for pump motors and shall be of adequate size for the motor rating. Pump motor cable shall be ample length to reach the rack mounted panel. Cable length to be determined by the site plans.

The pump cable shall have 90 degree C rated insulated material based on 40 degree ambient and shall have anti-roping and anti-wicking design. All mating surfaces of major parts shall be machined and fitted with nitrile O-rings where watertight sealing is required. Machining and fittings shall be such that sealing is accomplished by automatic compression in two planes and 0-ring contact made on four surfaces, without the requirement of specific torque to affect this. Rectangular cross sectioned gaskets requiring specific torque limits to achieve compression shall not be considered adequate.

Tolerances of all parts shall be such that allows replacement of any parts without additional machining required to insure sealing a described above. No secondary sealing compounds, greases, or other devices shall be used.

Each unit shall be provided with an adequately designed cooling system. Thermal radiators integral to the stator housing, cast in on unit, are acceptable. Where water jackets along or in conjunction with radiators are used, separate circulation shall be provided. Cooling media channels and ports shall be no-clogging by virtue of their dimensions. Provisions for external cooling and flushing shall be provided.

Pump and motor assemblies shall meet NEC and NFPA requirements for explosion proof installations in Class 1, Division1, Group D environments.

The pumps and motors shall be manufactured by FLYGT Corporation.

150.06 Control Panel

This section is specific to single speed, duplex lift stations with float control, for variable speed, PLC controlled stations see Section 161.

The Contractor shall furnish and install a heavy duty type District Standard control panel as shown on the plans and specified here, as manufactured by Sta-Con Incorporated, QCI, or approved equal, and in accordance with the detail sheets SD-31 through 34.

The control panel shall contain all the remote electrical equipment necessary to provide for the operation of the pumps. The panel shall start and stop the pumps in the wet well.

The control panel shall start the "lead" pump when the liquid level rises to a preselected elevation "D". If the influent rate exceeds the capacity of the "lead" pump, the lag pump shall be started when the liquid level rises to a preselected elevation "C" (higher than "D"). If the liquid level rises to a preselected elevation "B" (higher than "C"), the high level alarm shall be activated. When the liquid level falls to a persecuted elevation "E" (lower than "D"), both pumps shall be stopped.

The control panel shall be contained in a single enclosure, fabricated of not less than 14-gauge 316 stainless steel, NEMA 4X construction. The door shall be formed with minimum lip of 3/4" and full height hinged. Closure mechanisms shall be No. 3 S.S. fasteners with No. 3 keepers as manufactured by Simmons Fasteners, or approved equal.

The interior door shall be constructed of .080-inch thick 6061-T6 aluminum. The interior and exterior doors shall be provided with a stop mechanism to hold the doors open which working in the panel. A rain shield shall be provided.

The control panel shall include the following items plus any other items shown on the plans or required for a complete, operational installation.

Circuit breakers with combination full voltage motor Starters for each pump.

"Hand-Off-Auto" selector switch for each pump, heavy duty oil tight type (toggle switches will not be acceptable).

Automatic pump alternator with test switch.

Duplex receptacle with 15-amp circuit breaker 115V GFI.

Control power circuit breaker.

Main circuit breaker.

Emergency power minimum 100-amp circuit breaker and 100-amp, 4 wire, 3 pole, reverse service generator receptacle. Emergency power to match main breaker size.

Lightning arrestor, 3-phase.

Surge capacitor.

Phase monitor, to prevent energization of pump motors in the event of phase failure or reversal or low voltage.

Indicating light for each level regulator (float switch).

"Running" indicating light for each pump.

Elapsed time meter for each pump, 2-1/2", 6-digit non-reset.

Emergency/High level alarm light and horn, 12 VDC with battery back-up.

The panel shall include back-up circuitry to permit one pump to operate with a normal drawdown in the event of failure (open circuit) of the "stop" level regulator.

Spare parts to be furnished with the panel include:

- 2 120V Relays
- 1 Alternator
- 1 Phase Monitor
- 12 Lamps
- 12 Fuse Links
- 1 Intrinsically Safe Barrier
- 1 Alarm Controller

A copy of the panel wiring diagram shall be attached to the inside of the outer panel door. An extra copy shall be given to the District.

The basic components and layout of the control panel are shown on Standard Details 31, 32, 33 and 34.

Substitutions of these components will be permitted for approved equal, interchangeable products upon obtaining specific written approval from the District.

150.07 Telemetry

Lift stations shall be provided with a District standard cellular telemetry system or radio telemetry system by Data Flow Systems. Radio telemetry systems by Data Flow Systems shall provide monitoring and control for the following signals (see Standard Detail SD-32):

- 1. Digital
 - a. Power Fail
 - b. High Level
 - c. Pump # 1 Fail
 - d. Pump # 2 Fail
 - e. Pump Run # 1
 - f. Pump Run # 2
 - g. Spare
 - h. Spare

- i. Generator General Alarm (Permanent Standby Generator Stations Only)
- j. Generator Low Coolant (Permanent Standby Generator Stations Only)
- k. Generator Low Fuel (Permanent Standby Generator Stations Only)
- 1. Generator Fail to Start (Permanent Standby Generator Stations Only)

2. Analog

- a. Wet Well Level
- b. Spare
- c. Spare

See Standard Details SD-34 through SD-39 for cellular telemetry system requirements.

150.08 Access Hatches & Fall Through Safety Prevention Systems

The wetwell and valve vault access hatch shall be single leaf design with a minimum clear opening at 36" x 48", but must also meet the minimum clear opening as required by the pump manufacturer. The frame shall be a minimum: 3" x 3" x 1//4" aluminum angles and the cover shall be 1/4" aluminum diamond pattern. The hatch shall be completed with anchor straps, automatic hold open arm and cover release, forged brass or stainless steel hinges with stainless steel pins, hasp and staple lock, flush type handles, upper guide holders and sensor cable holder. The cover shall be reinforced to withstand a live load of 300 lbs./sq. ft. unless in areas that may experience traffic. Hatches in traffic areas shall meet H-20 design loading criteria, at a minimum. Hinges shall be of the interior type.

All stations 6' in diameter or larger, shall be provided with fall through safety prevention systems. All systems will be of the grate type as manufactured by U.S.F. Fabrication, Inc., or approved equal able to withstand a pedestrian load of 300 lbs/sq. ft.. The safety grate shall be constructed of aluminum. All hardware must be of 316 stainless steel.

The configuration of the hatch and safety grate shall be such that opposing sides of the wetwell opening are protected when the safety grate is in the upright position. Safety chains shall be provided from the safety grate to the hatch to protect adjacent sides.

10' diameter and larger wetwells and tri-plex stations will require custom hatch and safety grate designs to be determined in coordination with the District's Engineering Services.

150.09 Floats

Float switches with internal single pole mercury switch shall be installed in the wet well to control the operation of the pumps with variations of liquid level in the wet well. The float switches shall be sealed in a polypropylene casing with a firmly bonded electrical cable protruding. Floats shall be Roto-Float type S as manufactured by Anchor Scientific Inc..

150.10 Wetwell Level Transducer / Transmitter

See Section 180

150.11 Valves

See Section 130

150.12 Pipe and Fittings

See Section 110 for pipe and fittings.

150.13 Wetwell and Valve Vault

See Section 121 and standard details SD-31

Wet Well via Caisson Construction

Wet wells installed via the caisson method are allowed only with prior approval by the Loxahatchee River District. Final acceptance of the wet well by caisson method will only occur when it is determined that:

- Wet well has no structural damage, deep gouges and and/or cracks.
- Wet well has been installed at the design depths indicated.
- Wet well is plumb. The maximum deviation shall be 1/8" per foot of each precast section.
- Wet well tremie seal is leak free and there are no continually damp areas prior to the installation of the secondary pour.
- Wet well sections show no evidence of separation and that the structure has not settled.
- Wet well walls, specifically at the joints, are flush and without overhang.
- Wet well was installed in proper sequence.

If any of the above items are not met to the satisfaction of the District, the wet well will be rejected and it will be the contractor's responsibility to remedy the problem at his own expense. The contractor shall also provide a warrantee that the wet well will meet the above requirements for a 1-year period from the date of District acceptance.

150.15 Submittals

The following submittals are required for approval prior to construction of the project.

- 1. Lift Station Calculations to include
 - a. Average Daily Flow
 - b. Peak Hour Flow
 - c. System Head Curves
 - d. Wetwell Cycle Time
 - e. Anti-Flotation
- 2. Lift Station Site Plan

- 3. Pump and Motor
- 4. Pipe and Fittings
- 5. Valves
- 6. Concrete Structures
- 7. Control Panel complete detailed design including electrical schematic, panel layout, bill of materials
- 8. Panel Rack
- 9. Base Plates
- 10. Rails, Brackets and Adapters
- 11. Conduit and Cable
- 12. Aluminum Hatches and Safety Grates

Detailed wiring diagrams of the entire installation including main power supply, pump motors, control circuits, alarm circuits, and metering circuits shall be submitted. The diagrams shall include schematic and connection wiring diagrams.

Four (4) copies of detailed installation drawings including wiring diagrams, pump curves and maintenance and operating manuals shall be submitted to the District at the time of initial start-up.

150.16 Services to be Furnished by Manufacturer of Equipment

The services of a factory-trained representative shall be furnished for the lift station start-up. The representative shall check all electrical components, wiring, and pump operations.

150.17 <u>Operation and Maintenance</u>

Upon completion and successful startup of the lift station the District will be provided with two copies of the lift station operation and maintenance manual. The manual shall include operation and maintenance detail including service intervals for all equipment provided with the lift station. Operation and maintenance manuals shall also include AS-BUILT drawings for the lift station, control panel, wiring schematics and appurtenances.

150.18 Warranty

The pump manufacturer shall warrant the pumps for a period of five (5) years from the date of pump manufacturer's start-up. The warranty shall include a minimum 100% coverage of the manufacturer's shop labor and parts for the first eighteen months, then 50% coverage through the third year, and then 25% coverage through the fifth year.

END OF SECTION 150

SECTION 151

LOW PRESSURE SEWER SYSTEMS

151.01 General Intent

It is the intent of the District to provide sanitary sewer service to the citizens, businesses, and industry of the area in a manner which maximizes use of existing facilities, minimizes environmental damage, and provides solutions to existing problems.

Gravity collection systems with central lift stations are the preferred methods of collecting and transporting sewage to the regional facilities. All property owners should anticipate connection via these conventional facilities unless otherwise directed by the District.

The District recognizes that the construction of gravity sanitary sewer lines is not conducive to all areas, and that utilization of an alternative system may be necessary to provide access to regional facilities.

The District may at its sole discretion allow or direct the utilization of LPSS where it is determined to be in the best interest of the District. The District may direct the use of LPSS to minimize the impacts of gravity sewer construction upon existing neighborhoods or upon environmentally sensitive areas.

The use and implementation of LPSS shall be at the sole discretion of the District and no installation shall be considered as a precedent for justifying the acceptance of LPSS in a similar or like situation.

District regional transmission force mains are not available for low-pressure connections under any circumstances.

151.02 <u>Administration</u>

The administrative procedures for construction are set forth in the latest revision of the District Construction Standards and Technical Specifications and shall be adhered to unless specifically modified in writing by the District.

151.03 Utilization

151.03.1 LPSS for Existing Developments

For the purpose of this section, the term "existing developments" shall be considered as those areas which have previously developed on septic tanks to the extent that a substantial portion of the subdivision is now built out; or, under less prevalent circumstances, an area which has received site plan approval and is plated/subdivided based upon use of septic tanks.

The criteria for the District's determination of whether the use of LPSS is warranted includes, but

is not limited to: existing developments of less than 40 homes, or in areas of high water tables, or in areas where work space for construction activities is unreasonably restricted or in areas where available gravity collection lines have not been provided by prior construction.

Existing gravity sewer systems will be utilized to the maximum extent possible; however, LPSS may be considered in existing neighborhoods where gravity construction would be unreasonably restricted in the opinion of the District Engineer.

151.03.2 <u>Community Grinder Systems</u>

The use of a community grinder system is a merge of a LPSS system and a traditional gravity collection system, in that there are instances where the District would allow "grinder systems" in conjunction with small gravity system to serve a community. In accordance with Section 151.01 above, the utilization of smaller "grinder systems" with limited gravity collection systems will be encouraged in new developments where environmental concerns would be adversely impacted by the construction of a traditional non-clog lift station and/or deep gravity lines, at the sole determination of the District.

Grinder systems could be considered for:

- New Development areas of less than 15 homes, with a suitable site for a grinder station.
- Existing Development areas of less than 20 homes, both sides of street participating, and cost is not greater than 200% of LPSS, unless specifically requested by property owners.

151.04 Responsibility

151.04.1 <u>District</u>

A low pressure sewer system may consist of one or more pump stations. A pump station shall be considered as the individual pumping unit which serves a single residence, or a commercial or industrial customer. In the latter cases, the unit may contain two pumps (duplex).

All plans for the construction of any portion of an LPSS shall be submitted to the District Engineer for review and approval.

All LPSS facilities which are located within public rights-of-way shall be conveyed to the District for operation and maintenance.

Any facility, associated with an LPSS, which is located outside of the private property being served, must be within a dedicated easement or right of way. The easement shall be conveyed to the District.

The District shall be responsible for the operation and maintenance of all facilities (force mains, valves, etc.) within rights-of-way, or dedicated platted utility easements which serve more than one unit.

Property owners must execute a License Agreement for District maintenance of residential and

low flow non-residential pump stations.

151.04.2 Residential or Non-Residential User Responsibilities

Each individual residential or low flow non-residential user of the LPSS system shall provide his own pump station, electrical service, force main and connection to the District owned collection/transmission lines. The District shall be responsible for the operation and maintenance of all residential and 3-phase non-residential low flow equipment serving his individual property, whether located on his property or in easements off of his property. The residential or nonresidential user shall be responsible for the installation of the pump station, control panel, force main valves, and all appurtenances which are a part of the system solely serving the individual user. Maintenance will be provided in accordance with the License Agreement provisions.

Low Pressure Systems for commercial and single phase low flow non-residential use shall: 1) require a duplex grinder pump system, and 2) be operated and maintained by the property owner in accordance with P.B.C. Health Dept./Florida DEP requirements

The user shall provide electrical power from his meter to the control panel, and all operating costs shall be users responsibility.

151.05 Submissions and Approvals

All installations of individual units shall be reviewed and approved by the District Engineer prior to construction. The District Engineering Department shall be notified at time of installation of the pumping unit and prior to connection to the District line. Connection excavations shall remain open and protected until such time as an inspection has been performed and a satisfactory connection is made.

All installations shall be made in accordance with District Technical Specifications, and local plumbing and electrical codes, and the regulations of the Florida Department of Environmental Protections.

Submittals for area lines which will be taken over by the District for operation and maintenance shall be made by a Professional Engineer, registered in the State of Florida. The District may require a hydraulic analysis from the Professional Engineer to determine if the existing District infrastructure has the capacity to accept new connections. Once hydraulic capacity has been determined available, six (6) sets of signed and sealed construction plans shall be submitted for approval. The construction shall also be inspected and certified by a Florida registered professional engineer upon completion.

Submittals for individual installations shall include a shop drawing of the pump station and control panel, and an as-built drawing showing tie-in dimensions of the force main, valves, and any electrical conduits.

The use of pumping units is restricted to specific makes and models for which the District will

maintain a limited spare parts inventory for emergency situations only.

151.06 Definition

A low pressure sewer system is defined as a means of conveying sewage by individual pumping units through a small pressurized force main to a discharge point which can be part of an existing force main or gravity system.

151.07 General System Design Considerations

The following particulars should be considered in the design of any proposed low pressure system:

- 1. Geographical location.
- 2. Type of development number of residences.
- 3. Topography of service area (where applicable).
- 4. Layout of existing or proposed service area.
- 5. Projected sewage flows.
- 6. Location of nearest existing sewer facility.
- 7. Soil and water table information.
- 8. Availability of electric power.

151.07.1 System Layout and Alignment

The pressure sewer system should be designed so that all contributory lines are branched into a main collector. "Looping" and "dead-endings" of macerated sewage in remote areas of the system shall be avoided.

Pressure lines should be laid out to provide runs as short as possible with a minimum of major change in direction.

In order to facilitate maintenance and repair, force mains should be laid outside the limits of pavement or heavy traffic areas.

All system lines shall be kept full, under a positive pressure head at all times. This can be maintained by locating the system terminus at the highest elevation, or by employment of a positive pressure control devise at the terminus.

To minimize the number of potential air pockets, pressure lines should be installed on a continuously rising grade as much as possible to predetermined points where air release devices and cleanout ports can be installed in accordance with the Standard Details.

151.07.2 <u>Design Flow</u>

As in any collection system, a pressure sewer system must be designed to effectively handle all sewage flow generated in the service area especially during times of peak flows.

Peak flow shall be determined by accepted sanitary sewer engineering principals and standards established by regulatory agencies. Proper design should assure that each contributing pump unit in the service area, no matter what its location or what other units are operating at the same time, will be able to deliver into the system during these peak flow system conditions at a rate sufficient to insure that there will be no sewage removal problem at any individual building or unit. A pumping rate in the range of 8-10 gal./min. is normally considered sufficient.

151.07.3 Line Sizing and Velocities

Line sizing must be designed to insure that scouring velocities will occur in the system pressure lines at some regular interval. At the same time they must avoid excessive system pressures which can jeopardize the delivery capacity of any unit on the system.

To insure that scouring will occur during design flows, it is recommended that the velocities in the pressure lines be maintained in the 2-5 ft./sec. range at regular intervals.

Minimum service line and tap diameters for commercial connections shall be 2-inches. In the case of tying into an existing 2 or 2.5-inch main, a tee with a 2-inch outlet shall be cut in.

151.07.4 <u>Operation of Contributing Pumping Units</u>

A most important design consideration is that the proper operation of any and each pumping unit on the system be assured during any flow conditions which could exist. This includes the most demanding maximum peak design flow which may be seldom, if ever, encountered (such as immediately following an extended power outage).

151.07.5 System Flushing

Design shall provide for the ability to mechanically purge sewage from the system at regular intervals. Flushing connections to the force main system are shown in the Standard Details.

151.07.6 Air Release

Design shall provide for relief of air at high points along the system. Valves and piping configuration is shown in the Standard Details.

151.08 Pumping Units

The pumping units shall combine a centrifugal submersible pumping unit(s) with a patented grinding assembly which is capable of reducing sewage and its normal constituents (together with sticks, rubber, bones, rags, plastics, etc.) to a particulate slurry which can easily be transported through small diameter pipes.

The units shall be furnished complete with unit tank, electrical control panel, level controls, alarms, check and ball valves, and other necessary appurtenances as shown on the Standard Details.

Pumps shall be manufactured by Barnes and have a 1-1/4" vertical discharge outlet. Reference the District's low pressure sewer standard details (LP details) for information regarding pump models and configurations.

151.09 Piping and Appurtenances

151.09.1 Pipe

Schedule 40 PVC: Pipe shall be Type I, PVC 1120 with a hydrostatic design stress of 2000 psi for liquid at 73.4 F. Pipe shall conform to ASTM D 1785, ASTM F 480 and ASSTM D 2665.

HDPE: Pipe shall be PE 4710 with a minimum hydrostatic design stress of 800 psi for liquid at 73.4 F utilizing a 0.5 design factor. Pipe shall conform to ASTM 3035 and ANSI/AWWA C901.

151.09.2 Valves and Cleanouts

Isolation valves shall be strategically placed along the pressure main at services, junction points, changes of direction, and recommended intervals along extensive straight runs (see LP Details). Isolation valves shall be ball type made of brass and be capable of operation with a 2" operating nut and be placed within a District approved valve box. Refer to the District's LP details for specifics on which isolation valves are not required to have a valve box.

Each pumping unit shall be isolated from the low pressure force main system by a PVC ball valve (service valve) and check valve, positioned at the street right-of-way line, inside of a service box (see LP details).

This service line will typically be 1.5 inches in diameter, set in a District approved meter box, at no more than 18" depths at the right of way line (see LP Details).

151.09.3 <u>System Wiring and Control</u>

Each individual contributing pumping unit shall be connected by underground conduit to the individual home electrical power supply. This conduit may be laid in the same trench as the gravity service pipe to the unit tank. Wiring and conduits shall be installed in accordance with all applicable local codes and regulations.

Liquid level controls shall be a sealed mercury switch in an approved float ball. The switch shall be sealed for life with a heavy neoprene jacketed control cord permanently attached.

A high water activated alarm shall be supplied. An alarm light shall be mounted on the building or control panel in such a manner so that it will be visible to building occupants and from the contiguous street areas.

The electrical control panel shall consist of the following:

Corrosion Proof Enclosure
NEMA 3R rating
Hinged Access Panel
Lockable Latch
120V AC Control Voltage - single phase
GFI Receptacle on dead front
Audible Alarm
Rated Disconnect Switch
The electrical control panel enclosure and its components shall be UL listed.

Typical wiring diagram is shown on the District's LP Details.

Tanks and Covers

Tanks shall be constructed of polymer or reinforced fiberglass polyester resin and the minimum size shall be 30" x 60" for a simplex configuration. Interior surface to be 10-20 mil. thick gel coated to provide a smooth sealed surface. Lockable gasketed water tight covers shall be flat aluminum and capable of supporting a 300 lb. wheel load. The fiberglass tank shall have an integral anti-flotation flange which will anchor into a concrete collar designed to counteract uplift forces.

The wall thickness of the fiberglass tank shall be sufficient to withstand a water saturated sand load of 120 pcf with a safety factor of two (2) for all depths.

Inlet hubs shall be as shown on the District's LP details. All hardware shall be stainless steel and be leak proof sealed.

The cover (lid) shall be 2/3^{rds} hinged single leaf, rated at 300 lbs/sq. ft and be lockable. The lid shall be set at a minimum, two (2") inches above final grade.

Conduit opening shall be sealed with an approved duct seal.

Float and wire hanger bracket shall be stainless steel (Type 304).

All interior piping shall be Schedule 80 PVC. A PVC union on the horizontal discharge pipe shall allow for the quick removal of the grinder pump assembly. The discharge line inside the tank shall also have a 1.25 inch PVC ball type check valve located inside the tank.

SECTION 160

VARIABLE SPEED/PLC CONTROL PANELS

160.01 General

This section provides for design, construction, installation and start-up of a custom power and control panel by a qualified panel manufacturer. The panel and components shall comply with the requirements of this specification and other sections and standard details of the District's Manual of Minimum Construction Standards and Technical Specifications.

This section is generally used for variable speed submersible wastewater lift stations greater than 20HP

160.02 Submittals

Submittals for the power and control panel shall include but not be limited to the following:

- 1. Panel materials of construction, layout and dimensions.
- 2. Anchoring details to concrete slab
- 3. Wind load calculations (if required by permitting authority)
- 4. Scaled dead front layout
- 5. Scaled back plan layout
- 6. Scaled component layout
- 7. Power, Instrumentation, Radio Telemetry and Control wiring schematics

160.03 Panel

The control panel shall be NEMA 4X ground mount enclosure with double doors and leg kit for floor standing. The panel shall be minimum thickness 12-gauge 316 stainless steel, enclosure and doors. The doors shall be formed with minimum lip of 3/4", full height concealed hinges, stainless steel door clamps on non-hinged sides and pad-lock hasps. The center post shall be removable for full access to the panel interior. A rain/drip ledge shall be provided over the doors. Sun shields shall be provided on top, east, west and south facing sides.

The interior doors/dead fronts shall be construction of minimum 0.080 inch 6061-T6 aluminum.

Both exterior and interior doors shall have a mechanism to hold the doors open.

The panel shall be manufactured by Hoffman or approved equal.

The control panel shall be designed and tested in conformance with UL 508.

160.04 Operating Protocol

The power and control panel shall provide for manual and automatic operation of the lift station pumps utilizing a level transducer / transmitter, programmable logic controller and variable speed drives. The station operating protocol shall be as follows.

1. Operating Protocol 1: Level Control

- a. ELEV A all pumps off
- b. ELEV >= B lead pump on. speed adjust to maintain level
- c. ELEV >=C lag 1 pump on. lead and lag 1 match speed and adjust to maintain level
- d. ELEV >=D lag 2 pump on. lead, lag 1 and lag 2 match speed and adjust to maintain level
- e. ELEV E all pumps on 100% speed
- f. LEVEL DECREASNG/MATCHED PUMP SPEED BELOW 50% for X seconds lag 2 off. Lead and lag 1 match speed adjust to maintain ELEV C.
- g. LEVEL DECREASING/MATCHED PUMP SPEED BELOW 50% for Y seconds lag 1 off. Lead adjusts speed to maintain ELEV D.

2. Operating protocol 2: Constant Speed

- a. ELEV INCREASING
 - i. ELEV >=B lead pump on. N% speed.
 - ii. ELEV >= C for X seconds. Lag 1 on. N% speed.
 - iii. ELEV >=D for X seconds. Lag 2 on. N% speed.
- b. ELEV DECREASING
 - i. ELEV <=C for X seconds. Lag 2 off.
 - ii. ELEV <=B for X seconds. Lag 1 off.
 - iii. ELEV <= A for X seconds. All pumps off.

3. Operating protocol 3: Manual/Hand

a. With the HOA selector switch in Hand the selected pump shall turn on and speed be manually adjusted through the AFD. In Hand, all alarms shall function, but pump operation will not be prevented except for specific pump manufacturer alarms in place to prevent hard to the pump and/or motor.

4. Alarm Functions

- a. With the station in Hand, Off or Auto the alarm functions shall be fully operable.
- b. Alarms shall be available for the following
 - i. Pump Out of Service, each pump.
 - ii. Pump Fail to Run, each pump
 - iii. AFD Fault, each drive.
 - iv. ATS Fault
 - v. Generator Fault
 - vi. UPS Fault

- vii. Communication Fault
- viii. Wetwell High Level
- c. The station shall have two high level alarm systems.
 - i. Alarm 1: PLC based alarm system using a preset high level as read from the pressure transmitter. This alarm will activate onsite and offsite audible and visual alarms including the following.
 - 1. Audible Alarm Horn
 - 2. Visual Alarm Light
 - 3. High Level indicator located on the dead front inside the panel.
 - 4. Alarm indication on the Panel PC
 - 5. Alarm indication in the PLC
 - 6. Alarm indication to the DFS Radio Telemetry System
 - 7. Alarm indication in the Plant VT SCADA system.
 - ii. Alarm 2: Back up to Alarm 1 using a high level float switch inside the wetwell. This alarm will activate onsite and offsite audible and visual alarms including the following.
 - 1. Audible Alarm Horn
 - 2. Visual Alarm Light
 - 3. High Level indicator located on the dead front inside the panel.
 - 4. Alarm indication on the Panel PC
 - 5. Alarm indication in the PLC
 - 6. Alarm indication to the DFS Radio Telemetry System
 - 7. Alarm indication in the Plant VT SCADA system.
- 5. Emergency Standby Generator Limited Operation On emergency standby generator power station operation shall be limited to 2 pumps.
- 6. Pump Off Back Up Float System
 - a. With the station in Auto a low level float in the wetwell will automatically shut off all pump operation until the high level float switch is activated.

Programming shall allow for operators to change all variables noted above though a simple interface via a laptop computer or the HMI.

160.05 <u>Adjustable Frequency Drive:</u>

Adjustable frequency drives shall be Eaton PowerXL DG1 Series. Drives shall be rated for 480V, 3 PH, 60 HZ. Drives shall be variable torque, pulse width modulated. Drive horsepower rating shall equal or exceed maximum pump motor horsepower requirements at any point on the pump curve.

The drive shall include a keypad interface that provides the following functions and displays at a minimum; Output frequency, frequency reference, motor speed, motor current, motor torque, motor power and motor voltage.

The drive shall include the following protective features, at a minimum; over current, over voltage, inverter fault, under voltage, input phase loss, output phase loss and under/over temperature.

The drive shall include the following field programmable I/O, at a minimum; DIGITAL: eight 24VDC digital inputs and eight 24VDC digital outputs including local/remote, drive ready, fault, running, overload, set speed, current. ANALOG: two 4-20 mA analog outputs, two 4-20 mA analog inputs.

The drive manufacturer shall provide services of a field service technician to assist in installation, setup and training.

Drives shall come with a minimum 12 month warranty.

160.06 <u>Programmable Logic Controller:</u> See Section 169

160.07 Uninterruptible Power Source (UPS)

Power and control panels shall be provided with an UPS for the control and telemetry system. The UPS shall be Eaton 5P Tower UPS with an Eaton Relay Card-MS. The UPS shall be sized by the Contractor based on control and radio telemetry loads and to provide a minimum 10 minutes of backup power to these systems in the event of power failure.

The UPS shall provide power through an SQD 120V 10 outlet rack mounted automatic transfer switch model number AP4450. In the event of UPS failure the ATS shall switch to commercial power, if available.

160.08 Operator Interface/Panel PC

Power and control panels shall be provided with an operator interface/panel PC. The panel PC shall be Phoenix Contact USA Panel PC – VL3 PPC - 13746798:

Order Key

1376798/D37/A20/I55/R43/RD00/M95/M93/OS74/S00/EF15/EF00/EF21/AP02

The panel PC shall come with the following specific options:

- 1. Passive cooling system and fanless design for industrial applications
- 2. Panel PC (PPC): IP65 rating in front panel and IP20 rating in back. The control panel design shall ensure only IP65 areas are exposed when the dead front is closed.
- 3. Display shall be 47.0 cm / 18.5" TFT (Thin Film Transitor)
- 4. Screen resolution 1920x1080 Resolution
- 5. LED Backlighting
- 6. Intel® i3
- 7. Operating system shall be Windows® 10 IoT Enterprise LTSB 2015 (32-bit), Multi-language
- 8. RAM 16 GB DDR3 SODIMM

- 9. Mass storage 240GB HD Primary, 60GB HD Secondary (for configuration backup)
- 10. Network 2x Ethernet (10/100/1000 Mbps), RJ45
- 11. Interfaces 1x COM (RS-232)
- 12. 4x USB 2.0
- 13. Monitor output 1x DisplayPort
- 14. Service life of battery 5 years
- 15. Environmental Conditions
 - a. Degree of protection IP65 (front), IP30 (back)
 - b. Ambient temperature (operation) 0 °C ... 45 °C (with HDD)
 - c. Ambient temperature (storage/transport) -40 °C ... 70 °C
 - d. Permissible humidity (operation) 5 % ... 95 % (non-condensing)
 - e. Permissible humidity (storage/transport) 5 % ... 95 % (non-condensing)
 - f. Power supply unit 24 V DC ± 20 %

160.09 Ethernet Switch

Power and control panels shall be provided with an Ethernet switch to connect all networked devices including but not limited to the Panel PC, Uninterruptible Power Source and PLC. Ethernet switches shall be Allen Bradley Stratix 5700.

160.10 Ventilation

The panel shall include forced ventilation sufficient to maintain panel interior temperatures and conditions within the ranges set by the manufacturers of equipment located within the panel. Ventilation shall include filtration to prevent the entrance of dust, debris and water from entering the panel.

160.11 Level Transducer/Transmitter:

See Section 181

160.12 Circuit Breakers:

Circuit breakers shall be Square D H-Frame sized per panel and pump power requirements.

160.13 Miscellaneous Materials and Requirements:

- 1. In general, except as specified otherwise in this section or the drawings, panel components shall comply with the Bill of Materials, on Sheet SD-34 of the District's Manual of Minimum Construction Standard and Technical Specifications.
- 2. One Duplex 15 amp 120 V GFCI receptacle with dedicated circuit breaker.
- 3. Two overhead fluorescent or LED lights with integral on/off switch mounted inside the panel behind each door in front of the dead front. The lights shall be 120V.

- 4. One "Hand-Off-Auto" selector switch for each pump, heavy duty oil tight type (toggle switches will not be acceptable).
- 5. One control power circuit breaker.
- 6. One main circuit breaker.
- 7. Secondary Backup Generator circuit breaker with Main Breaker Lockout.
- 8. Secondary Backup Generator receptacle.
- 9. Lightning arrestor, surge protector and phase monitor. The phase monitor shall lock out pump operation in the event of phase loss, reversal or low voltage.
- 10. One "RUN" indicator light for each pump.
- 11. One "FAIL" indicator light for each pump.
- 12. One Elapsed time meter for each pump, 2-1/2", 6 digit non-resettable.
- 13. Independent 12VDC High Level Alarm System
 - a. Alarm light, 12 VDC, with Flasher, outdoor type mounted on top of the control panel.
 - b. Alarm Horn, 12 VDC, outdoor type mounted on side of control panel.
 - c. High Level Alarm Circuitry to include high level float in the wetwell. Alarm circuit to match the District Standard, including the intrinsic safe circuit in the wetwell.
 - d. This alarm shall act independently from the PLC
- 14. A copy of the panel wiring diagram asbuilts and bill of materials shall be attached to the inside of the outer panel door. An extra copy shall be given to the District.

Spare parts to be furnished with the panel include:

- 2 120V Relays
- 1 Alternator
- 1 Phase Monitor
- 12 Lamps
- 12 Fuse Links
- 1 Intrinsically Safe Barrier
- 1 Alarm Controller

160.14 System Integration

System integration shall include integration of the adjustable frequency drives, level transmitter, level transducer, programmable logic controller, uninterruptable power source, generator controller, panel PC, automatic transfer switch, Data Flow Systems RTU and the District's VT Scada System for a fully functional system capable of implementing the required operating protocol and monitor/control functions as detailed in the specifications and the System Block Diagram.

System integration shall include screen development. At a minimum the following screens shall be provided at the Panel PC.

1. Overview – shows diagrammatic representation of the lift station pumps, drives, wetwell, generator and ATS and include equipment status and alarm and HOA functions. This

- screen shall also display, at a minimum, pump speed, pump hours, wetwell level, power source, voltage and current.
- 2. Setup Screen allows setup of station parameters to include lead, lag, standby selection, time delays, tandem pump operation criteria, pump speed limits, operating levels and alarm levels.
- 3. Alarm/Fault Screen displays a complete list of programmed alarms, indicates current/active alarm, allows alarm acknowledgment, allows setup of alarm parameters.
- 4. Trend Screen Provide trending for lift station parameters including pump speed, wetwell level, estimated flow (based on correlation between pump speed, pump head and pump curve).

The following minimum screens shall be provided in the Plant VT SCADA system. Screens shall conform in style and function to the District's existing VT SCADA screens.

- 1. Station Status
- 2. Historical Trending

160.15 Radio Telemetry

The power and control panel shall include dry contacts for the radio telemetry unit. Dry contacts shall be provided for all I/O listed below.

- 1. Pump Status
- 2. Pump Fail
- 3. Pump Call to Run/Off
- 4. Commercial Power
- 5. Auxiliary Power
- 6. High Alarm back up float
- 7. Generator General Alarm
- 8. Generator Low Coolant
- 9. Generator Fuel Alarm
- 10. Generator Fail
- 11. Pump Speed
- 12. Pump Disable
- 13. Wetwell Level
- 14. 2 Spare Digital
- 15. 2 Spare Analog

SECTION 170

EMERGENCY STANDBY DIESEL GENERATOR SET

170.01 General

The generator shall provide emergency power to the lift station adequate to operate the station and all appurtenances. A detailed sizing report shall be submitted for approval.. The generator set shall be 130 C (266 F) temperature rise at 0.8 PF, 480/277V, 3 phase, four wire at 500' above sea level and ambient temperature 25C (77 F). The generator set shall be EPA certified for this specific application (permanent standby emergency power) but not have less than an EPA Tier III emission certification.

The generator set shall include an automatic transfer switch, battery charger, batteries, sound attenuating/hurricane rated/weather resistant enclosure and exhaust silencer and come as a complete package from the manufacturer.

Work shall also include a generator sizing report based on design loads detailed in the contract including pumps, controls, instrumentation, lightening and miscellaneous loads verifying manufacturers concurrence with the above sizing.

170.02 Applicable Codes, Standards and Specifications

The installation shall comply with all applicable rules, regulations, and ordinances of the following:

National Electric Code (NEC)
Occupational and Safety Health Standards (OSHA)
Florida Building Code (FBC)
National Fire Prevention Association (NFPA)
Underwriters Laboratory (UL)
International Standardization Organization (ISO)
National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)
American National Standards Institute (ANSI)
Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE)
Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
Town of Jupiter
Palm Beach County

170.03 Submittals

The generator set submittal shall include drawings and schematics that fully depict the product being provided. Submittals shall include the following:

- A. Generator sizing report
- B. Generator set plans and elevations.
- C. Enclosure including plans and elevations.
- D. Fuel tank including plans and elevations.
- E. Engine, combustion air, exhaust, fuel, lubrication and cooling performance specifications.

- F. Alternator specifications.
- G. Fuel consumption rates.
- H. Generator set rating (Prime at 105 C temperature rise)
- I. Exhaust silencer.
- J. Generator breaker
- K. Battery charger.
- L. Controller.
- M. Enclosure including sound attenuation, wind rating and weather rating (wind driven rain proof).
- N. Tier Rating.
- O. Start-up report
- P. Factory production testing.

170.04 <u>Acceptable Manufacturers</u>

The generator set, fuel tank and enclosure shall be supplied by a single manufacturer. The generator set shall be manufactured by Caterpillar, Kohler, Cummins/Onan, Detroit Diesel or Generac.

170.05 Warranty

The generator set and ATS shall have a 1-year warranty from the date of acceptance by the District.

170.06 <u>Diesel Engine Generator Set</u>

The engine shall be water-cooled four-stroke compression ignition diesel and rated to drive the generator set after derating for elevation (altitude) and temperature.

Voltage regulation shall be within 5% of rated voltage at constant load. Frequency regulation shall be within 3%. Total harmonic distortion shall not exceed 5%.

When loaded voltage dip shall not exceed 20% and frequency dip shall not exceed 10%. Recovery time shall not exceed 3 seconds.

The generator shall be synchronous, four pole, revolving field, permanent magnet, drip proof, air cooled and direct connected to the engine. Insulation shall be Class H and suitable for use in wind driven rain and salt spray environments. Temperature rise shall not exceed 130 C at standby rating and 105 C at prime rating.

- A. Governor: The generator set shall be equipped with an electronic governor that maintains frequency regulation within 3%.
- B. Fuel System: The fuel system shall be equipped with a 5-micron fuel filter/water separator. The filter shall be sized to handle 125% of the fuel flow at full load. The fuel pump shall be engine driven, positive displacement and mechanical.

The fuel tank shall be sized for min. 72 hour run time at full load based on published fuel consumption rates provided by the generator set manufacturer. The fuel tank shall be belly style installed beneath the enclosure but not form a structural member of the enclosure. Fuel fill shall be readily accessible without opening the enclosure. The tank shall be fitted with a local, mechanical fuel gauge. The tank shall be double walled with inspection port for the interstitial space.

- C. Space Heater: The generator shall have a 120V space heater sized to maintain the generator windings above temperatures typical in the installation location.
- D. Jacket Water Heater: The generator shall have a 120V jacket water heater sized to maintain the engine block at 90 F.
- E. Battery Charger: The generator shall have a 120V powered 12V or 24V battery charger with trickle charge/maintain function and standard charging capability. The battery charger shall be sized based on charging requirements and sizes of batteries provided as part of the standard generator set.
- F. Batteries: Batteries (12V or 24 V) based on the charging and starting systems shall be provided. Batteries shall be easily accessible for maintenance and replacement and be installed in a corrosion resistant (fiberglass or plastic) battery tray.
- G. Cooling System: The cooling system shall incorporate an engine driven fan, enclosure mounted radiator and ethylene glycol based coolant. Access to the radiator cap shall allow for filling of coolant without the need for additional funnels, piping, etc.
- H. Enclosure: The enclosure shall be sound attenuating (78 dB(A) at 7 meters), weather proof, aluminum and wind rated for min. 165 MPH (or current PBC requirement). The enclosure shall be coated with manufacturers standard coating system and color.

Sound attenuating material shall be moisture and weather resistant, securely fastened to the enclosure interior and protected from damage during routine maintenance and operation.

The enclosure shall house the generator muffler and all generator appurtenances (controller, radiator, breaker, etc.) except the fuel tank.

All hinges, latches and locks shall be corrosion resistant stainless steel.

- I. Controller: The generator controller shall provide/display the following functions.
 - a. Programmable generator exercise schedule.
 - b. Cool down period prior to shutoff.
 - c. All phase AC voltage
 - d. Current output
 - e. Each phase AC voltage
 - f. Utility status
 - g. KW power output
 - h. Power factor
 - i. Total runtime
 - j. Last runtime
 - k. Engine Speed
 - 1. Overcrank
 - m. Oil Pressure
 - n. Fuel Pressure
 - o. Water Temperature
 - p. Coolant Level
 - q. Battery Voltage
 - r. Frequency
 - s. Off/On/Auto(Remote)
 - t. Alarms

- i. Oil Pressure
- ii. Coolant Temperature
- iii. Coolant Level
- iv. Low Fuel Pressure
- v. Engine Speed
- vi. Overcrank
- vii. Battery Voltage
- J. Generator Main Circuit Breaker: The generator set shall be provided with a generator main breaker mounted and wired on the generator set. The main breaker shall be UL listed, 480/277 VAC, 200 ampere and configured such that load side cables enter through the bottom of the enclosure.
- K. Air Filter: The generator set shall be provided with a dry type replaceable air filter.
- L. Mounts: Mounts for the generator set to the frame shall be spring type vibration isolation mounts.
- M. Exhaust Silencer: The exhaust silencer shall limit exhaust noise to 78 dB(A) at 7 meters. All enclosure interior exhaust piping shall be insulated to maintain a surface temperature not to exceed 150 degrees F. The insulation shall be installed so that it does not interfere with other components. The insulation shall not be asbestos base.

170.07 Automatic Transfer Switch

The automatic transfer switch shall be UL listed, electrically operated, 480/277 VAC, 3 phase, 60 Hz, 200 ampere and incorporate a mechanical lockout for only normal or emergency power. The use of molded case circuit breakers, contactors or components that are not intended for continuous duty, repetitive switching and transfer service will not be allowed.

The switch shall be mounted in a NEMA-4XSS enclosure.

The switch shall provide the following functions:

- A. Phase voltage sensing and transfer of power based on voltage of primary or emergency source. Transfer limits shall be adjustable for pick-up (85%-100% of nominal voltage) or drop-out (75%-98% of pickup).
- B. Three phase voltage sensing and transfer of power based on voltage of primary or emergency source. Transfer limits shall be adjustable for pick-up (85%-100% of nominal voltage) or drop-out (fixed at 84%086% of pickup).
- C. Three phase frequency sensing and transfer of power based on frequency of primary or emergency source. Transfer limits shall be adjustable for pick-up (90%-100%) and drop out (fixed at 87%-89% of pickup).
- D. Time delay start in accordance with NFPA 110, Level 1, Type 10 (10 seconds).
- E. Time delay transfer to emergency power after start. Transfer time shall be adjustable from 0-120 seconds.
- F. Time delay transfer to primary power. Transfer time shall be adjustable from 0-30 minutes.

G. Time delay shutdown of emergency generator after transfer to primary power. Transfer time shall be adjustable from 0-15 minutes.

H. Status display:

- a. Primary Power Status
- b. Emergency Power Status
- c. Current Power Source
- d. Time to transfer (in consideration of time delays) to/from emergency
- e. Transfer complete to/from emergency
- f. Time to emergency generator stop

170.08 <u>Testing</u>

The generator set shall have factory production testing completed at the rated load. The production testing shall incorporate all parameters and limits identified in this specification. A factory certified record of testing shall be provided in the submittal.

After installation the manufacturer shall provide start up and testing services. Services shall conform to NFPA 110 and include start and shut down cycles, automatic start and load bank test at full load for 2 hours, power transfer and operation of the station on emergency power for not less than 2 additional hours.

170.09 <u>Start-up and Instructions</u>

On completion of the installation, start-up shall be performed by the generator set service representative. Operating and maintenance instruction manuals shall be supplied and operator training provided to operating personnel (minimum 2 hours training). Upon completion a start-up report shall be provided.

SECTION 180

INSTRUMENTATION

180.01 General

Instrumentation as described in this specification and shown in the drawings shall be provided.

Instrumentation shall be incorporated into the design requirements of the Contractor utilizing the equipment and materials included in this specification.

All electrical components of the system shall operate on 120 volt, single-phase, 60 hertz or 24 VDC power, except as otherwise noted in the specifications.

All electrical components located within the wetwell and the wetwell side of any sealed conduit fitting shall be Intrinsically Safe.

All necessary fuses or switches required by the instrumentation manufacturer for his equipment shall be provided with the equipment.

180.02 Submittals

Detailed design drawings including product specification sheets, mounting hardware, location, conduit, cable and tag numbers shall be provided.

180.03 Cable

All electronic (4-20MADC) signal wire shall be two conductors, copper, twisted pair with tape foil shield and drain wire. The shield is to be grounded at the PLC I/O panel only for single point grounding, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Single triad shielded cables for potentiometer signal cables shall be three conductors, copper, twisted triad with tape foil shield and drain wire. The cables must be UL listed for wet locations as defined by the NEC.

180.04 Instrument Mounts

All instruments shall be mounted in readily accessible positions that do not require entry into the wetwell for removal or maintenance. Brackets shall be fabricated to hold instruments. All brackets shall be 304 or 316 stainless steel. All mounting hardware, screws, machine bolts with washers and nuts shall be 316 stainless steel.

180.05 Conduits

All low voltage signals shall be isolated from high level control or power signals in separate conduits. All instrumentation signal conduits below grade shall be SCH80 PVC or 304 stainless steel. All underground conduits shall have grounding bushings and a No. 8 AWG copper minimum cable run to a ground lug at the termination points.

180.06 Lightning/Surge Protection

All transmitters with 4-20 MADC outputs shall have a transmitter mounted surge protection unit. The surge protection unit shall be a EDCO SS65 or approved equal.

180.07 Intrinsically Safe Pressure Transducer/Wetwell Level Sensor

Pressure transducers/wetwell level sensors shall be intrinsically safe and encased in a 316 stainless steel housing.

Range: 0 – 15 PSI
 Cable: Minimum 50'
 Output: 4 – 20 mA
 Accuracy: +/-5%

Probes shall be Wika Instruments, LP Model LS10 with LevelGuard Anti-clog attachment or equal.

Level sensing submersible probes shall be installed in a stilling well. The stilling well shall be minimum 6" SCH 40 PVC secured to the wetwell every 7 feet with stainless steel brackets and hardware. The stilling well and probe shall be accessible from the wetwell hatch, not requiring an entry into the wetwell for maintenance or replacement of the probe.

180.08 <u>Intrinsically Safe Pressure Transmitter</u>

Pressure transmitters shall be intrinsically safe, backlit and mounted in the power and control panel dead-front.

Display: 5 Digit
 Input: 24 VDC
 Output: 4 – 20 mA
 Accuracy: +/- 0.03%

Pressure transmitters shall be Precision Digital model 688 or approved equal.

180.09 Flow Meters

All flow meters shall be electro-magnetic (i.e., mag meter) type consisting of a flow-through spool piece with replaceable, stainless steel (AISI 316L) sensing electrodes and a remote mounted flow converter/transmitter. Flow meters shall operate on electromagnetic induction principle (i.e., Faraday's Law) and transmit an output signal which is directly proportional to the velocity of the liquid media being measured. The instrument shall be manufactured in an ISO 9001 approved facility.

The flow-through sensor shall consist of a stainless-steel measuring tube with a hard rubber liner which is suitable for use in wastewater and reuse water applications. The tube shall have a minimum working pressure rating of 250 psig. All flow tubes shall be supplied with stainless steel (AISI 316L), ANSI / ASME B16.5 end flanges up to 24-inch diameter. Meters with larger diameters shall be supplied with AWWA Class D end flanges. The sensor shall be supplied with

an integrated, stainless steel electrical connection box and grounding rings. All sensors installed above grade shall have a minimum IP67 rating. All sensors installed below grade or within meter vaults shall have a minimum IP68 rating.

The magnetic inductive flow converter/transmitter shall be remote mounted and provide bi-polar primary field excitation pulses. The unit shall convert the signal from the flow-through sensor into a standard linear analog or pulse/frequency output directly proportional to the flow rate. The accuracy of the converter shall be +/-0.2% of the measured value for all flow velocities above 3 ft/s in measuring tube sizes 3/8th-inch to 48-inch diameter. The converter shall be capable of displaying values locally, via 4-20 mA output and by frequency or pulse output. The converter shall be capable of transmitting output signals utilizing multiple communication protocols including HART, RS485 Modbus, FOUNDATION Fieldbus, PROFIBUS and PROFINET IO. Converters shall have a minimum IP67 rating.

All flow meters shall be manufactured by Krohne, Inc. and shall include one (1) ENVIROMAG 2000 flow-through sensor and one (1) IFC300, wall mounted converter.

180.10 <u>Power Supplies</u>

All instruments shall be looped powered with an appropriately rated power supply. Each instrument shall have a dedicated power supply.

180.11 Field Calibration and Testing

All instruments shall be set up, calibrated and tested in the field. The Contractor shall provide calibration sheets and testing equipment for each instrument. When installation is complete all components shall be tested to confirm operation and compliance with the contract.

180.12 Installation

All equipment shall be installed per the manufacturers requirements.

SECTION 181

PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLERS

181.01 General

This section describes the hardware and software requirements for a new Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) for a duplex or tri-plex lift submersible wastewater lift station with adjustable frequency drives, level control, emergency standby power, DFS radio telemetry unit (or) Cellular telemetry unit and appurtenances.

This section provides all labor and material required for the PLC system including the panels, equipment, software, screen development, programming, conduit, cable, tie-ins, checkout and start-up of the complete integrated system. This section shall be used in conjunction with the approved drawings and Section 161, Variable Speed/PLC Control Panels.

The latest version available at the time of installation of all PLC development software and communication driver software shall be provided.

All software and programming shall be required to perform the following functions in addition to the interlocking, monitoring and control functions indicated on the loop diagram drawings and developed in the PLC logic and OWS screen development meetings.

All enclosures shall be UL listed and NEMA rated to house the PLC, remote I/O, power supplies, and terminal blocks as shown in the drawings.

All panels shall be UL listed and labeled as a completed assembly. The panel fabricator shall furnish and install all items not specifically detailed in the drawings required to have the panels UL listed and labeled. All inspections, approvals and modifications required to have the completed panel labeled and listed by UL shall be furnished by, and the responsibility of the panel fabricator.

181.02 <u>Applicable Standards</u>

NEC NEMA UL IEC

Temperature	IEC60068:
Relative Humidity	IEC60068:
Vibration	IEC 60068
Shock	IEC 60068
Emissions	IEC61000
ESD Immunity	IEC 61000
Radiated RF Immunity	IEC61000
EFT/B Immunity	IEC61000

Surge Immunity IEC61000 Conducted RF Immunity IEC61000

181.03 Operation and Maintenance Manuals

All products shall be provided with operation and maintenance manuals complete with installation, troubleshooting and technical information on the equipment provided under this contract. Manuals shall be published by the equipment manufacturer.

181.04 <u>Training</u>

Training and instruction shall be given by the manufacturer or representative. Training shall be 4-hours for personnel selected by the Owner in the operation and general maintenance of the PLC. This training is independent of operator training for lift station observation and operation associated with automated controls.

181.05 Submittals

Submittals shall include installation drawings and manufacturer cutsheets clearly defining the products to be provided, their accessories/options and interconnectivity with all systems. Drawings shall also include single line system diagrams and detailed line diagrams for power, input/output and tag numbers.

181.06 Spare Parts

- A. One CPU
- B. One of each Network Module
- C. One of each type of input/output and data link module
- D. One of each type of power supply

181.07 <u>Programmable Logic Controller</u>

1. <u>Approved Manufacturer</u>

The PLC system shall be a Rockwell Automation 1756 ControlLogix L7***.

2. <u>General</u>

The PLC system (memory, communications, input/output modules, processor, power supplies, software) shall be a modular chassis mounted system and come complete from one manufacturer to provide a complete functioning control system as depicted in the Control Block Diagram and described in the operating protocol and of sufficient capacity for future expansion as allowed for in this specification.

Products shall be provided with conformal coatings, factory applied, to extend product life in harsh, corrosive environments.

The PLC shall be programmable and configurable from a Windows 10 and Windows 11.

3. Communication

The PLC system shall be Ethernet compatible or have an Ethernet module accessible by a laptop computer. Programming functions associated with the PLC system shall be accessible through the Ethernet connection.

The PLC shall have a compatible communication modules or ports for communicating with the emergency standby generator controller exclusive of input/output modules and dry contacts. This communication port shall allow for sharing of all monitoring and alarm data associated with the emergency generator controller.

4. Input/Output Modules

The PLC shall have analog and discrete input/output modules sufficient for all proposed and future nodes identified in the control block diagram associated with the DFS Radio Telemetry System or Cellular Telemetry System.

The PLC shall have analog an discrete input/output modules sufficient for all proposed generator status and generator fail signals.

The PLC shall have analog and discrete input/output modules sufficient for all proposed ATS, commercial, generator power signals.

The PLC shall have analog and discrete input/output modules sufficient for variable speed pump control based on level. PLC control and monitoring of variable speed drives shall be through analog and discrete input/output modules. The use of proprietary communication protocols for variable speed drive control shall be allowed.

The PLC shall have the ability to accommodate 50% additional I/O modules.

5. Central Processing Unit

The PLC configuration shall be maintained through a power loss. The PLC shall continue with operations when power is reinstated without additional programming, uploads or resets.

The PLC system shall utilize a Secure Digital (SD) card for non-volatile memory to store a user program and tag data on the PLC. The PLC system shall be configurable to trigger the controller to save to or load from the SD card and to load to the controller from the SD card on power up.

The minimum size CPU shall be an A-B Rockwell Automation ControlLogix Series 1756-L71 with 128 MBs of optional nonvolatile memory storage.

6. Power Supplies

Power supplies shall be surge and transient protected, and shall accept input voltages of 90 to 130 VAC. The power supplies shall be fused.

All PLC systems power supplies shall be modular, allowing the power supply to be removed for replacement without affecting input/output modules or wiring.

The PLC systems shall come with redundant power supply.

7. Wire and Cabling

All PLC specific cables shall be furnished by the PLC system manufacturer and be designed for the intended use.

All other wire shall be stranded copper type TFF or MTW, 18 GA for I/O and minimum 14 GA for power.

8. Programming

The CPU shall be capable of being programmed by an external IBM compatible host device via either a serial communication port or Ethernet port on the CPU, or a parallel communication port on an input/output chassis. Serial programming shall be possible without the use of a workstation interface board.

Software shall be Rockwell Automation RSLogix 5000 Professional Edition.

All software shall be registered to the Owner.

9. Terminal Blocks

Input/output modules shall utilize removable terminal blocks to connect all field side wiring.

10. Signal Isolators, Converters and Conditioners

Instrument signals shall be 4-20 mA DC. Signal isolators and converters shall be provided as necessary to comply with this requirement. The devices shall be mounted in the panel and such that field wiring may be changed/maintained without affecting the devices.

All communication circuitry shall include protection against lightning, spikes and

other transient surges.

11. Grounding

The grounding system of the PLC system shall be tied into the main ground system. The tie-in shall be made from the panel frames to the main ground system.

181.08 <u>Execution</u>

Start-up and testing services for the PLC system shall be provided. The PLC system shall be fully tested against the requirements outlined in this section and Section 161 and the operating protocol and equipment manufacturer requirements. Test procedures and checklists for approval shall be submitted prior to testing. Completed test checklists shall submitted as part of the project record documentation.

SECTION 190

REMOTE TERMINAL UNIT (RTU) – LIFT STATION DATA FLOW SYSTEMS

190.01 General

The District has an existing Radio Telemetry System as manufactured by Data Flow Systems, Melbourne, Florida (321) 259-5009. For compatibility purposes, new remote terminal units will be required as specified herein from Data Flow Systems (DFS) 321-259-5009. The remote terminal unit shall include all materials, labor, tools, equipment, and appurtenances necessary for the proper completion of the work. The work covered by these specifications consists of providing all design, labor, tools, materials, and testing necessary for the supply of the RTU as described herein.

Physical location information shall be provided to DFS for radio communication study purposes. Information shall be provided in the form of GPS readings or street map with actual site location(s) clearly marked.

The RTU shall be housed in its own enclosure. The RTU enclosure shall be mounted on the antenna tower. The RTU shall be powered by 120 VAC commercial power, monitor local statuses and transmit those statuses to the existing central site when polled by the master radio. An Uninterruptible Power Source (UPS) shall be included with the RTU.

190.02 <u>Equipment Specification</u>

190.02.1 Remote Terminal Unit (RTU204)

The remote terminal unit shall be DFS Model RTU204. The RTU shall communicate with the central site via a two-way radio link and designed to accommodate the required plug-in function modules. Function module card connectors shall be gold-over-nickel plated to inhibit corrosion. The RTU shall be housed in a white color NEMA 4X 316 SS enclosure. All mounting hardware utilized shall be stainless steel. The enclosure shall be capable of being locked. The latches utilized to secure the door of each enclosure shall not require the use of a screwdriver to open or close.

190.02.2 Power Supply Module (PSM003)

The RTU shall include a Power Supply Module (PSM003). All function modules in the RTU shall run off DC voltage from +7.5 volts to +13 volts. The PSM shall supply +12 volts. A battery backup shall be provided in event of power failure. The power supply shall be surge protected. The power supply shall be short circuit protected by current limiting. Normal operation shall automatically resume when the short circuit overload is removed. The power supply shall be sized to operate the system with the battery removed. The power supply module shall provide a battery backed, isolated bias voltage source. The circuit breaker for the power supply module shall be part of the power supply module. Neither the use of tools nor the disconnection of any wires shall be required to replace the power supply module.

190.02.3 Backup Battery/Uninterruptable Power Supply (UPS)

The RTU shall have the uninterruptible power supply (UPS) function built in. The RTU's internal Power Supply Module shall keep the battery at a float charge. The battery shall not be damaged by deep discharges.

190.02.4 Telemetry Interface Module (TIM007)

- a) The Telemetry Interface Module (TIM) shall incorporate a synthesized programmable radio.
- b) A data buffer on the TIM shall enable it to query and store the I/O function module(s) status between radio polling loops until data is requested by the central site.
- c) The TIM shall feature a wake up/report/sleep mode to aid in battery conservation for solar-powered applications.
- d) The TIM shall support four levels of digipeating (store and forward), enabling radio messages from a different RTU to be routed to the central site.
- e) The TIM shall monitor AC power on the Power Supply Module and DC Bias to the RTU I/O function modules.
- f) The TIM shall incorporate a 2x8 character LCD display and 3-button user interface for field diagnostics and support data without the use of a portable computer.
- g) The TIM shall incorporate a test mode switch that places the radio into a service mode.
- h) The TIM shall incorporate LEDs for TX, RX, Power, CPU Fault.

190.02.5 Digital Monitor Module (DMM002)

The RTU shall include a Digital Monitor Module (DMM002). The DMM002 shall accept 12 on/off inputs of 12 to 30 volts AC or DC. Voltages from 100 to 300 volts AC or DC shall be accommodated with the use of an inline voltage converter device. Status reporting of these inputs shall have an accuracy of +- 2 seconds, the accuracy being defined as time of an occurrence to actual time recorded by the central site computer. The DMM002 shall not require interfacing relays to monitor 24 VDC, 115 VAC, 220 VAC or 480 VAC. The DMM002 shall have LEDs to indicate: the status of each input point; receive communications; transmit communications; CPU fault; and power status. The configuration of the monitor points as alarm points or monitor points (pump run time monitors) shall be operator changeable. The configuration shall not require any software or firmware changes in the system.

190.02.6 <u>Antenna Subsystem</u>

DFS shall determine the antenna type and height required for reliable communications. A high gain directional or omni antenna shall be used to transmit and receive data. The antenna mast/pole shall be hot dipped galvanized for corrosion protection. All mounting hardware shall be made of stainless steel. The coax cable shall be the type that utilizes an inert semi-liquid compound to flood the copper braid. The coax cable shall be of the RG-8 construction type and have the RF-loss characteristic of foam flex. The coax cable shall be RTC 400 as supplied by DFS. Type N

connectors shall be utilized at both ends of the coax and sealed with 3-inch sections of Alpha FIT321-1-0 sealant shrink tubing. The coax cable shall be secured to the mast/pole with AE112 Bandit coated 316 stainless steel cable ties. The RTU shall be protected from electrical surge or transients entering through the coaxial cable by use of a IS-B50LN-C2 Polyphaser coaxial cable surge protector.

190.03 RTU Monitor Points

The RTU shall accommodate the following I/O points.

RTU HARDWIRED I/O LIST:

DIGITAL INPUT (DI)	DIGITAL OUTPUT (DO)	ANALOG INPUT (AI)	ANALOG OUTPUT (AO)
COMMERCIAL POWER	PUMP 1 OVERRIDE	WET WELL LEVEL	NONE
AUXILIARY POWER	PUMP 2 OVERRIDE	(3) AI SPARE	
HIGH WET WELL LEVEL	*PUMP 3 OVERRIDE		
PUMP 1 RUN STATUS	PUMP 1 DISABLE		
PUMP 2 RUN STATUS	PUMP 2 DISABLE		
*PUMP 3 RUN STATUS	*PUMP 3 DISABLE		
PUMP 1 FAULT	(2) DO SPARE		
PUMP 2 FAULT			
* PUMP 3 FAULT			
GENERATOR GENERAL ALARM			
GENERATOR LOW COLLANT			
GENERATOR LOW FUEL			
GENERATOR FAIL TO START			
(7) DI SPARE			
* If applicable			

190.04 Installation

In order to insure total system integration with the existing system, secure and provide the services of Data Flow Systems, Inc. for RTU hardware.

190.05 Programming

Antenna alignment fine-tuning procedure, configuration of RTU into the system, RTU point-by point verification at the central computer, and RTU screen generation services shall be covered by the District.

190.06 Warranty

DFS shall warrant all hardware provided under this contract against all defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year. The RTU plug-in modules shall carry an additional 2-year return-to-manufacturer warranty and shall be covered against damage due to lightning and surge the entire 3-year period.

190.07 Spare Parts

Provide the following spare parts with the RTU:

- a. (1) Telemetry Interface Module (TIM007)
- b. (1) Power Supply Module (PSM003)
- c. (1) Digital Control Module (DCM003)
- d. (1) Digital Control Module (DCM004)
- e. (1) Analog Monitor Module (AMM ---)
- f. (1) Backup Battery
- g. (1) RTU Antenna

SECTION 200

ADOPTION OF STANDARDS

The Loxahatchee River Environmental Control District Manual of Minimum Construction Standards and Technical Specifications were initially adopted and promulgated by the Governing Board in April, 1983.

The current edition was ratified by the Loxahatchee River Environmental Control District's Governing Board, on February 20, 2025, with a vote as follows:

"THAT THE DISTRICT GOVERNING BOARD ratify the Loxahatchee River Environmental Control District's "Manual of Minimum Construction Standards and Technical Specifications", as of February 20, 2025, and authorize the Director of Engineering and Executive Director to update the Construction Standards and Technical Specifications from time to time, and periodically present it to the Governing Board for ratification."

Board Member	<u>Vote</u>
Mr. Boggie, Chairman	"Aye"
Mr. Baker, Vice-Chairman	"Aye"
Mr. Dr. Rostock, Treasurer	"Aye"
Mr. Rockoff, Secretary	"Aye"

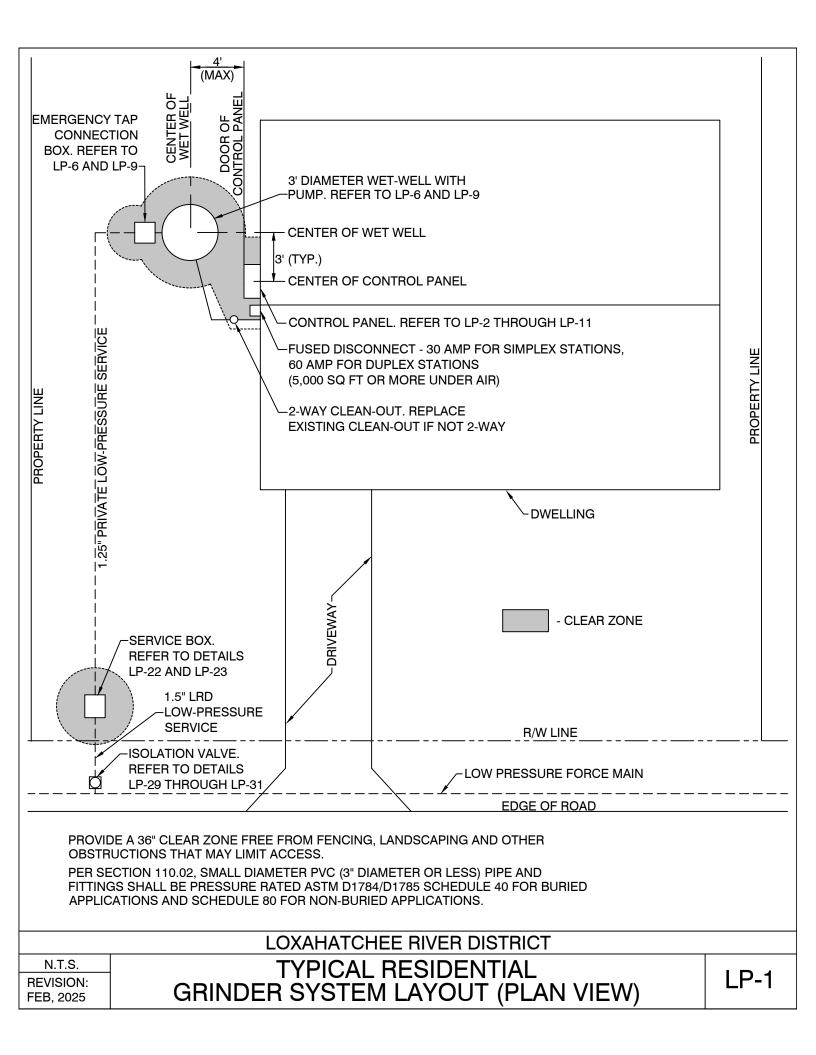
D. Albrey Arrington, Ph.D. Executive Director Loxahatchee River Environmental Control District

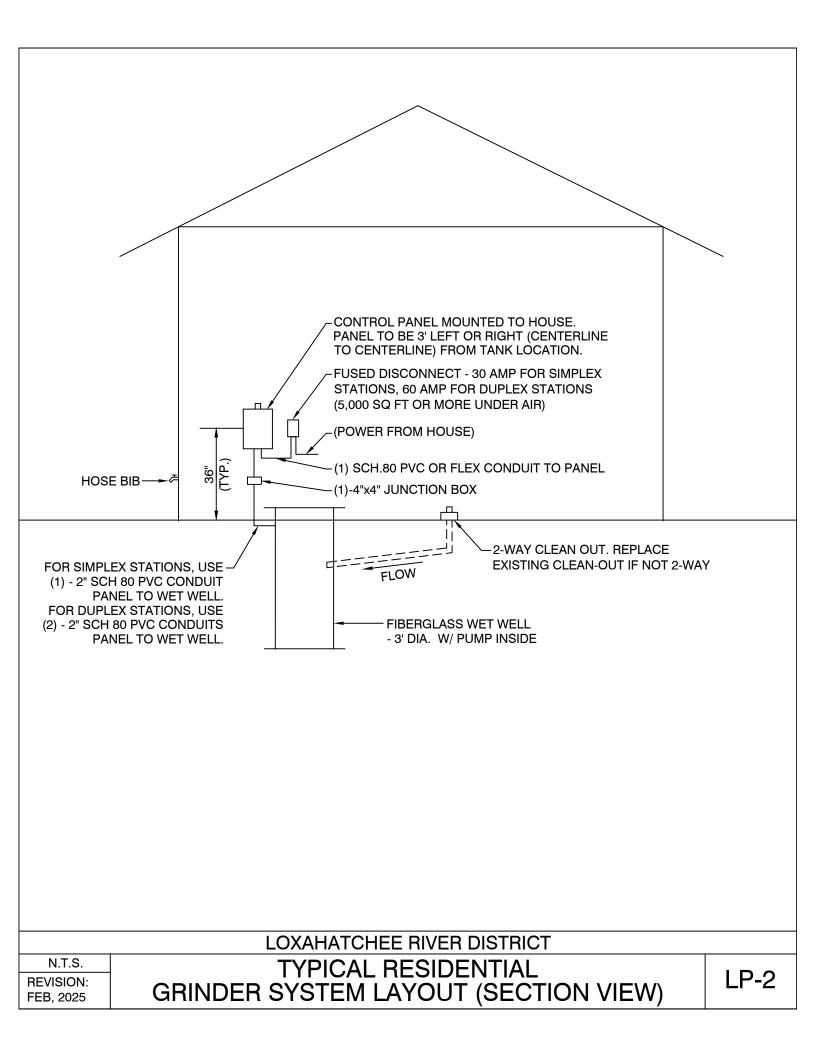
	LP	LOW PRESSURE FORCE MAIN DETAILS INDEX
	LP-1	TYPICAL RESIDENTIAL GRINDER SYSTEM LAYOUT (PLAN VIEW)
	LP-2	TYPICAL RESIDENTIAL GRINDER SYSTEM LAYOUT (SECTION VIEW)
	LP-3	ALTERNATE RESIDENTIAL GRINDER SYSTEM LAYOUT (PLAN VIEW)
	LP-4	ALTERNATE RESIDENTIAL GRINDER SYSTEM LAYOUT FREE STANDING (1 OF 2)
	LP-5	ALTERNATE RESIDENTIAL GRINDER SYSTEM LAYOUT FREE STANDING (2 OF 2)
	LP-6	RESIDENTIAL SIMPLEX TYPICAL WET WELL
	LP-7	RESIDENTIAL SIMPLEX CONTROL PANEL LAYOUT
	LP-8	RESIDENTIAL SIMPLEX ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC
	LP-9	RESIDENTIAL DUPLEX TYPICAL WET WELL
		RESIDENTIAL DUPLEX CONTROL PANEL LAYOUT
		RESIDENTIAL DUPLEX ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC
		COMMERCIAL DUPLEX TYPICAL WET WELL
		LT COMMERCIAL DUPLEX TYPICAL LOW FLOW WET WELL
		COMMERCIAL DUPLEX CONTROL PANEL SUPPORT
		COMMERCIAL DUPLEX CONTROL PANEL DEADFRONT LAYOUT
		COMMERCIAL DUPLEX CONTROL PANEL BACKPLATE LAYOUT
		COMMERCIAL DUPLEX CONTROL PANEL BILL OF MATERIALS
		COMMERCIAL DUPLEX ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC 1PHASE
		COMMERCIAL DUPLEX - LOW FLOW ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC 1PHASE
		COMMERCIAL DUPLEX ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC 3PHASE
		COMMERCIAL DUPLEX ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC CONTROL CIRCUIT
		COMMERCIAL DUPLEX ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC NOTES
		PIPE CONNECTION DETAIL
		TYPICAL SINGLE SERVICE SCHEMATIC
		TYPICAL DOUBLE SERVICE SCHEMATIC
		TERMINAL FLUSHING PORT DETAIL
		IN LINE FLUSHING PORT
		IN LINE FLUSHING PORT AT FORCE MAIN
		AIR / VACUUM VALVE DETAIL
		LOW PRESSURE MAIN INTO SHALLOW MANHOLE
		LOW PRESSURE MAIN INTO DEEP MANHOLE
		TYPICAL ISOLATION VALVE DETAIL
		LOW PRESSURE TIE - IN DETAIL
		LOW PRESSURE VALVE DETAIL
		TYPICAL ROAD CROSSING REPAIR DETAIL
	LP-33	TRENCH DETAIL
	LP-34	TESTING PROCEDURE
	LP-35	GENERAL NOTES
		LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT
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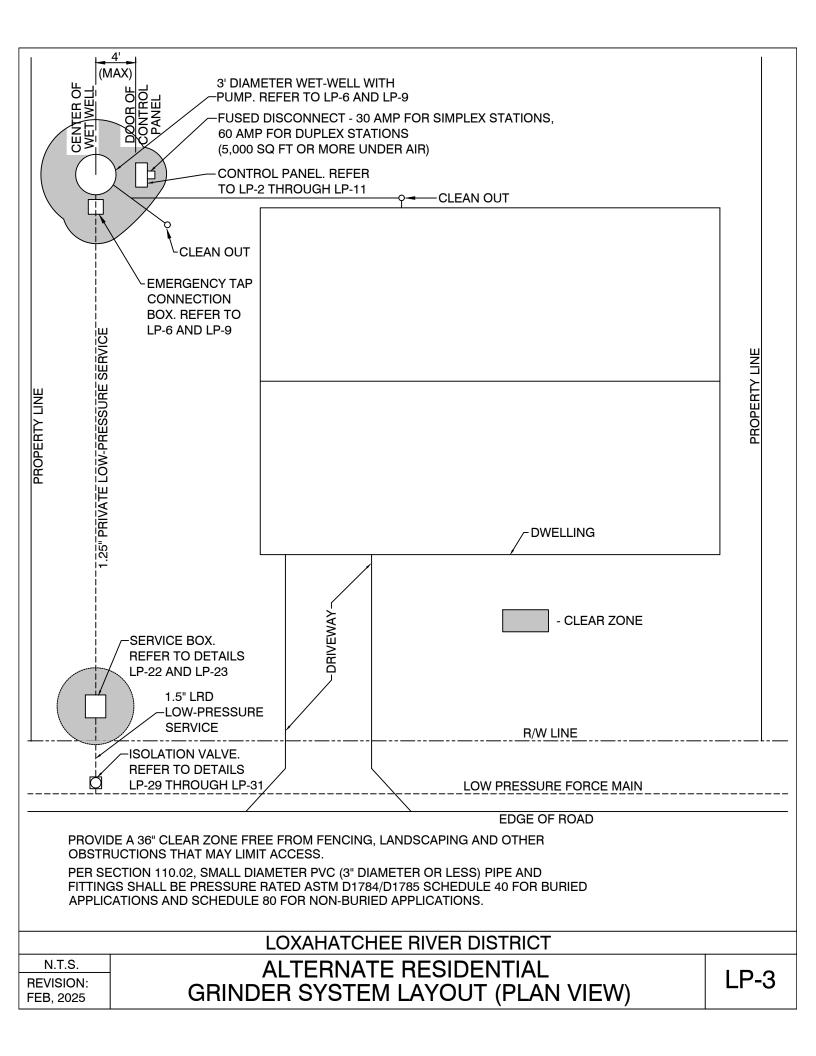
LOW PRESSURE FORCE MAIN DETAILS INDEX

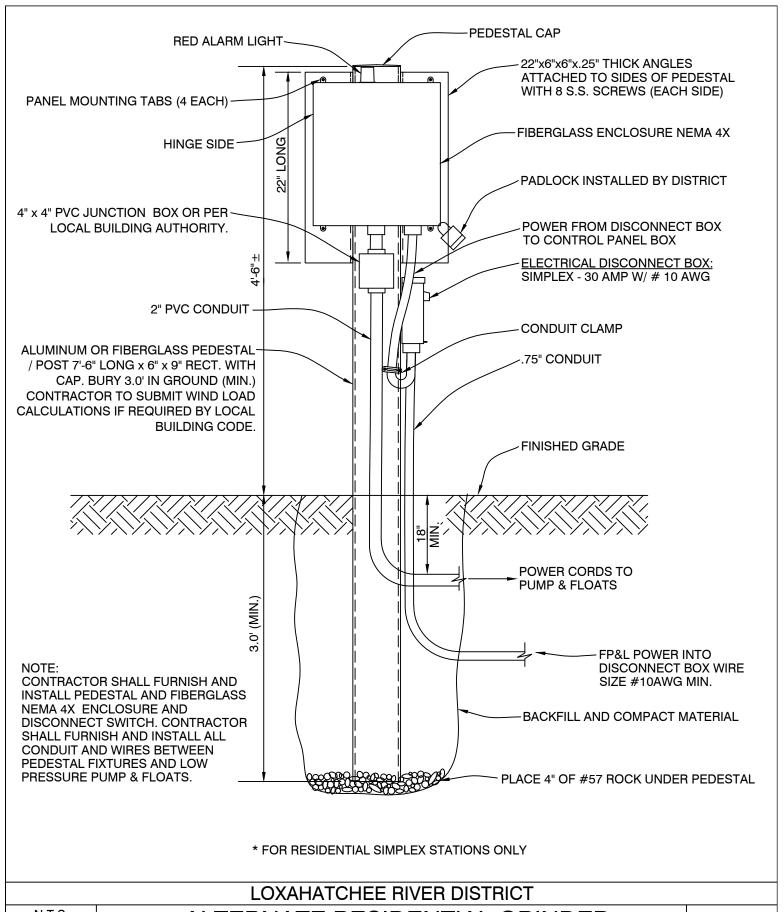
REVISION:

REVISION: AUG, 2022



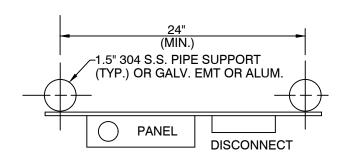




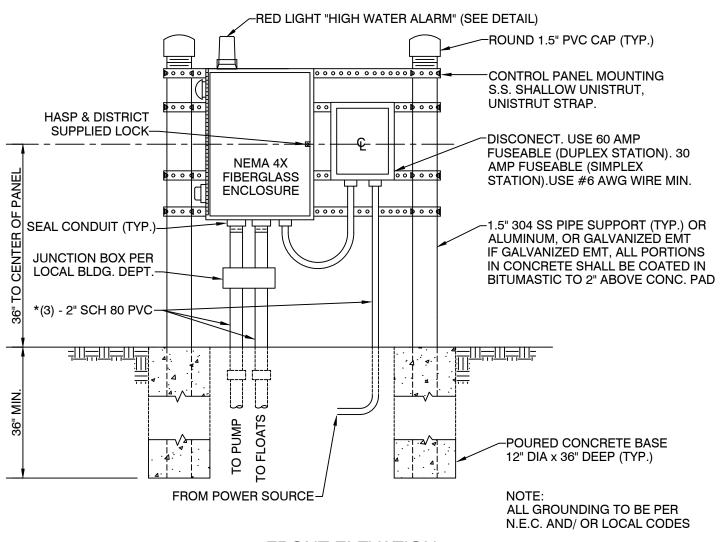


N.T.S. REVISION: MARCH, 2016 ALTERNATE RESIDENTIAL GRINDER SYSTEM LAYOUT FREE STANDING (1 OF 2)

LP-4



PLAN VIEW



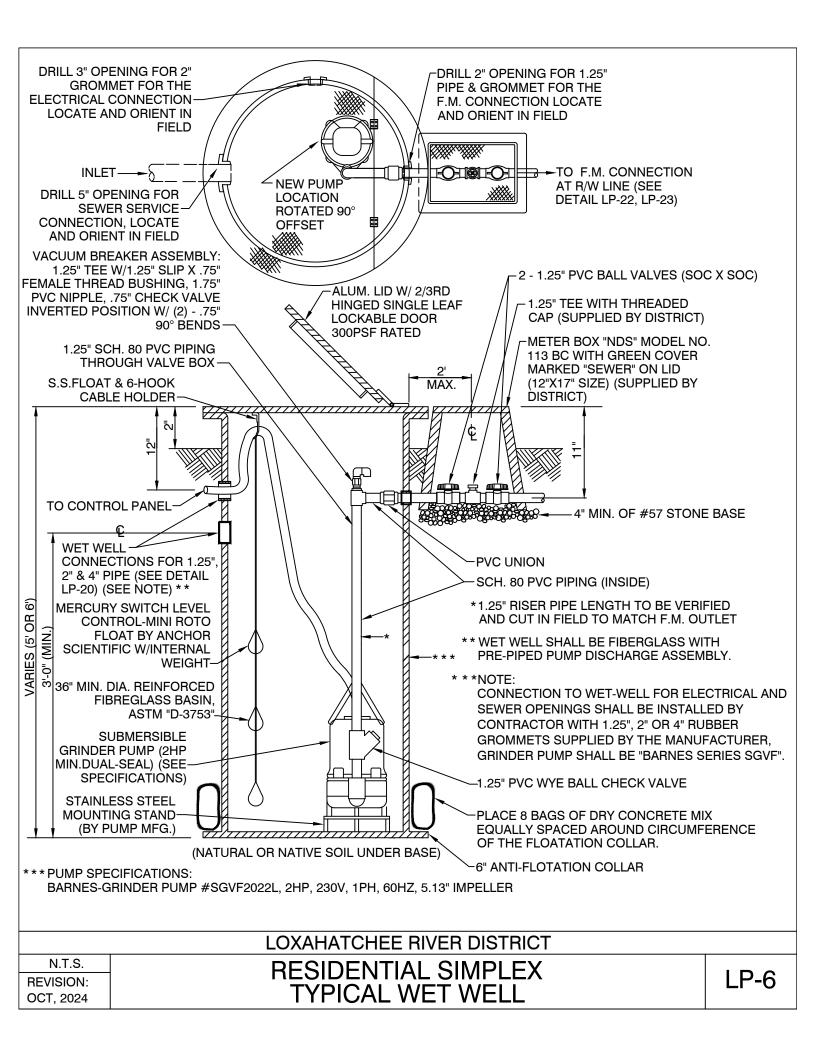
FRONT ELEVATION

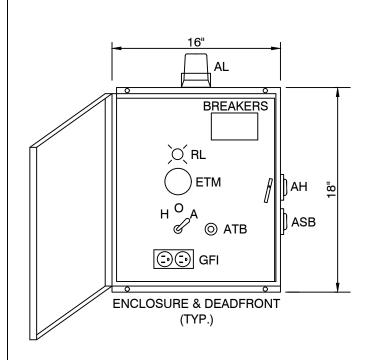
* FOR RESIDENTIAL DUPLEX STATIONS ONLY

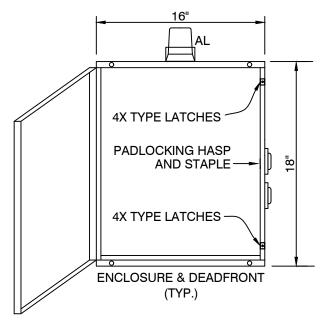
		DISTRICT
IURE	RIVER	DISTRICT

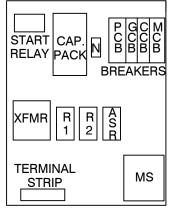
N.T.S.	ALTERNATE RESIDENTIAL		
REVISION:			
OCT, 2024	GRINDER SYSTEM LAYOUT FREE STANDING (2 OF 2)		

LP-5

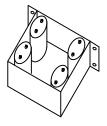








BACKPLATE LAYOUT (TYP.)



CAPACITOR PACK SUPPORT DETAIL

BILL OF MATERIALS

ENC	FIBERGLASS ENCLOSURE	ROBROY NEMA 4X, RJ1816HPL
PCB/MCB	PUMP & MAIN BREAKERS	SQ-D, QOU230
CCB/GCB	GFI & CONTROL BREAKERS	SQ-D, QOU115
MS	STARTER	SQ-D, 8502SBO2VO2S
OL	OVLD HTR ELEMENT	SQ-D, B25
XFMR	TRANSFORMER 50VA	SQ-D, 9070T50D13
ETM	ELAPSED TIME METER	CONTR. DYN. 120VAC, HMA303
HOA	HAND OFF AUTO SWITCH	MCGILL 20A, 910003
RL	RUN LIGHT	BACO 22M, L20SA50
AL	ALARM LIGHT	STONCO, VP11GCR
AH	ALARM HORN	FLOYD BELL, MC09201Q
*ASR	ALARM SILENCE RELAY	IDEC, SR3B05
ASB	ALARM SILENCE BUTTON	SQ-D, ZB4BA0
ATB	ALARM TEST BUTTON	SQ-D, ZB4BA2
GFI	15 AMP GFI RCPT	PASS SEYMOUR, 1595W
FU1	FUSE 1A	BUSS, MDL-1
FU2	FUSE 2A	BUSS, MDL-2
FU1-2	FUSE BLOCK	BUSS, BKS82021
OL	OVERLOAD RELAY	SQ-D, 9065SEO5
CR1-2	CONTROL RELAY	IDEC, RR2PULAC24V
CR1-2	8-PIN SOCKET	IDEC, SR2P06
TS	TERMINAL STRIP	ALTECH, TSF6O12WP
	MADO BUIL OAR OVAL 45ME	

CAP.PACK: MARS RUN CAP OVAL 45MF/440V, 12448 TO MATCH MARS STRT CAP 250V 124-156MF, 11148 GRINDER PUMP'S

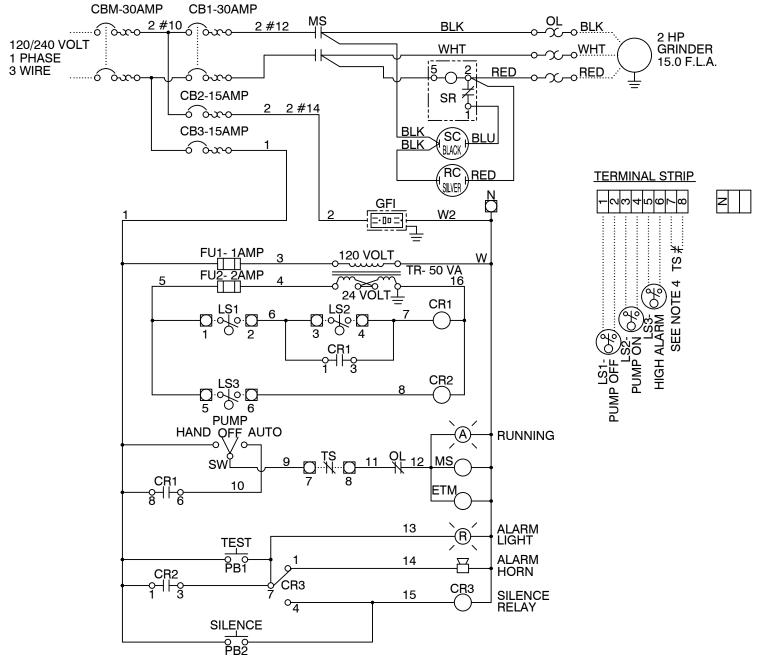
- * OR APPROVED EQUAL
- * PANEL & COMPONENTS SHALL CONFORM TO INDUSTRIAL UL LISTING PRE SEC. 508 N.E.C.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: APRIL, 2012

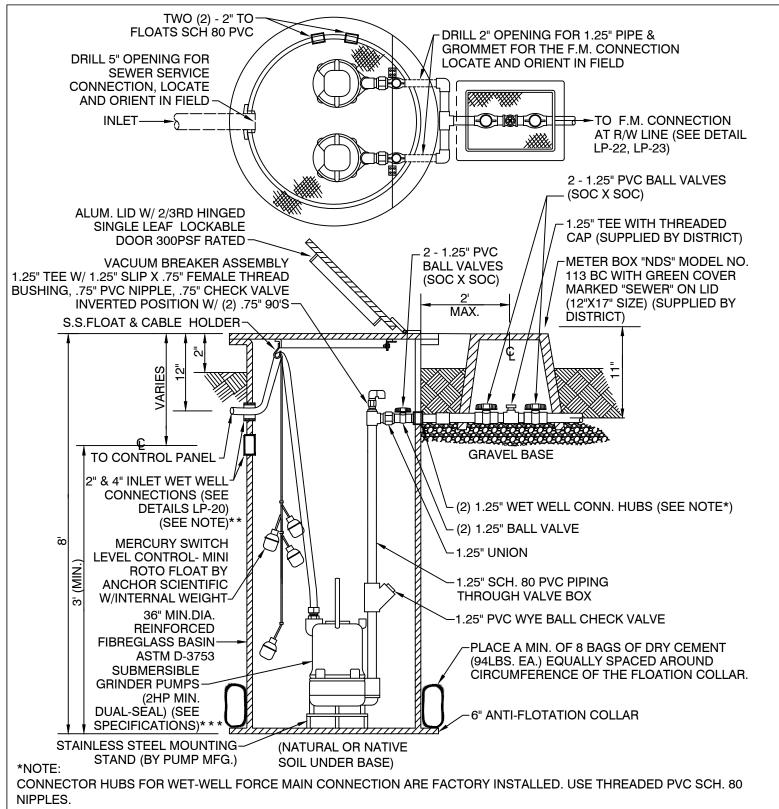
RESIDENTIAL SIMPLEX CONTROL PANEL LAYOUT

LP-7



- 1.) PANEL GROUND TERMINAL MUST BE CONNECTED TO EARTH GROUND.
- 3.) RECOMMENDED TIGHTENING TORQUES FOR TERMINALS 240 VOLT POWER 30 POUND INCHES. 120 VOLT POWER, CONTROL & LOW VOLTAGE 20 POUND INCHES.
- 4.) THERMAL SAFETY SWITCH (TS) CONTACTS ARE NOT IN ALL MOTORS. IF MOTOR DOES NOT HAVE SWITCH, THESE TERMINALS MUST BE JUMPERED.
- 5.) LAYOUT TO MEET CUSTOMER'S REQUIREMENTS.

N.T.S. REVISION: APRIL, 2012 RESIDENTIAL SIMPLEX ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC



**NOTE:

CONNECTION TO WET-WELL FOR ELECTRICAL AND SEWER OPENINGS SHALL BE INSTALLED BY CONTRACTOR WITH 2" & 4" RUBBER GROMMETS SUPPLIED BY THE DISTRICT, LOCATION DETERMINED BY CONTROL PANEL LOCATION.

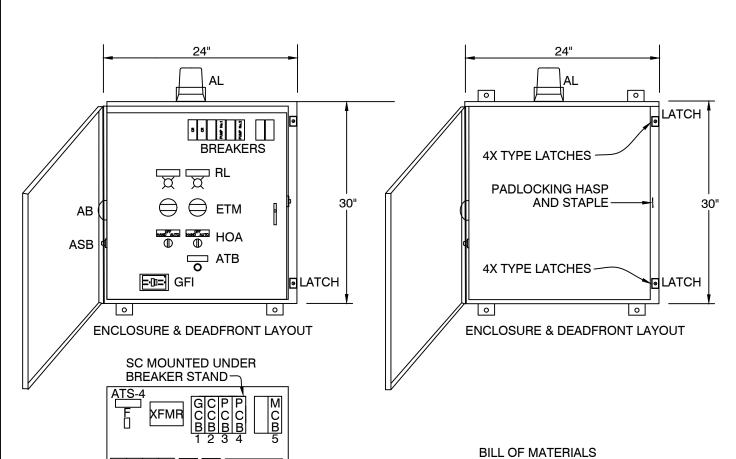
***PUMP SPECIFICATIONS:

BARNES-GRINDER PUMPS #SGVF2022L, 2HP, 230V, 1PH, 60HZ, 5.13" IMPELLER

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: OCT, 2024

RESIDENTIAL DUPLEX TYPICAL WET WELL

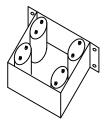


BACKPLATE LAYOUT TYPICAL

FTS-8

CAP. **PACK** MS 2

TTS-4



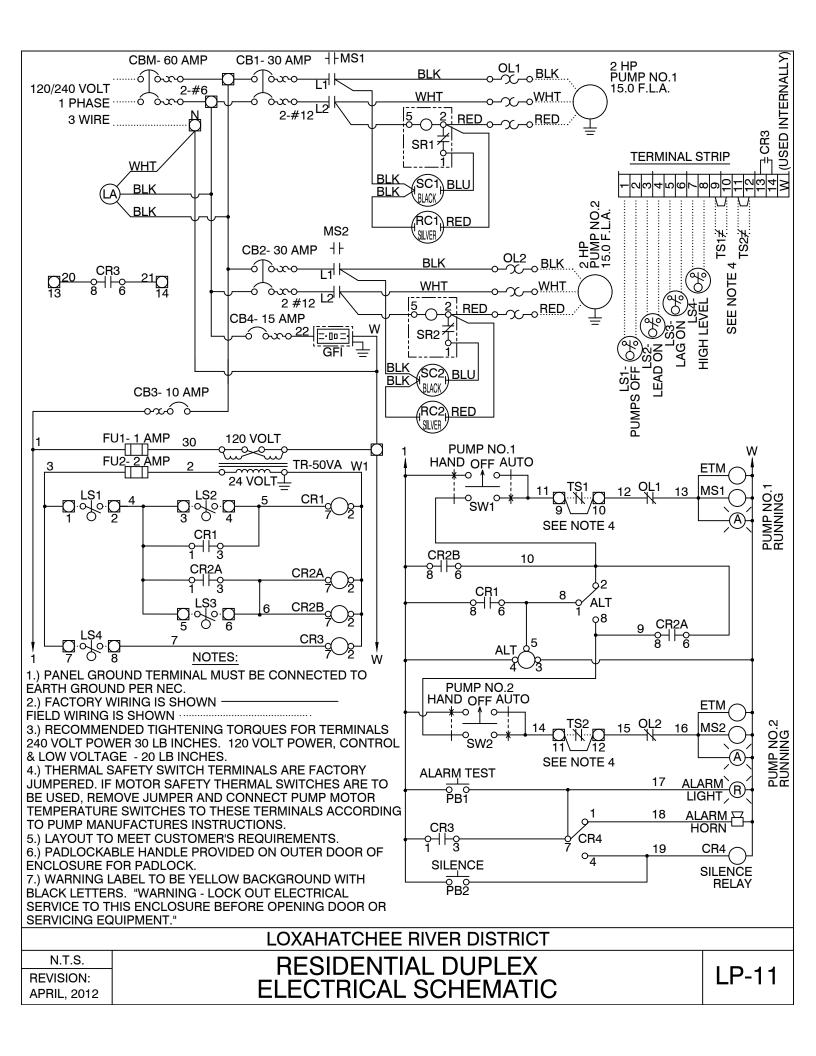
CAPACITOR PACK SUPPORT **DETAIL**

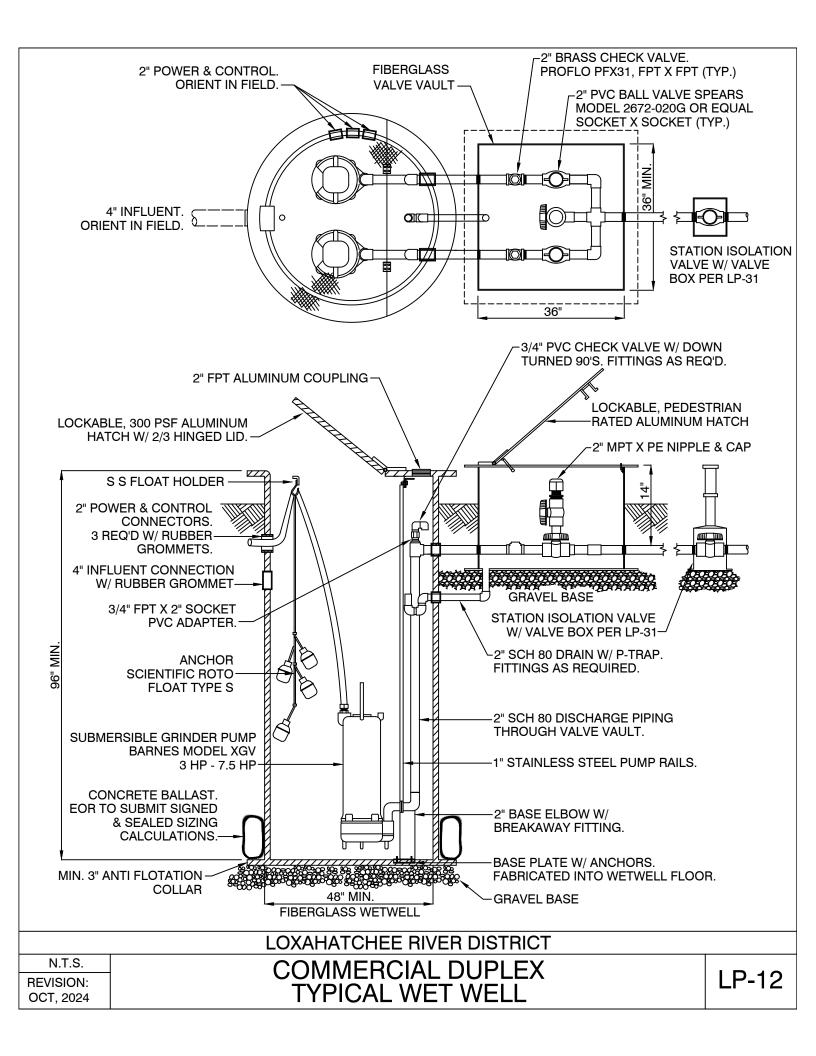
ENC	FIBERGALSS ENCLOSURE	HOFFMAN, UU605025
PCB/MCB	PUMP & MAIN BREAKERS	SQ-D, QOU260/QOU230
CCB/GCB	GFI &CONTROL BREAKERS	SQ-D, QOU115/QOU110
MS1-2	STARTER	SQ-D, 8502SBO1V02S
OL	OVLD HTR ELEMENT	SQ-D, B25
XFMR	TRANSFORMER	SQ-D, 9070T50D13
ETM	ELAPSED TIME METER	REDINGTON, 7220004
HOA	HAND OFF AUTO SWITCH	SQ-D, ZB4BD3
RL	RUN LIGHT	BACO 22M, S20SA40
AL	ALARM LIGHT	STONCO, VP11GCR
AH	ALARM HORN	FLOYD BELL, MC09201Q
ASR	ALARM SILENCE RELAY	IDEC, RR3BULAC120V
ASB	ALARM SILENCE BUTTON	SQ-D, ZB4BA0
ATB	ALARM TEST BUTTON	SQ-D, ZB4BA2
GFI	15 AMP GFI RCPT	PASS SEYMOUR, 1595W
FU1	FUSE 1A	BUSS, MDL-1
FU2	FUSE 2A	BUSS, MDL-2
FU1-2	FUSE BLOCK	BUSS, BKS82021
OL1-2	OVERLOAD RELAY	SQ-D, 9065SEO5
CR1-3	CONTROL RELAY	IDEC, RR2PULAC24V
ALT	ALTERNATOR	DIVERSIFIED, ARB120ABA
LA	LIGHTNING ARRESTOR	INTERMATIC, AG2401C
	<u> </u>	·

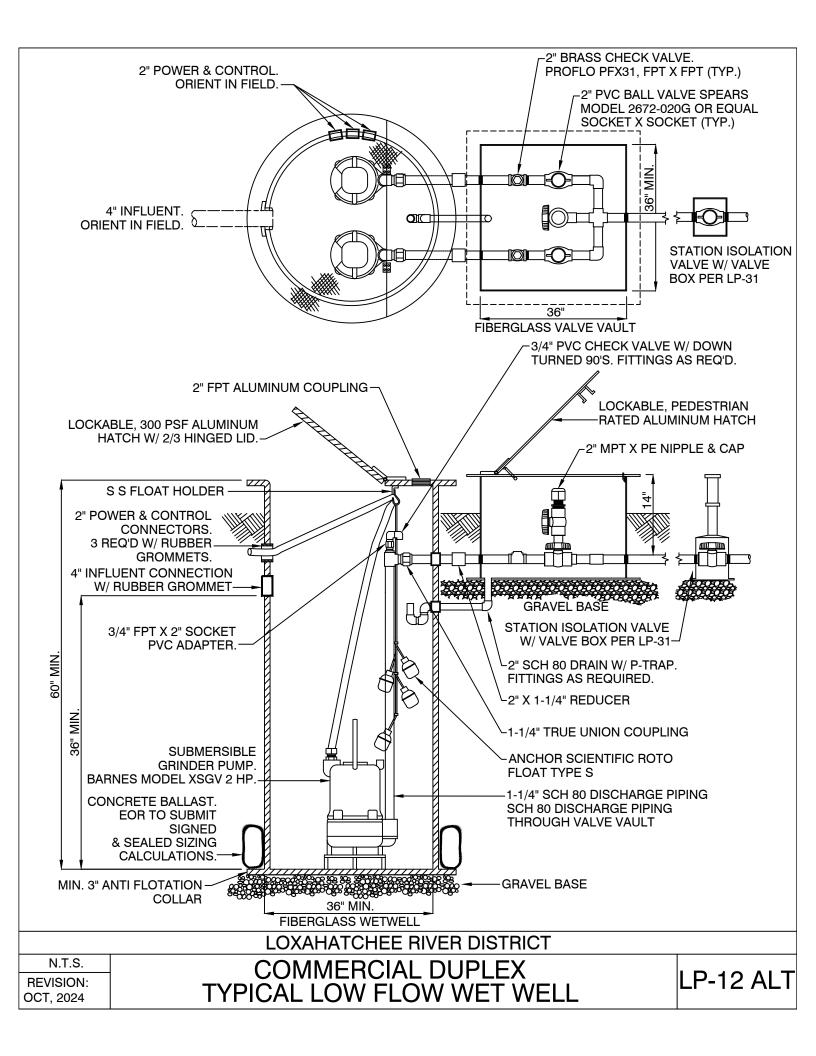
CAP.PACK: MARS RUN CAP OVAL 45MF/440V, 12448 MARS STRT CAP 250V 124-156MF, 11148 GE START RELAY, 16104 GRINDER PUMP'S

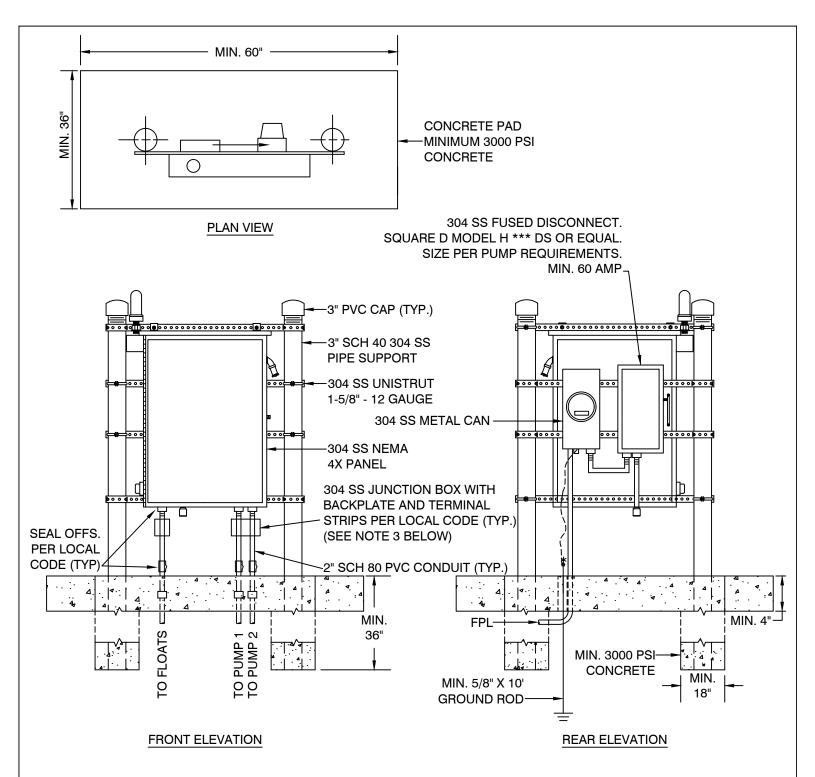
LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. **REVISION: APRIL**, 2012 RESIDENTIAL DUPLEX







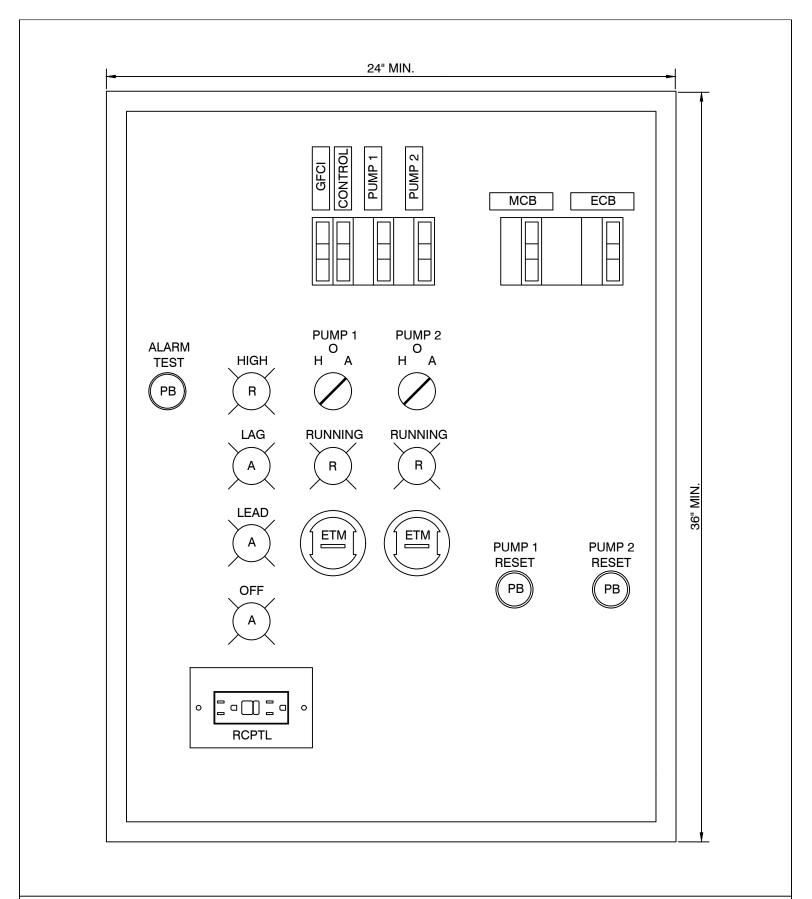


- 1. PROVIDE 4" SCH 40 PVC CHASE THROUGH CONCRETE SLAB DIRECTLY BELOW METER CAN FOR GROUND ROD. CLAMPED CONNECTION ON GROUND ROD TO BE 4" ABOVE SLAB.
- 2. ALL HARDWARE SHALL BE 316 SS.
- 3. JUNCTION BOX SHOULD BE SIZED TO CONTAIN 2 SEPARATE TERMINAL STRIPS (1-PUMP CABLES AND 1-FLOATS). TERMINAL STRIPS NEED TO MEET SEPARATION REQUIREMENTS AS PER NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODE (NEC) REQUIREMENTS FOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE SYSTEMS.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVE	R DISTRICT
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N.T.S. REVISION: OCT, 2024

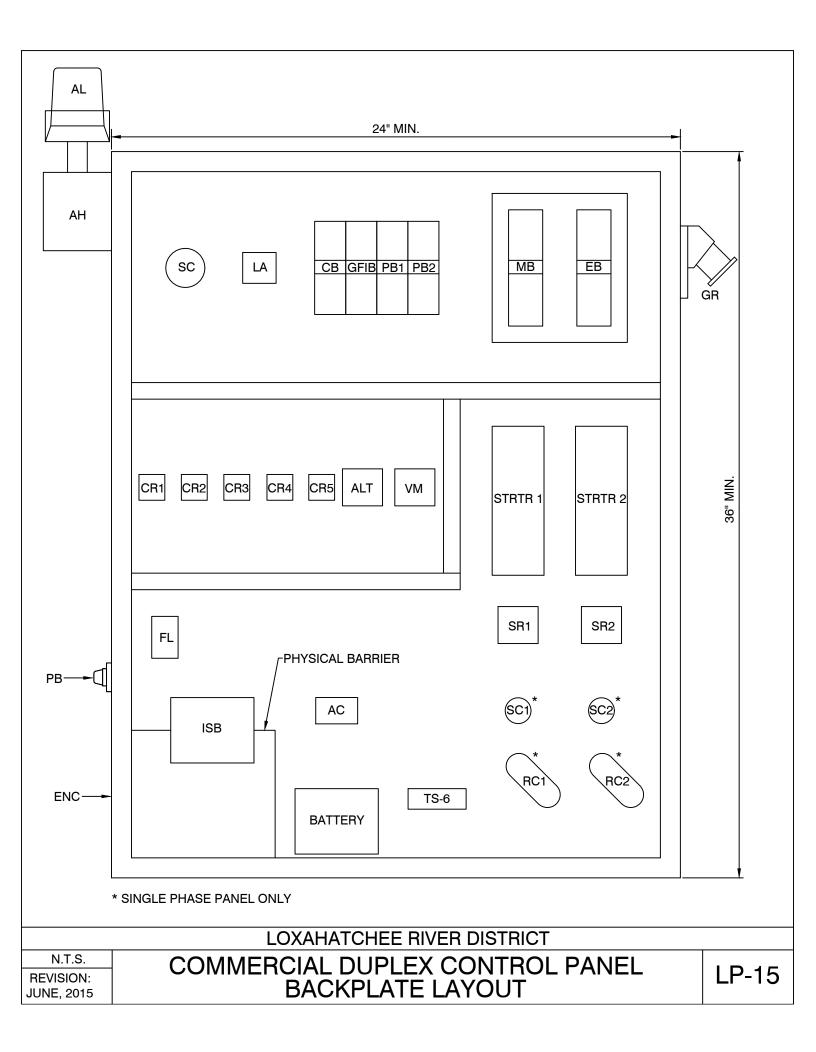
COMMERCIAL DUPLEX CONTROL PANEL SUPPORT



LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: JUNE, 2015

COMMERCIAL DUPLEX CONTROL PANEL DEADFRONT LAYOUT



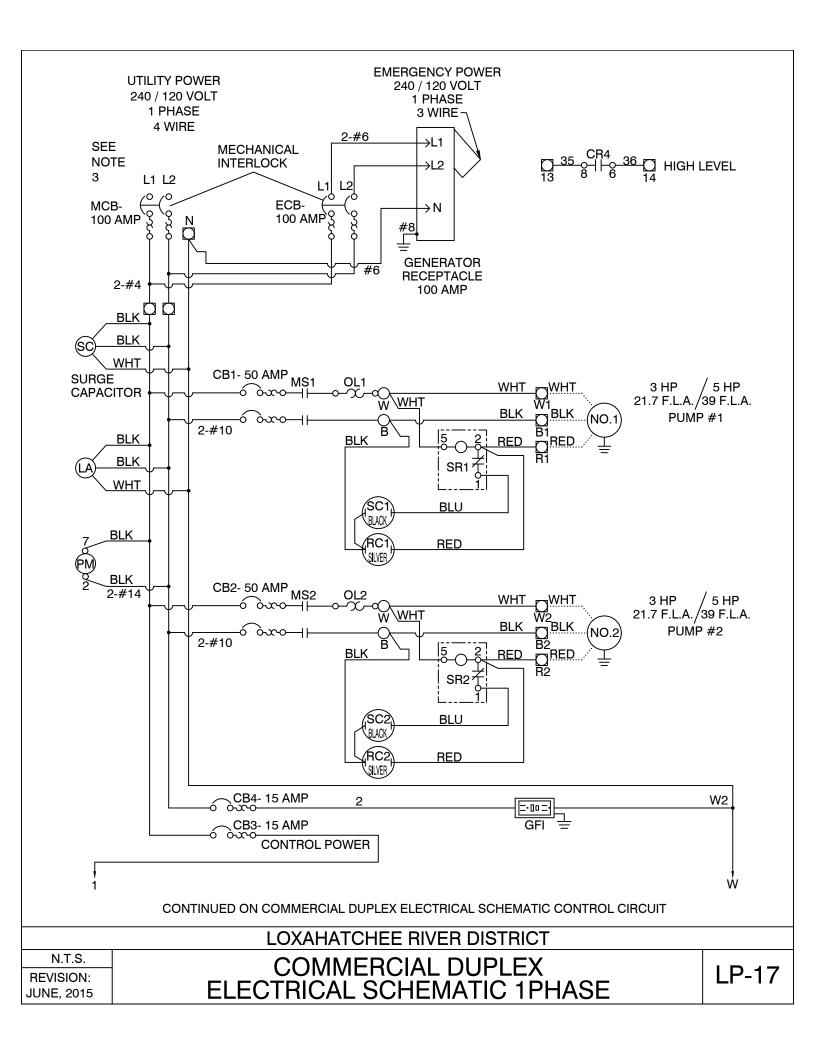
ITEM	DESCRIPTION	PART NO. SINGLE PHASE	PART NO. THREE PHASE	QTY
AC	ALARM CONTROLLER	MPE MODEL BOAC-001	MPE MODEL BOAC-001	1
АН	ALARM HORN	WHEELOCK AMT-12/24-R	WHEELOCK AMT-12/24-R	1
AL	ALARM LIGHT	CONDOR/GRAINGER 2ERP1	CONDOR/GRAINGER 2ERP1	1
ALT	ALTERNATOR	ATC DIVERSIFIED ELECTRONICS: ARB120AEA	ATC DIVERSIFIED ELECTRONICS: ARB120AEA	1
BAT	BATTERY	WERKER MODEL MWA12-7F	WERKER MODEL MWA12-7F	1
CR	CONTROL RELAY	IDEC: RR 2 BA - U L AC120V	IDEC: RR 2 BA - U L AC120V	5
ETM	ELAPSED TIME METER	CONTROL DYNAMICS: HMA303	CONTROL DYNAMICS: HMA303	2
ENC	ENCLOSURE NEMA 4X SS	HOFFMAN: CSD362410SS W/ DRIP SHIELD AND LOCKING HASP	HOFFMAN: CSD362410SS W/ DRIP SHIELD AND LOCKING HASP	1
FL	FLASHER	LIGHTS TO GO: AFDC 1	LIGHTS TO GO: AFDC 1	1
GR	GENERATOR RECEPTACLE W/ SCREW CAP	APPLETON: ADR1034RS	APPLETON: ADR1034RS	1
GFIB, CB	GFI & CONTROL BREAKER	SQUARE-D: QOU115	SQUARE-D: QOU115	2
\bigcirc	HAND OFF AUTO SWITCH	SUARE-D: 9001KS46B	SUARE-D: 9001KS46B	2
ISB	INTRINSICALLY SAFE BARRIER	IDEC: EB3C-R05A	IDEC: EB3C-R05A	1
LA	LIGHTNING ARRESTOR	SQUARE-D: SDSA1175	SQUARE-D: SDSA3650	1
MB, EB	MAIN & EMERGENCY BREAKERS	SQUARE-D: QOU2***	SQUARE-D: QOU3***	2
TU	THERMAL UNIT	SQUARE-D: B36.0	SQUARE-D: B36.0	2
X	PILOT LIGHTS	BACO CONTROLS: NLD22* (COLOR AS INDICATED)	BACO CONTROLS: NLD22* (COLOR AS INDICATED)	6
PB***	PUMP BREAKERS	SQUARE-D: QOU2***	SQUARE-D: QOU3***	2
STRTR***	STARTER	SQUARE-D: 8536SCO2V02S	SQUARE-D: 8536SCO3V02S	2
SC	SURGE CAPACITOR	DELTA: CA302R	DELTA: CA603R	1
РВ	TEST/RESET/SILENCE PUSH BUTTONS	SQUARE-D: 9001SKR1U	SQUARE-D: 9001SKR1U	1
VM	VOLTAGE MONITOR	ATC DIVERSIFIED ELECTRONICS: UOA240ALA	ATC DIVERSIFIED ELECTRONICS: SLA-***-	1
RCPTL	15 AMP GFI RECEPTACLE	PASS AND SEYMOUR: 1595W	PASS AND SEYMOUR: 1595W	1
SC***	START CAPACITOR	***	NOT REQUIRED	2
RC***	RUN CAPACITOR	***	NOT REQUIRED	2

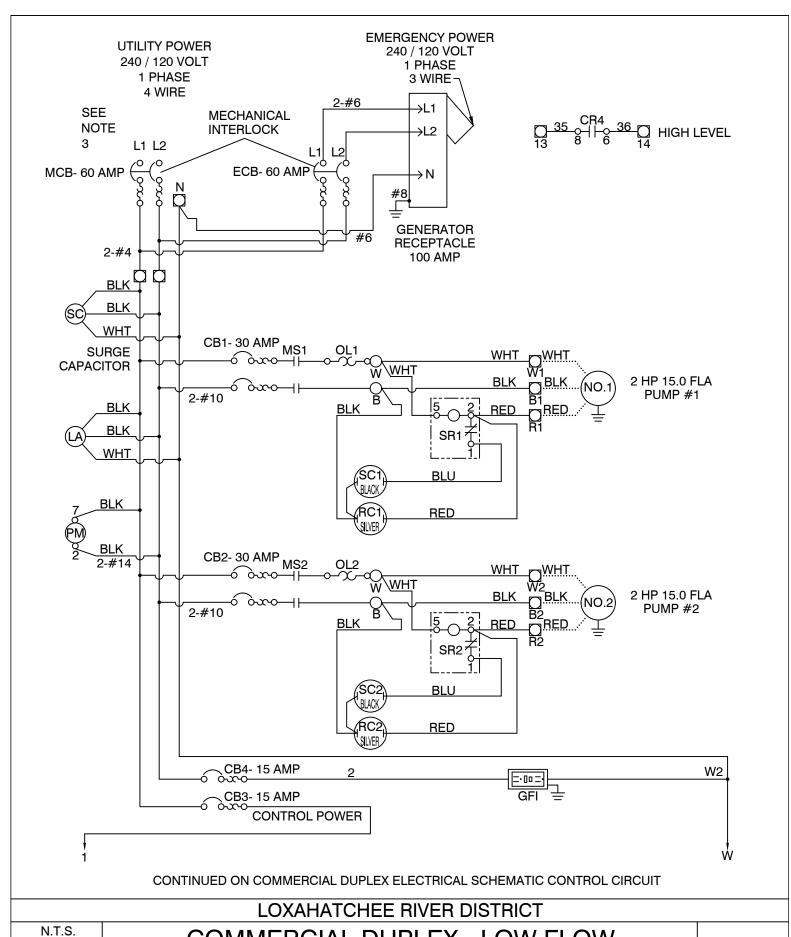
^{***} SIZED PER PUMP MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATION

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: OCT, 2024

COMMERCIAL DUPLEX CONTROL PANEL BILL OF MATERIALS

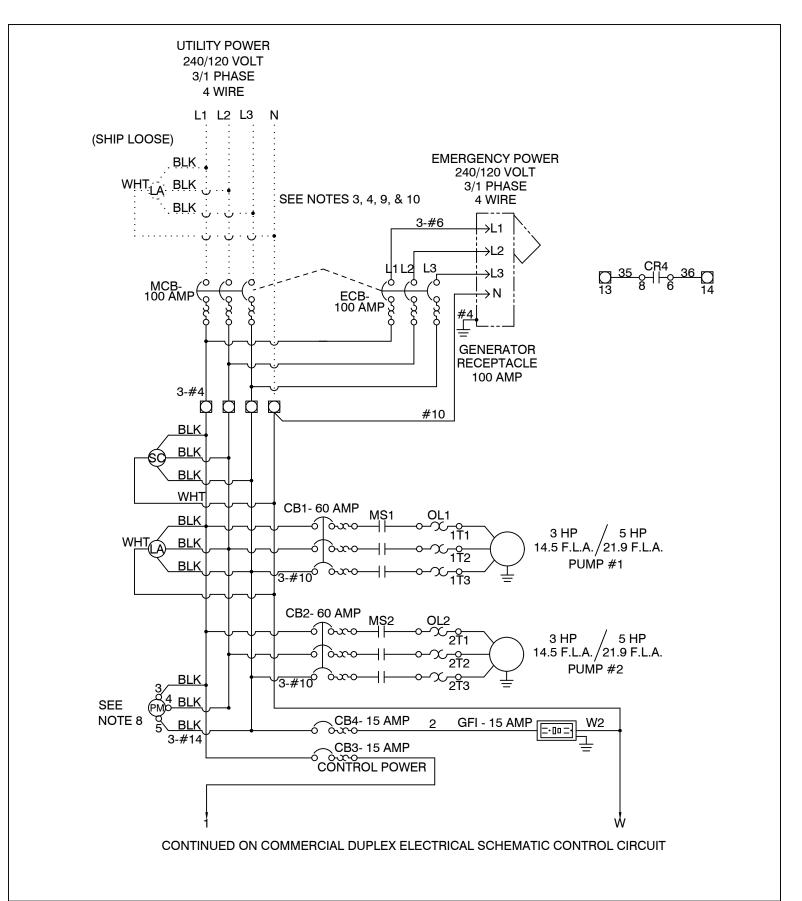




COMMERCIAL DUPLEX - LOW FLOW ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC 1PHASE

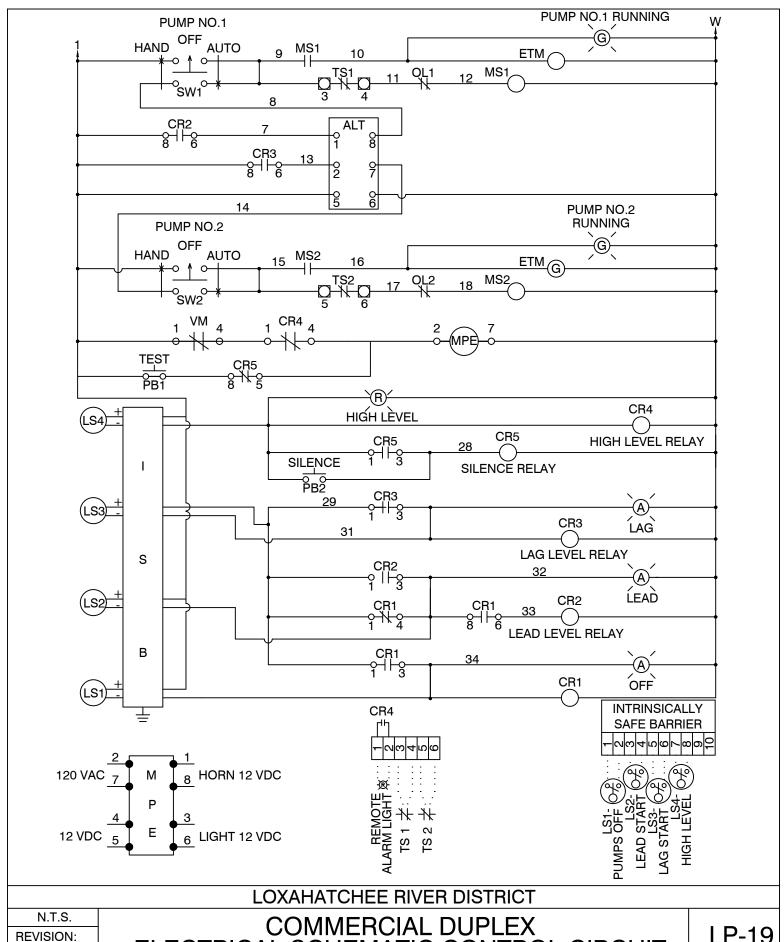
REVISION: FEB, 2022

LP-17A



LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: JUNE, 2015 COMMERCIAL DUPLEX ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC 3PHASE



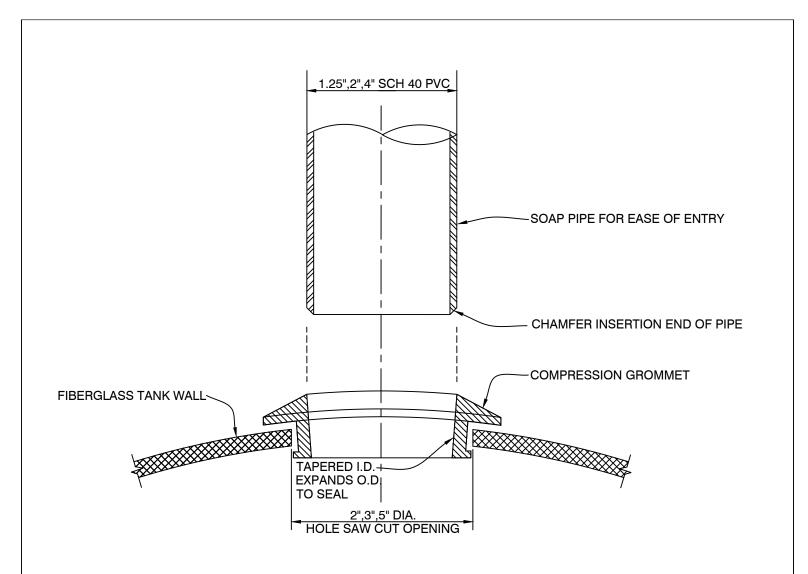
COMMERCIAL DUPLEX ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC CONTROL CIRCUIT

JUNE, 2015

- 1.) PANEL GROUND TERMINAL MUST BE CONNECTED TO EARTH GROUND.
- 2.) FACTORY WIRING IS SHOWN _______
 FIELD WIRING IS SHOWN
- 3.) INSTALLER MUST PROVIDE SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION FOR THE CONDUCTORS FEEDING TO THIS ELECTRICAL ASSEMBLY.
- 4.) RECOMMENDED TIGHTENING TORQUES FOR TERMINALS; 240 VOLT POWER SEE CIRCUIT BREAKER 120 VOLT POWER, CONTROL & LOW VOLTAGE 20 POUND INCHES
- 5.) THERMAL SAFETY SWITCH (TS) CONTACTS ARE NOT IN ALL MOTORS. IF MOTOR DOES NOT HAVE SWITCH, THESE TERMINALS MUST BE JUMPERED.
- 6.) HASP AND STAPLE PROVIDED ON OUTER DOOR OF ENCLOSURE FOR PADLOCK.
- 7.) WARNING LABEL TO BE YELLOW BACKGROUND WITH BLACK LETTERS. "WARNING LOCK OUT ELECTRICAL SERVICE TO THIS ENCLOSURE BEFORE OPENING DOOR OR SERVICING EQUIPMENT".
- 8.) ON START UP, THE POWER MONITOR INDICATOR LIGHT SHOULD TURN "ON" WITHIN ONE (1) SECOND. IF IT DOESN'T, TURN POWER "OFF" TO THE PANEL & SWAP ANY TWO (2) OF THE THREE (3) INPUT WIRES TO THE MONITOR.
- 9.) MAIN CIRCUIT BREAKER AND EMERGENCY CIRCUIT BREAKER INTERLOCKED TO PREVENT SIMULTANEOUS CLOSURE.
- 10.) INSTALLER MUST VERIFY THAT PHASE TO NEUTRAL IS 120 VOLTS BEFORE CONNECTING CONTROL & RECEPTACLE CIRCUITS.
- 11.) WARNING LABEL TO BE RED WITH WHITE LETTERS: DO NOT OVERRIDE INTERLOCK NEVER ENERGIZE BOTH BREAKERS SIMULTANEOUSLY.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: JUNE. 2015



FOR A 4" PVC PIPE, USE A 5" DIA. HOLE SAW TO CUT OUT COUPON FROM WET WELL WALL. THE MANUFACTURER WILL SUPPLY THE PROPER COMPRESSION GASKET FOR A 4" DIA. PVC PIPE

FOR A 2" PVC PIPE, USE A 3" DIA. HOLE SAW TO CUT OUT COUPON FROM WET WELL WALL. THE MANUFACTURER WILL SUPPLY THE PROPER COMPRESSION GASKET FOR A 2" DIA. PVC PIPE

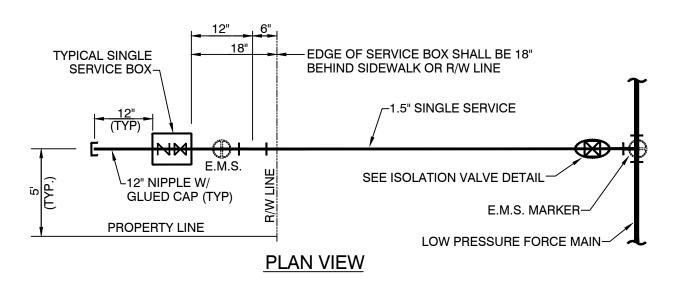
FOR A 1.25" PVC PIPE, USE A 2" DIA. HOLE SAW TO CUT OUT COUPON FROM WET WELL WALL. THE MANUFACTURER WILL SUPPLY THE PROPER COMPRESSION GASKET FOR A 1.25" DIA. PVC PIPE

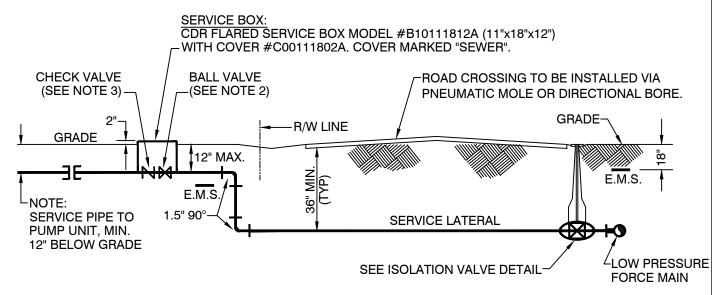
TERMINATE INFLUENT SEWER LINE 3" INSIDE TANK.

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N.T.S. REVISION: APRIL, 2012

PIPE CONNECTION DETAIL



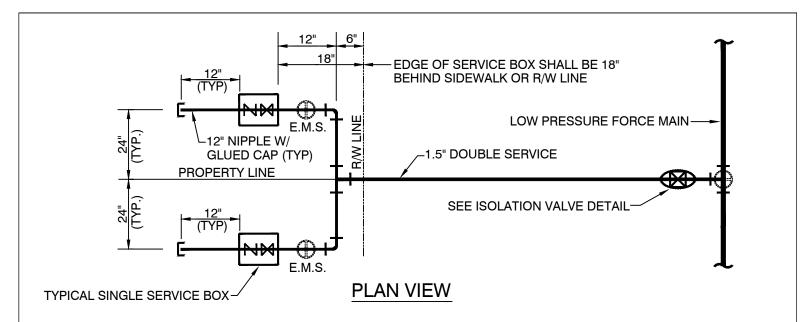


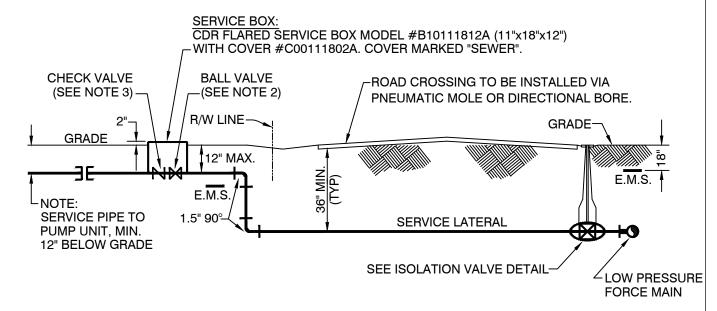
TYPICAL ROAD CROSSING SECTION VIEW

NOTES:

- 1. SERVICE LOCATIONS ON PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE. INSTALLED LOCATIONS TO BE COORDINATED WITH EXISTING ONSITE PLUMBING OR PROPOSED ONSITE CONSTRUCTION.
- 2. BALL VALVES SHALL BE FORD MODEL #B11-666M WITH 2" BRASS OPERATING NUT.
- 3. ALL CHECK VALVES SHALL BE PROFLO MODEL PFX31.
- 4. ALL PIPING IN AND 6-INCHES BEYOND THE SERVICE BOX SHALL BE SCH 80 PVC.
- 5. INSTALL MINIMUM 4" OF NO 57 WASHED STONE BENEATH ALL SERVICE BOXES AND VALVE BOXES AND AROUND ALL PIPE PENETRATIONS THROUGH SERVICE BOXES.
- 6. FOR HDPE TO PVC TRANSITIONS USE FORD PACK JOINT COUPLING PVC X PE W/ 304SS STIFFENER.

	LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT	
N.T.S. REVISION: AUG, 2022	TYPICAL SINGLE SERVICE SCHEMATIC	LP-22



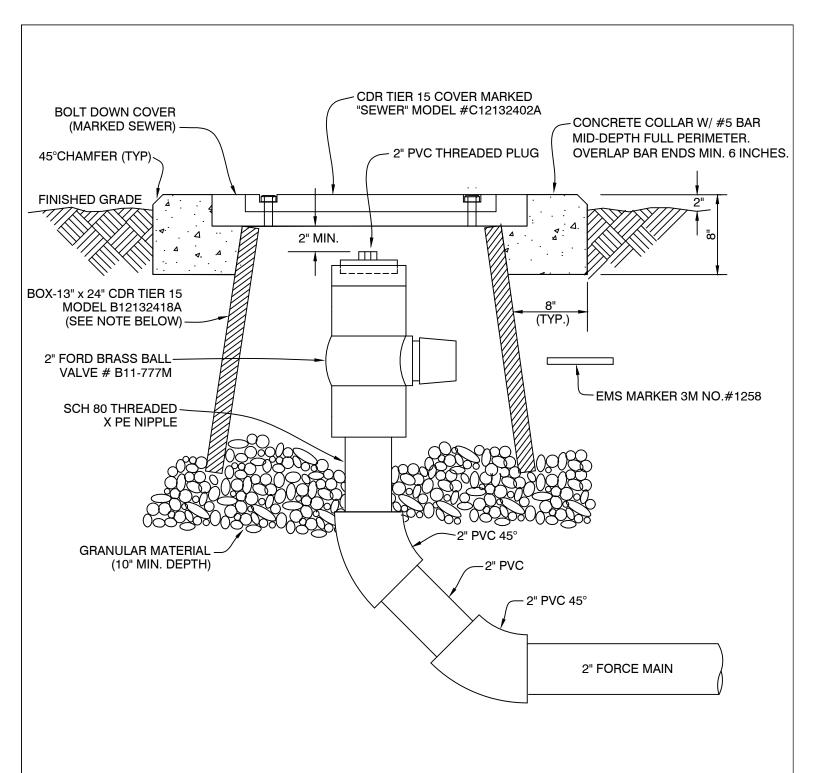


TYPICAL ROAD CROSSING SECTION VIEW

NOTES:

- SERVICE LOCATIONS ON PLANS ARE APPROXIMATE. INSTALLED LOCATIONS TO BE COORDINATED WITH EXISTING ONSITE PLUMBING OR PROPOSED ONSITE CONSTRUCTION.
- 2. BALL VALVES SHALL BE FORD MODEL #B11-666M WITH 2" BRASS OPERATING NUT.
- 3. ALL CHECK VALVES SHALL BE PROFLO MODEL PFX31.
- 4. ALL PIPING IN AND 6-INCHES BEYOND THE SERVICE BOX SHALL BE SCH 80 PVC.
- 5. INSTALL MINIMUM 4" OF NO 57 WASHED STONE BENEATH ALL SERVICE BOXES AND VALVE BOXES AND AROUND ALL PIPE PENETRATIONS THROUGH SERVICE BOXES.
- 6. FOR HDPE TO PVC TRANSITIONS USE FORD PACK JOINT COUPLING PVC X PE W/ 304SS STIFFENER.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT			
N.T.S. REVISION: AUG, 2022	TYPICAL DOUBLE SERVICE SCHEMATIC	LP-23	

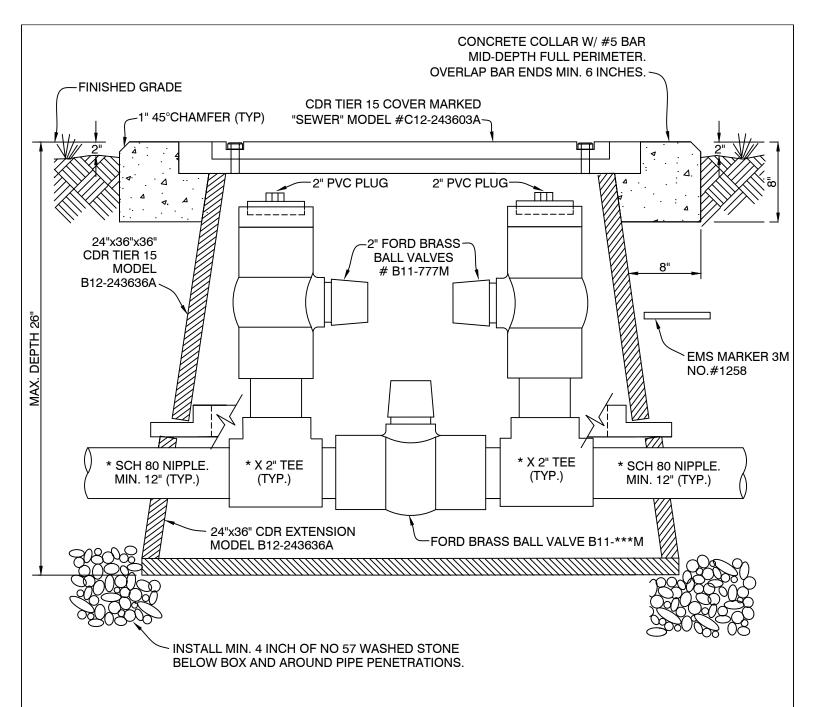


- 1. IN PAVED AREAS, USE NO. PB16"x24"x24" DEEP x 4" WALLS AND 4" FLOOR, AND NO. PB1624 TRAFFIC COVER DESIGNED FOR HS-20-44 TRAFFIC RATED BY BROOKS PRODUCTS INC.
- 2. INSTALL MIN. 4" OF NO 57 WASHED STONE BENEATH ALL TERMINAL END FLUSHING PORT BOXES.
- 3. ALL PIPING IN AND 6 INCHES BEYOND BOX SHALL BE SCH 80 PVC.
- 4. FOR HDPE TO PVC TRANSITIONS USE FORD PACK JOINT COUPLING PVC x PE W/ 304SS STIFFENER.

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N.T.S. REVISION: MARCH, 2017

TERMINAL FLUSHING PORT DETAIL



* SIZED BY ENGINEER

USE VALVE BOX AND FLUSHING PORTS ALONG STRAIGHT RUNS IN FORCE MAIN.

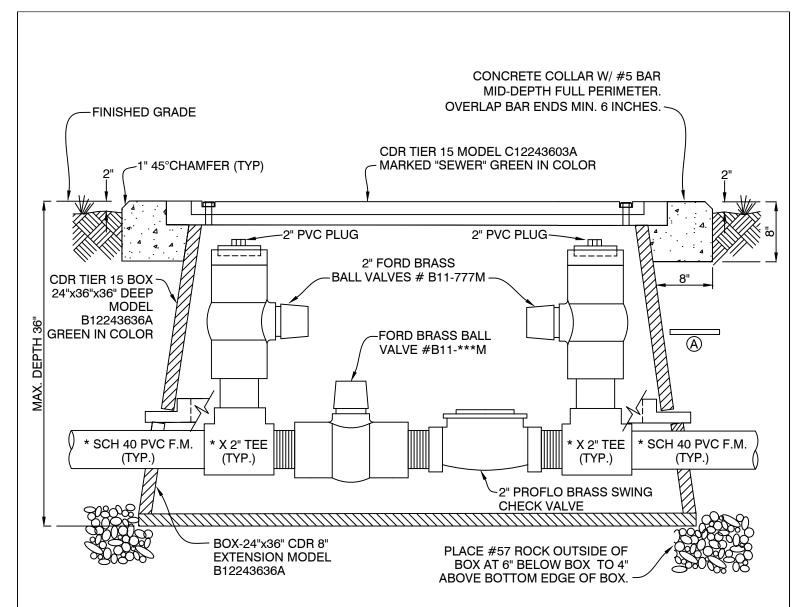
NOTES:

- 1. IN PAVED AREAS, USE NO. PB16"x24"x24" DEEP x 4" WALLS AND 4" FLOOR, AND NO. PB1624 TRAFFIC COVER DESIGNED FOR HS-20-44 TRAFFIC RATED BY BROOKS PRODUCTS INC.
- 2. PUMP TAP VALVES TO BE 2" FORD BRASS BALL VALVES # B11-777M W/ SCH 80 THREADED x PE NIPPLES AS REQUIRED. INLINE VALVE TO MATCH FORCE MAIN DIAMETER.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT	Γ
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N.T.S. REVISION: JULY, 2019

IN LINE FLUSHING PORT



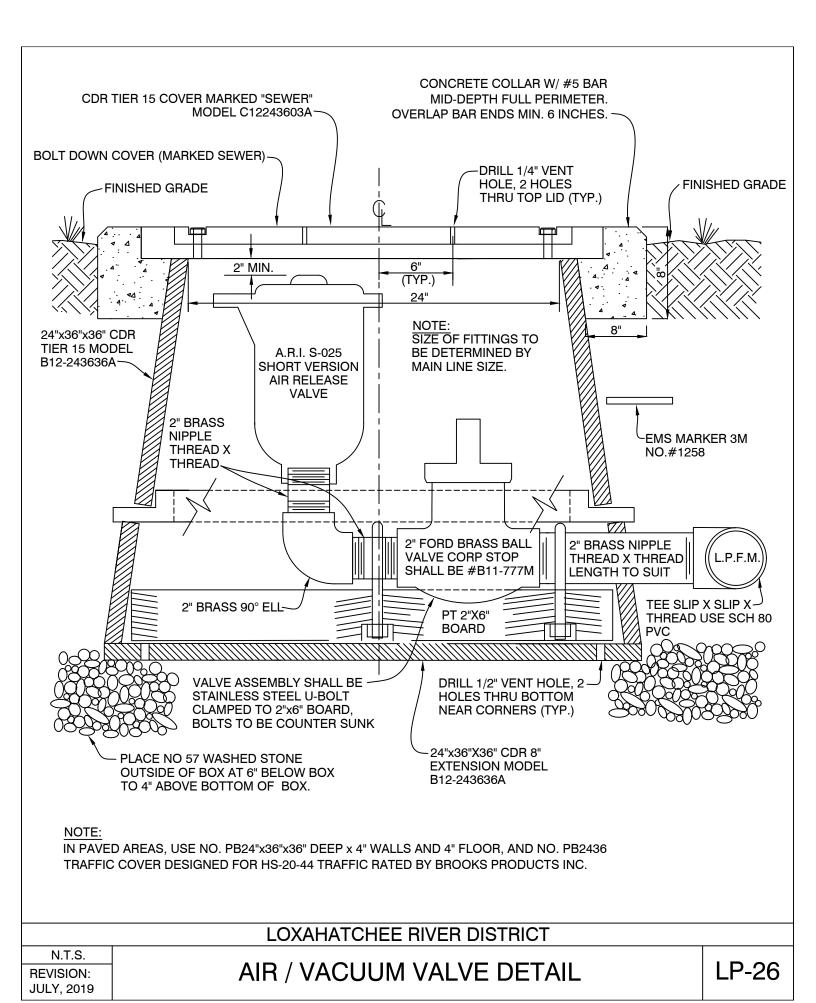
- (A) EMS MARKER NO.#1258 ELECTRONIC MARKER SYSTEM AS MFG. BY 3M TEST AND MEASUREMENT SYSTEM AUSTIN, TEXAS
- * SIZED BY ENGINEER
 USE VALVE BOX AND FLUSHING PORTS ALONG STRAIGHT RUNS IN FORCE MAIN.
- 1. NOTES:
 PUMP TAP VALVES TO BE 2" FORD BRASS BALL VALVES # B11-666 W/ SCH 80 THREADED x PE NIPPLES
 AS REQUIRED. INLINE VALVE TO MATCH FORCE MAIN DIAMETER.
- 2. PROFLO BRASS SWING CHECK VALVE MODEL PROFLO PEx31 TO BE INSTALLED TO PREVENT FLOW INTO LOW PRESSURE MAIN.

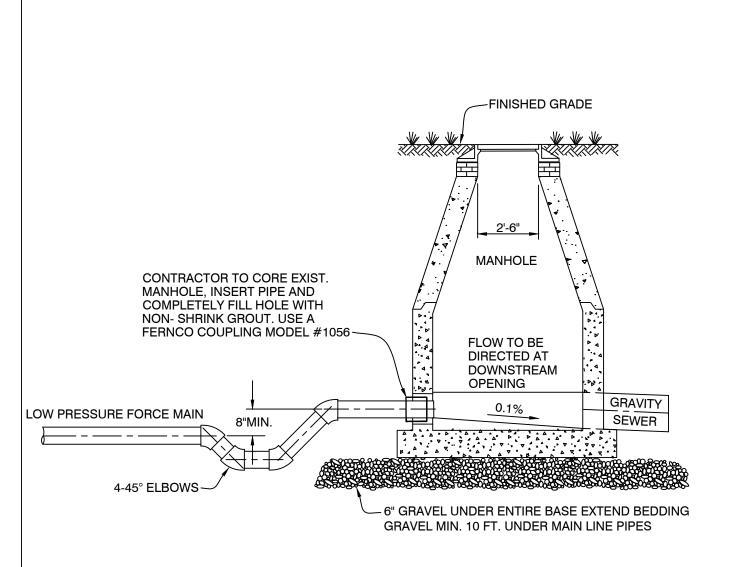
LOXAHATCH	EE RIVER	DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: JULY, 2019

IN LINE FLUSHING PORT AT FORCE MAIN

LP-25A



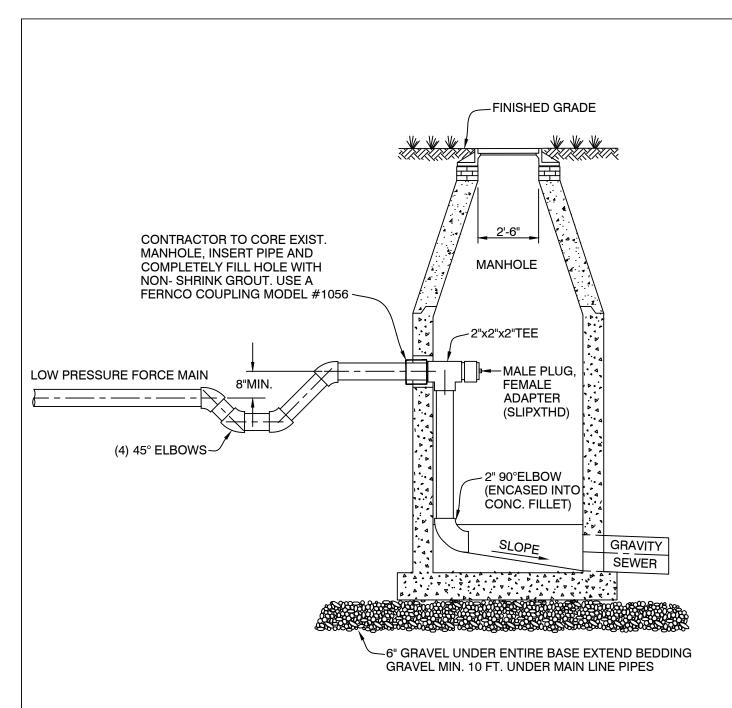


- 1. WHEN ELEVATION OF LOW PRESSURE MAIN (LPM) AT MANHOLE IS HIGHEST POINT OF LPM, TRAP CAN BE ELIMINATED.
- 2. WHEN LOW PRESSURE FORCE MAIN IS HDPE TRANSITION TO PVC FOR TRAP WITH FORD PACK JOINT COUPLING PVC x PE WITH 304SS STIFFENER.

	LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT
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N.T.S. REVISION: MARCH, 2017

LOW PRESSURE MAIN INTO SHALLOW MANHOLE

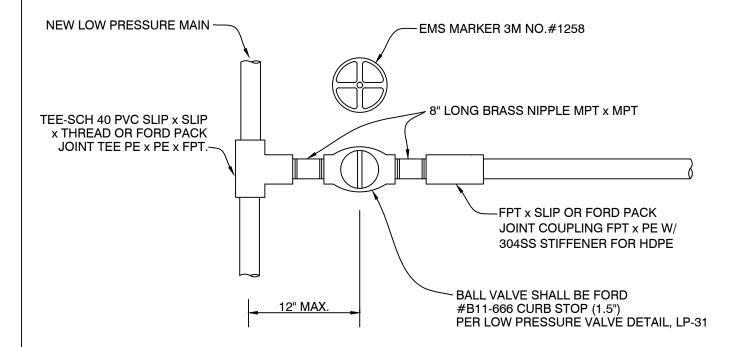


- 1. ALL DROP PIPING INCLUDING TEE SHALL BE SCH 40 PVC.
- 2. WHEN ELEVATION OF LOW PRESSURE MAIN (LPM) AT MANHOLE IS HIGHEST POINT OF LPM, TRAP CAN BE ELIMINATED.
- 3. WHEN LOW PRESSURE FORCE MAIN IS HDPE TRANSITION TO PVC FOR TRAP WITH FORD PACK JOINT COUPLING PVC x PE WITH 304SS STIFFENER.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: MARCH, 2017

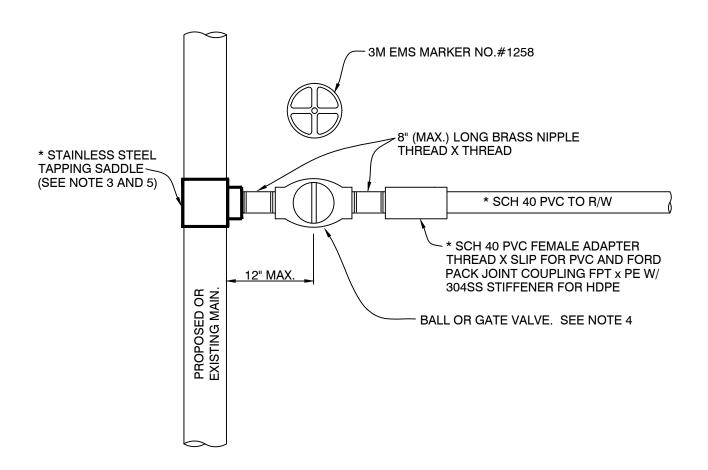
LOW PRESSURE MAIN INTO DEEP MANHOLE



- 1. EMS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON STREET SIDE OF TEE AND VALVE.
- 2. VALVE BOX WILL BE TYLER 141Q FOR 22"-30" DEPTH OR TYLER 142R FOR 30"-42" DEPTH. (SEE DETAIL #LP-31)
- 3. WHEN CUTTING INTO AN EXISTING FORCE MAIN LINE USE REPAIR TYPE SCH 80 PVC SLIP OR BRASS COMPRESSION COUPLINGS IMMEDIATELY UPSTREAM OR DOWNSTREAM OF TEE.

LOXAHATCHEE	RIVER	DISTRICT
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N.T.S. REVISION: MARCH, 2017

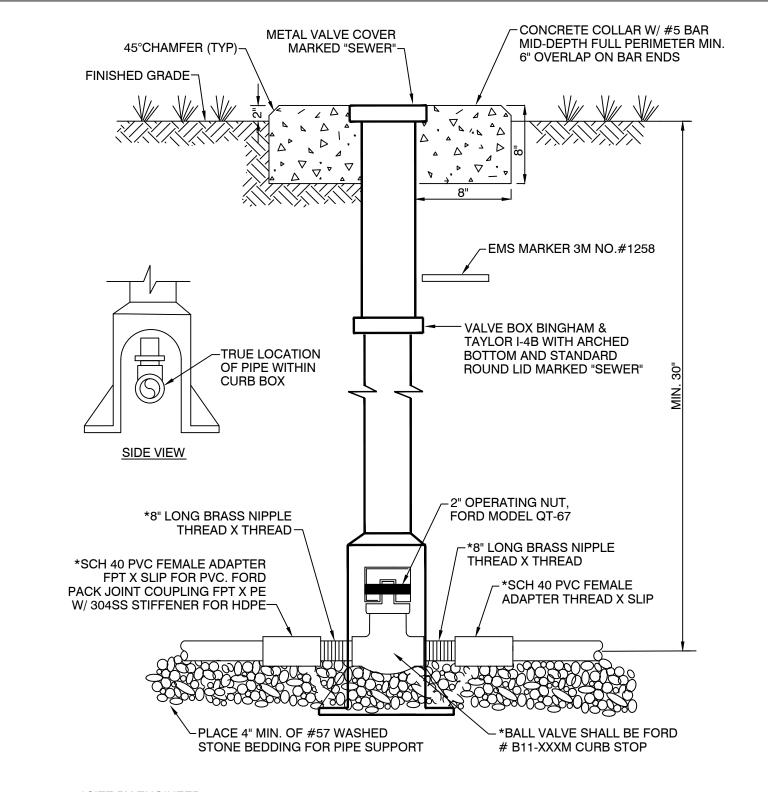


- 1. EMS SHALL BE INSTALLED ON STREET SIDE OF TEE AND VALVE.
- 2. PROVIDE VALVE BOX PER LP-31.
- 3. TAPPING SADDLES FOR TAPS 1-1/2" SHALL BE ROMAC MODEL 306 OR 306H. TAPPING SADDLES FOR TAPS LARGER THAN 2-1/2" SHALL COMPLY WITH SD-28
- 4. VALVES UP TO 2-1/2" SHALL BE FORD #B11-XXXM CURB STOP W/ 2" OPERATING NUT MODEL # QT67. 3" VALVES SHALL COMPLY W/ SECTION 130, PARAGRAPH 130.03.
- 5. FOR 2-1/2" AND SMALLER PVC MAINS USE SOCKET TEE AND BRASS COMPRESSION COUPLING. FOR 2-1/2" AND SMALLER HDPE MAINS USE FORD PACK JOINT TEE WITH FORD PACK JOINT COUPLING AND PVC SPOOL PIECE.

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N.T.S. REVISION: MARCH, 2017

LOW PRESSURE TIE - IN DETAIL

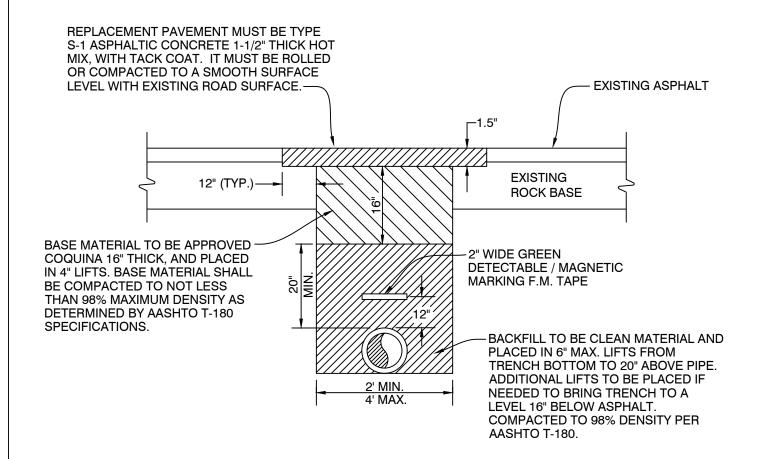


*SIZE BY ENGINEER

$I \cap V \wedge$			DISTRICT
$I \cup X A$		RIVER	1112121

N.T.S. REVISION: JAN, 2022

LOW PRESSURE VALVE DETAIL

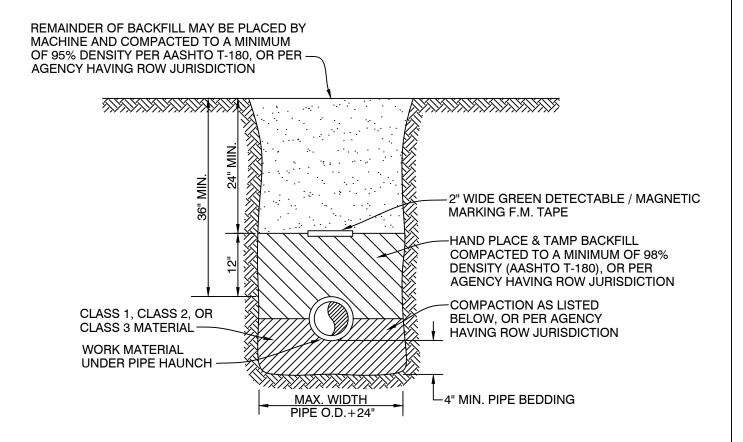


- 1. SAW CUT ASPHALT BEFORE EXCAVATING.
- 2. COMPACTION MUST BE DONE BY A MECHANICAL VIBRATORY COMPACTOR. EACH LIFT MUST RECEIVE 5 PASSES OF THE COMPACTOR OVER ENTIRE SURFACE. BEFORE COMPACTING EACH LIFT, WATER MUST BE APPLIED AT THE RATE OF 1 GAL. PER LINEAL FOOT OF THE TRENCH FOR BACKFILL AND 1/2 GAL. PER LINEAL FOOT OF TRENCH FOR COQUINA BASE. WATER TO BE SPRINKLED EVENLY OVER TRENCH WIDTH.
- 3. IF EXCAVATION LEAVES LESS THAN 1' OF UNDISTURBED BASE BETWEEN TRENCH AND SAW CUT ASPHALT, ADDITIONAL WIDTH OF ASPHALT MUST BE CUT.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRIC	Γ
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N.T.S. REVISION: APRIL, 2012

TYPICAL ROAD CROSSING REPAIR DETAIL



CLASS 1 MATERIAL - ANGULAR .25" TO .75" GRADED STONE SUCH AS CORAL, CRUSHED STONE, OR CRUSHED SHELLS OR BEDDING ROCK (100% PASSING 1" SIEVE).

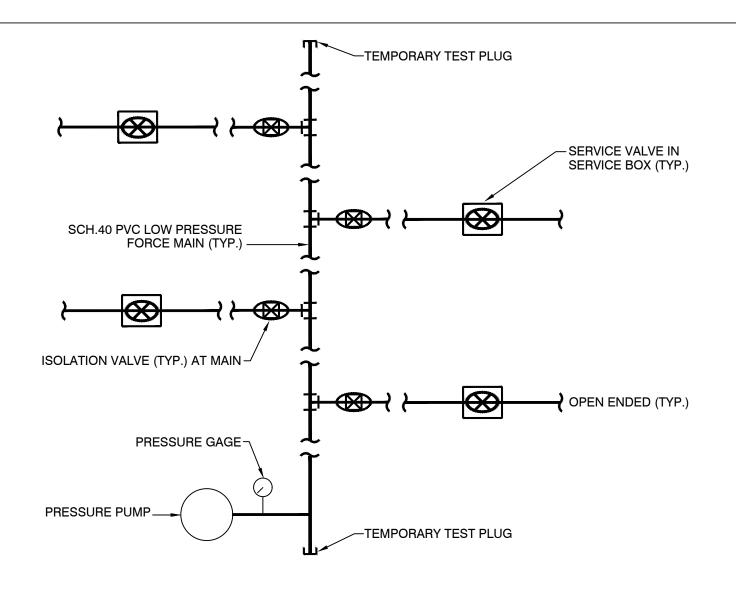
CLASS 2 MATERIAL - COURSE SAND AND GRAVEL'S WITH MAXIMUM PARTICLE SIZE OF .25 INCH WITH SMALL PERCENTAGE OF FINES COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY.

CLASS 3 MATERIAL - FINE SAND AND CLAYEY GRAVEL'S, INCLUDING FINE SANDS, SAND-CLAY MIXTURES AND GRAVEL-CLAY MIXTURES, COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY. INCLUDED IN CLASS 3 ARE EXISTING SOIL TYPES CLASSIFIED AS SELECT BACKFILL.

IF CLASS 1 MATERIAL IS USED FOR BEDDING, IT MUST BE USED FOR THE ENTIRE EMBEDMENT. A DRY TRENCH SHALL BE MAINTAINED WHEN USING CLASS 2 AND CLASS 3 MATERIAL.

DENSITY TESTING IS REQUIRED IN 1 FOOT LIFTS ABOVE PIPELINE AT INTERVALS OF 400' MAXIMUM.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT			
N.T.S.			
REVISION:	TRENCH DETAIL	LP-33	
APRIL, 2012			



PLAN VIEW

NOTES:

- 1. CLOSE ALL SERVICE VALVES INSIDE SERVICE BOXES.
- 2. OPEN ALL ISOLATION VALVES AT MAIN.
- 3. PRESSURIZE SYSTEM & TEST TO 70 PSI FOR ONE (1) HOUR.
- 4. ONE AT A TIME, CLOSE ISOLATION VALVE @ MAIN AND BLEED OFF PRESSURE AT END CAP.
- 5. CHECK PRESSURE. PRESSURE SHOULD MAINTAIN 70 PSI
- 6. REPEAT STEP 4 AND 5 FOR EACH SERVICE CONNECTION.
- 7. SEE LOW PRESSURE DETAILS, LP-9 & LP-10 FOR TYPICAL LAYOUTS.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT				
N.T.S.	TEOTINIO DD005DUDE	1.004		
REVISION: JUNE, 2022	TESTING PROCEDURE	LP-34		

	W PRESSURE PUMPING UNITS SHALL BE LOCATED SO THAT SURFACE WATER RUN OFF SHALL NOT ERFERE WITH ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS.	Т
2. MA	NUFACTURER SHALL SUPPLY AND ATTACH ELECTRICAL CONTROL PANEL SCHEMATIC TO INSIDE F. INTROL PANEL DOOR (LAMINATED).	ACE OF
3. TH	E DISTRICT WILL BE CERTIFYING ALL LOW PRESSURE LIFT STATIONS WHEN COMPLETE. MANUFACT ALL SCHEDULE A START UP TEST AND SUBMIT ALL AS-BUILT DATA TO THE DISTRICT FOR CERTIFIC,	
4. LIF PR	T STATION AND CONTROL PANEL SHALL BE LOCATED SO THAT BOTH ARE ACCESSIBLE FOR MAINT OVIDE A 36" CLEAR ZONE FREE FROM FENCING, LANDSCAPING AND OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS THAT CESS.	ENANCE.
5. WH	OLGG. HERE FEASIBLE, HOMEOWNER SHALL PROVIDE WATER HOSE BIB. HOSE FOR MAINTENANCE OPERA R RELEASE VALVE AND/OR VACUUM RELIEF VALVES SHALL BE PROVIDED ON ALL LOW PRESSURE F	
INS	STALLATION IMMEDIATELY UPSTREAM OF DISCHARGE POINT TO REGIONAL GRAVITY OR FORCE MAI STEMS.	
	RCE MAIN DETECTABLE TAPE & MAGNETIC LOCATING DEVICES WILL BE INSTALLED OVER FORCE ${ t N}$ LVES, AND SERVICES.	MAIN,
	LOVALIATOLIEE DIVED DIOTRIOT	
N.T.S.	LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT	
REVISION:	GENERAL NOTES	LP-35

REVISION: JUNE, 2018

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JUNE, 2023

TO A MINIMUM OF 95% DENSITY PER
AASHTO T-180 (12" MAX. LIFTS), OR PER
AGENCY HAVING JURISDICTION.

2" WIDE GREEN
DETECTABLE / MAGNETIC
MARKING F.M. TAPE

BACKFILL COMPACTED TO A
MINIMUM OF 98% DENSITY
AASHTO T-180. 12" MAX. LIFTS.

4" MIN.

BEDDING MATERIALS CLASS 1, 2, OR 3.

NOTES:

UNDER PIPE HAUNCH

REMAINDER OF BACKFILL MAY BE PLACED BY MACHINE AND COMPACTED

CLASS 1 MATERIAL - ANGULAR .25" TO .75" GRADED STONE SUCH AS CORAL, CRUSHED STONE, OR CRUSHED SHELLS OR BEDDING ROCK (100% PASSING 1" SIEVE).

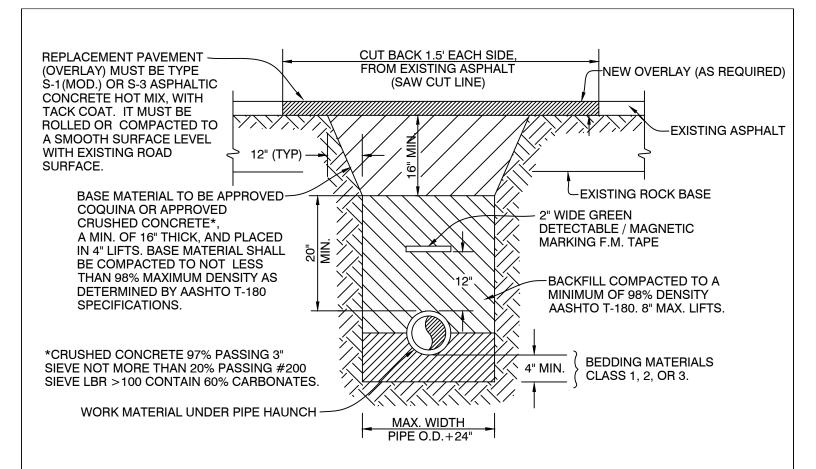
CLASS 2 MATERIAL - COURSE SAND AND GRAVEL'S WITH MAXIMUM PARTICLE SIZE OF .25 INCH WITH SMALL PERCENTAGE OF FINES. COMPACT TO A MIN. 98% DENSITY PER AASHTO T-180.

MAX. WIDTH PIPE O.D.+24"

CLASS 3 MATERIAL - FINE SAND AND CLAYEY GRAVEL'S, INCLUDING FINE SANDS, SAND-CLAY MIXTURES AND GRAVEL-CLAY MIXTURES. INCLUDED IN CLASS 3 ARE EXISTING SOIL TYPES CLASSIFIED AS SELECT BACKFILL. COMPACT TO A MIN. 98% DENSITY PER AASHTO T-180.

- 1. IF CLASS 1 MATERIAL IS USED FOR BEDDING, IT MUST BE USED FOR THE ENTIRE EMBEDMENT. A DRY TRENCH SHALL BE MAINTAINED WHEN USING CLASS 2 AND CLASS 3 MATERIAL.
- 2. DENSITY TESTING IS REQUIRED IN 1 FOOT LIFTS ABOVE PIPELINE AT INTERVALS OF 400' MAXIMUM.
- 3. UNSUITABLE IN-SITU MATERIAL SUCH AS MUCK, DEBRIS AND LARGER ROCKS SHALL BE REMOVED.
- 4. THE AFFECTED AREA SHALL BE RESTORED TO EQUAL OR BETTER CONDITION OR AS SPECIFIED IN PERMIT / CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- 5. EMS MARKER REQUIRED MINIMUM EVERY 300 FEET OF PRESSURE PIPELINE.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT			
N.T.S. REVISION: JULY, 2019	TYPICAL TRENCH DETAIL FOR NON - PAVED AREAS	SD-1	



CLASS 1 MATERIAL - ANGULAR .25" TO .75" GRADED STONE SUCH AS CORAL, CRUSHED STONE, OR CRUSHED SHELLS OR BEDDING ROCK (100% PASSING 1" SIEVE).

CLASS 2 MATERIAL - COURSE SAND AND GRAVEL'S WITH MAXIMUM PARTICLE SIZE OF .25 INCH WITH SMALL PERCENTAGE OF FINES. COMPACT TO A MIN. 98% DENSITY PER AASHTO T-180.

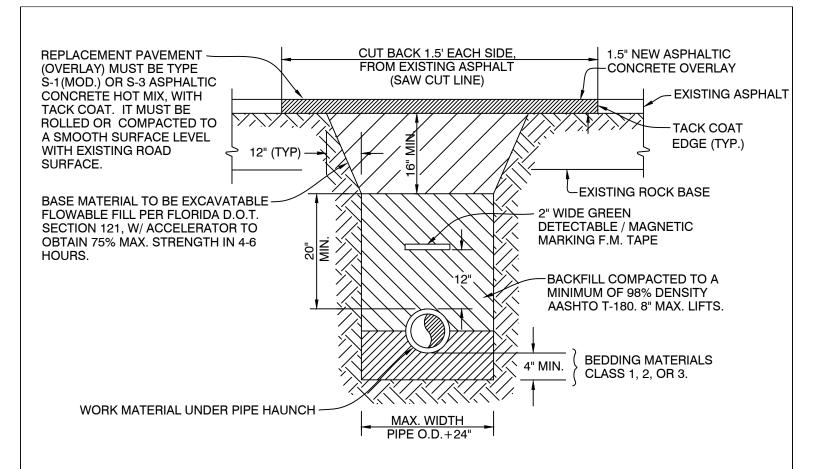
CLASS 3 MATERIAL - FINE SAND AND CLAYEY GRAVEL'S. INCLUDING FINE SANDS. SAND-CLAY MIXTURES AND GRAVEL-CLAY MIXTURES. INCLUDED IN CLASS 3 ARE EXISTING SOIL TYPES CLASSIFIED AS SELECT BACKFILL. COMPACT TO A MIN. 98% DENSITY PER AASHTO T-180.

- 1. ALL CUTS WILL REQUIRE COMPACTION TO DENSITY SPECIFICATIONS.
- 2. SAW CUT ASPHALT BEFORE EXCAVATING.
- COMPACTION MUST BE DONE BY A MECHANICAL VIBRATORY COMPACTOR. EACH LIFT MUST RECEIVE 5 PASSES OF THE COMPACTOR OVER ENTIRE SURFACE. BEFORE COMPACTING EACH LIFT, WATER MUST BE APPLIED AT THE RATE OF 1 GAL. PER LINEAL FOOT OF THE TRENCH FOR BACKFILL AND 0.5 GAL. PER LINEAL FOOT OF TRENCH FOR COQUINA BASE. WATER TO BE SPRINKLED EVENLY OVER TRENCH WIDTH.
- 4. UNSUITABLE IN-SITU MATERIAL SUCH AS MUCK, DEBRIS AND LARGER ROCKS SHALL BE REMOVED.
- THE AFFECTED AREA SHALL BE RESTORED TO EQUAL OR BETTER CONDITION OR AS SPECIFIED IN PERMIT / CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

6. EMS MARKER REQUIRED MINIMUM EVERY 300 FEET OF PRESSURE PIPELINE.

N.T.S. **TYPICAL TRENCH & PAVEMENT** REVISION: RESTORATION DETAIL



CLASS 1 MATERIAL - ANGULAR .25" TO .75" GRADED STONE SUCH AS CORAL, CRUSHED STONE, OR CRUSHED SHELLS OR BEDDING ROCK (100% PASSING 1" SIEVE).

CLASS 2 MATERIAL - COURSE SAND AND GRAVEL'S WITH MAXIMUM PARTICLE SIZE OF .25 INCH WITH SMALL PERCENTAGE OF FINES. COMPACT TO A MIN. 98% DENSITY PER AASHTO T-180.

CLASS 3 MATERIAL - FINE SAND AND CLAYEY GRAVEL'S, INCLUDING FINE SANDS, SAND-CLAY MIXTURES AND GRAVEL-CLAY MIXTURES. INCLUDED IN CLASS 3 ARE EXISTING SOIL TYPES CLASSIFIED AS SELECT BACKFILL. COMPACT TO A MIN. 98% DENSITY PER AASHTO T-180.

- 1. ALL CUTS WILL REQUIRE COMPACTION TO DENSITY SPECIFICATIONS.
- 2. SAW CUT ASPHALT BEFORE EXCAVATING.
- 3. COMPACTION MUST BE DONE BY A MECHANICAL VIBRATORY COMPACTOR. EACH LIFT MUST RECEIVE 5 PASSES OF THE COMPACTOR OVER ENTIRE SURFACE. BEFORE COMPACTING EACH LIFT, WATER MUST BE APPLIED AT THE RATE OF 1 GAL. PER LINEAL FOOT OF THE TRENCH FOR BACKFILL AND 0.5 GAL. PER LINEAL FOOT OF TRENCH FOR COQUINA BASE. WATER TO BE SPRINKLED EVENLY OVER TRENCH WIDTH.
- 4. UNSUITABLE IN-SITU MATERIAL SUCH AS MUCK, DEBRIS AND LARGER ROCKS SHALL BE REMOVED.
- 5. THE AFFECTED AREA SHALL BE RESTORED TO EQUAL OR BETTER CONDITION OR AS SPECIFIED IN PERMIT / CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
- 6. EMS MARKER REQUIRED MINIMUM EVERY 300 FEET OF PRESSURE PIPELINE.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: JULY, 2019 TYPICAL TRENCH & PAVEMENT RESTORATION W/ FLOWABLE FILL DETAIL

SD-3

PLACED BY MACHINE AND COMPACTED
TO A MINIMUM OF 95% DENSITY PER
AASHTO T-180 (12" MAX. LIFTS), OR PER
AGENCY HAVING JURISDICTION.

BACKFILL COMPACTED TO A
MINIMUM OF 98% DENSITY
AASHTO T-180. 12" MAX. LIFTS.

WORK MATERIAL
UNDER PIPE HAUNCH

MAX. WIDTH
PIPE O.D. +24"

MAX. WIDTH
PIPE O.D. +24"

NOTES:

CLASS 1 MATERIAL - ANGULAR .25" TO .75" GRADED STONE SUCH AS CORAL, CRUSHED STONE, OR CRUSHED SHELLS OR BEDDING ROCK (100% PASSING 1" SIEVE).

CLASS 2 MATERIAL - COURSE SAND AND GRAVEL'S WITH MAXIMUM PARTICLE SIZE OF .25 INCH WITH SMALL PERCENTAGE OF FINES. COMPACT TO A MIN. 98% DENSITY PER AASHTO T-180.

CLASS 3 MATERIAL - FINE SAND AND CLAYEY GRAVEL'S, INCLUDING FINE SANDS, SAND-CLAY MIXTURES AND GRAVEL-CLAY MIXTURES. INCLUDED IN CLASS 3 ARE EXISTING SOIL TYPES CLASSIFIED AS SELECT BACKFILL. COMPACT TO A MIN. 98% DENSITY PER AASHTO T-180.

- 1. IF CLASS 1 MATERIAL IS USED FOR BEDDING, IT MUST BE USED FOR THE ENTIRE EMBEDMENT. A DRY TRENCH SHALL BE MAINTAINED WHEN USING CLASS 2 AND CLASS 3 MATERIAL.
- 2. DENSITY TESTING IS REQUIRED IN 1 FOOT LIFTS ABOVE PIPELINE.

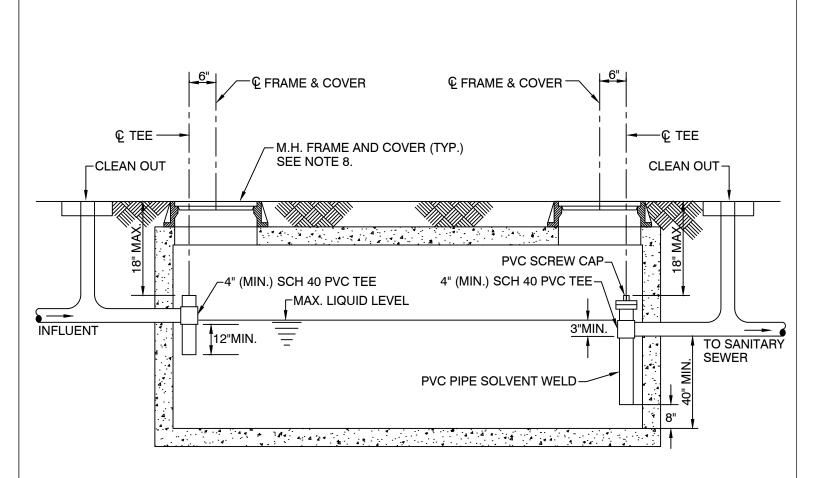
REMAINDER OF BACKFILL MAY BE

- 3. UNSUITABLE IN-SITU MATERIAL SUCH AS MUCK, DEBRIS AND LARGER ROCKS SHALL BE REMOVED.
- 4. THE AFFECTED AREA SHALL BE RESTORED TO EQUAL OR BETTER CONDITION OR AS SPECIFIED IN PERMIT / CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

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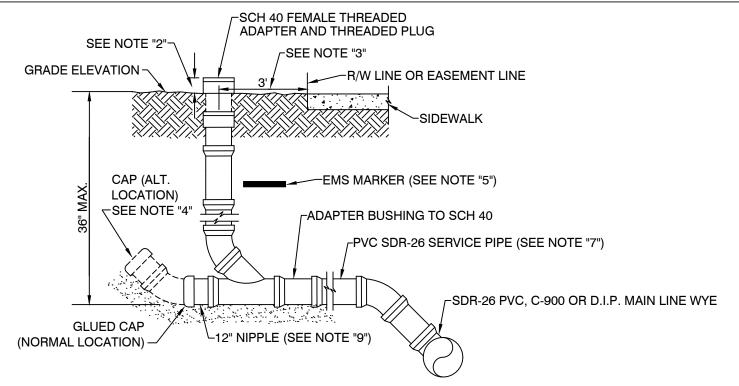
N.T.S. REVISION: APRIL, 2012

TYPICAL GRAVITY SEWER EMBEDMENT DETAIL



- 1. EFFECTIVE SIZE OF INTERCEPTOR 750 GALS MIN. AND SHALL BE MADE OF CONCRETE.
- 2. TANK TO BE DESIGNED TO RESIST FLOTATION WHEN EMPTY.
- 3. TWO-WAY CLEAN OUTS WILL BE INSTALLED IMMEDIATELY UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM OF ALL GREASE INTERCEPTORS. IF INSTALLED IN PAVED AREAS, A PROTECTIVE STANDARD CLEAN OUT COVER WILL BE INSTALLED PER SD-10.
- 4. TANK(S) SIZING SHALL FOLLOW SECTION 64E-6.013 (7) (D) OF CHAPTER 64E-6 OF THE FLORIDA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE, WHICH IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE 2020 FLORIDA BUILDING CODE. TANK CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 64E-6 OF THE FLORIDA ADMINISTRATIVE CODE.
- 5. ALL MATERIALS SHALL BE NEW AND CODE APPROVED.
- ALL MANHOLE COVERS USED SHALL BE MARKED WITH: "GREASE TRAP" LETTERING.
- 7. TANKS TO BE IN SERIES WHERE MULTIPLE UNITS ARE REQUIRED.
- 8. FOR TANKS UP TO 1,250 GALLONS, USE 24" STANDARD M.H. FRAME AND COVER, U.S. FOUNDRY. FOR LARGER TANKS, USE DOUBLE RING AND COVER TYPE, #230-AB-M, U.S. FOUNDRY. IF BRICK COURSES EXCEED 12" IN HEIGHT, THEN MINIMUM 30" OPENING AND DOUBLE RING AND COVER TYPE, #230-AB-M, U.S. FOUNDRY REQUIRED REGARDLESS OF TANK SIZE.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT					
N.T.S.		SD-5			
REVISION:	INTERCEPTOR DETAIL				
OCT, 2024					



- 1. WHERE SEWER LATERALS MAY BE FORCED TO BE INSTALLED AT A DEPTH GREATER THAN 36" DUE TO CONFLICT WITH OTHER UTILITIES, THE WYE FITTING MAY BE PLACED IN A VERTICAL POSITION ON THE CLEAN-OUT RISER PIPE (ALTERNATE CONFIGURATION)
- 2. LEAVE RISER 18" (MIN.) ABOVE GRADE. WHEN HOUSE RISER CONNECTION IS MADE BY BUILDING PLUMBER, RISER PIPE WILL BE CUT OFF, AND SET 2" ABOVE SOD GRADE (ADAPTER SHALL BE LEFT UNGLUED).
- 3. IN AREAS WHERE NO SIDEWALK EXISTS OR WHERE NONE ARE PLANNED, THE CLEAN OUT RISER WILL BE SET AT R/W OR EASEMENT LINE.
- 4. IN AREAS WHERE GROUND WATER TABLE IS LESS THAN 36" FROM FINISHED GRADE, NIPPLES OUT OF WYE WILL BE EXTENDED UP TO A POINT 6" MIN. ABOVE GROUND WATER TABLE.
- 5. EMS MARKER MODEL NO.1258, SERVICE LINE ELECTRONIC MARKER AS MFG. BY 3M CO., TO REMAIN IN PLACE AFTER CONNECTION OF BUILDING SEWER. BURY IN FRONT OF CLEAN OUT RISER 18" BELOW FINISHED GRADE.
- 6. 6" SINGLE SERVICES USED ONLY FOR COMMERCIAL OR MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL UNITS. (SEE SD-3 & SD-4)
- 7. WHEN MAIN LINE IS C-900 PVC OR EPOXY COATED DIP, SERVICE PIPE SHALL BE SAME MATERIAL AS MAIN LINE.
- 8. WHEN APPROVED BY THE DISTRICT, CLEAN-OUTS MAY BE PLACED IN PAVED AREAS, HOWEVER, PROTECTIVE BOXES AS SHOWN ON DETAIL SD-1 MUST BE INSTALLED.
- 9. CUT AND CAP SHALL BE PERFORMED ON 12" NIPPLE NOT MORE THAN 12" FROM WYE.

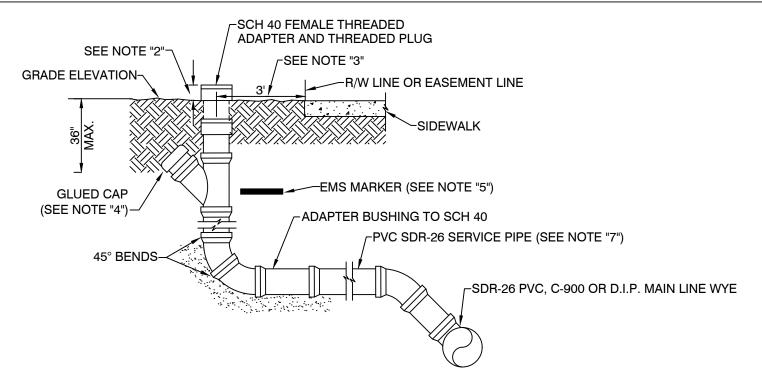
(PLUMBERS ONLY)

WHERE EXISTING SERVICE LATERAL IS VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE, BELL (HUB) WILL BE REMOVED WITH APPROVED SAW AND A "FERNCO" VCP X PVC COUPLING WILL BE USED TO JOIN THE EXISTING AND NEW PIPE. FERNCO COUPLING WILL BE WRAPPED IN STRANDS OF COPPER WIRE AND COUPLING WILL BE BEDDED IN TYPE "57" ROCK. WHERE EXISTING SERVICE LATERAL IS DIP OR C-900, A DISTRICT APPROVED PVC TRANSITION COUPLING WILL BE USED.

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N.T.S. REVISION: OCT, 2024

4" OR 6" SINGLE SERVICE CONNECTION DETAIL



- 1. WHERE SEWER LATERALS MAY BE FORCED TO BE INSTALLED AT A DEPTH GREATER THAN 36" DUE TO CONFLICT WITH OTHER UTILITIES, THE WYE FITTING MAY BE PLACED IN A VERTICAL POSITION ON THE CLEAN-OUT RISER PIPE (ALTERNATE CONFIGURATION)
- 2. LEAVE RISER 18" (MIN.) ABOVE GRADE. WHEN HOUSE RISER CONNECTION IS MADE BY BUILDING PLUMBER, RISER PIPE WILL BE CUT OFF, AND SET 2" ABOVE SOD GRADE (ADAPTER SHALL BE LEFT UNGLUED).
- 3. IN AREAS WHERE NO SIDEWALK EXISTS OR WHERE NONE ARE PLANNED, THE CLEAN OUT RISER WILL BE SET AT R/W OR EASEMENT LINE.
- 4. IN AREAS WHERE GROUND WATER TABLE IS LESS THAN 36" FROM FINISHED GRADE, NIPPLES OUT OF WYE WILL BE EXTENDED UP TO A POINT 6" MIN. ABOVE GROUND WATER TABLE.
- 5. EMS MARKER MODEL NO.1258, SERVICE LINE ELECTRONIC MARKER AS MFG. BY 3M CO., TO REMAIN IN PLACE AFTER CONNECTION OF BUILDING SEWER. BURY IN FRONT OF CLEAN OUT RISER 18" BELOW FINISHED GRADE.
- 6. 6" SINGLE SERVICES USED ONLY FOR COMMERCIAL OR MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL UNITS. (SEE SD-3 & SD-4)
- 7. WHEN MAIN LINE IS C-900 PVC OR EPOXY COATED DIP, SERVICE PIPE SHALL BE SAME MATERIAL AS MAIN LINE.
- 8. WHEN APPROVED BY THE DISTRICT, CLEAN-OUTS MAY BE PLACED IN PAVED AREAS, HOWEVER, PROTECTIVE BOXES AS SHOWN ON DETAIL SD-1 MUST BE INSTALLED.
- 9. CUT AND CAP SHALL BE PERFORMED ON 12" NIPPLE NOT MORE THAN 12" FROM WYE.

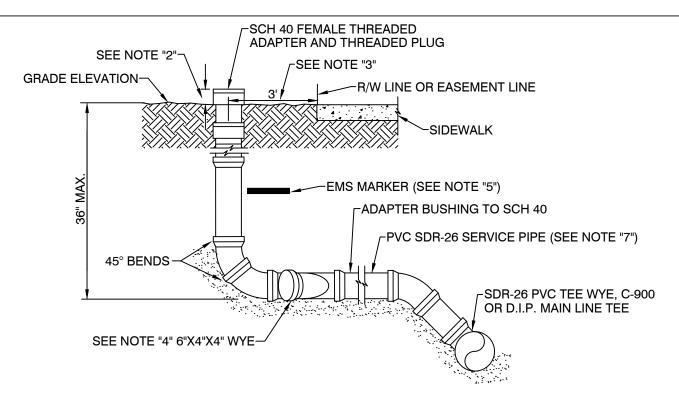
(PLUMBERS ONLY)

WHERE EXISTING SERVICE LATERAL IS VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE, BELL (HUB) WILL BE REMOVED WITH APPROVED SAW AND A "FERNCO" VCP X PVC COUPLING WILL BE USED TO JOIN THE EXISTING AND NEW PIPE. FERNCO COUPLING WILL BE WRAPPED IN STRANDS OF COPPER WIRE AND COUPLING WILL BE BEDDED IN TYPE "57" ROCK. WHERE EXISTING SERVICE LATERAL IS DIP OR C-900, A DISTRICT APPROVED PVC TRANSITION COUPLING WILL BE USED.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: OCT, 2024

4" OR 6" SINGLE SERVICE CONNECTION ALTERNATE CONFIGURATION DETAIL



- 1. WHERE SEWER LATERALS MAY BE FORCED TO BE INSTALLED AT A DEPTH GREATER THAN 36" DUE TO CONFLICT WITH OTHER UTILITIES, THE WYE FITTING MAY BE PLACED IN A VERTICAL POSITION ON THE CLEAN-OUT RISER PIPE (ALTERNATE CONFIGURATION)
- 2. LEAVE RISER 18" (MIN.) ABOVE GRADE. WHEN HOUSE RISER CONNECTION IS MADE BY BUILDING PLUMBER, RISER PIPE WILL BE CUT OFF, AND SET 2" ABOVE SOD GRADE (ADAPTER SHALL BE LEFT UNGLUED).
- 3. IN AREAS WHERE NO SIDEWALK EXISTS OR WHERE NONE ARE PLANNED, THE CLEAN OUT RISER WILL BE SET AT R/W OR EASEMENT LINE.
- 4. IN AREAS WHERE GROUND WATER TABLE IS LESS THAN 36" FROM FINISHED GRADE, NIPPLES OUT OF WYE WILL BE EXTENDED UP TO A POINT 6" MIN. ABOVE GROUND WATER TABLE.
- 5. EMS MARKER MODEL NO.1258, SERVICE LINE ELECTRONIC MARKER AS MFG. BY 3M CO., TO REMAIN IN PLACE AFTER CONNECTION OF BUILDING SEWER. BURY IN FRONT OF CLEAN OUT RISER 18" BELOW FINISHED GRADE.
- 6. 6" SINGLE SERVICES USED ONLY FOR COMMERCIAL OR MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL UNITS. (SEE SD-3 & SD-4)
- 7. WHEN MAIN LINE IS C-900 PVC OR EPOXY COATED DIP, SERVICE PIPE SHALL BE SAME MATERIAL AS MAIN LINE.
- 8. WHEN APPROVED BY THE DISTRICT, CLEAN-OUTS MAY BE PLACED IN PAVED AREAS, HOWEVER, PROTECTIVE BOXES AS SHOWN ON DETAIL SD-1 MUST BE INSTALLED.
- 9. CUT AND CAP SHALL BE PERFORMED ON 12" NIPPLE NOT MORE THAN 12" FROM WYE.

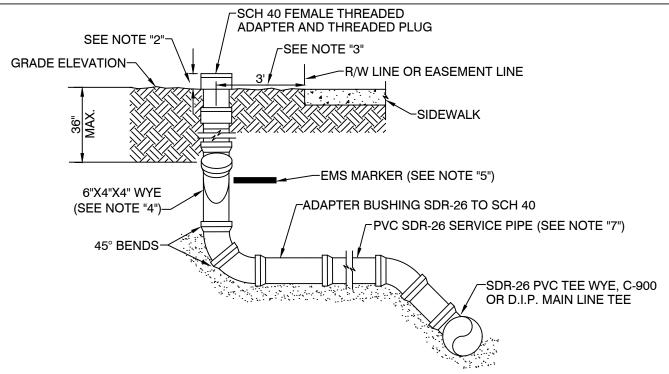
(PLUMBERS ONLY)

WHERE EXISTING SERVICE LATERAL IS VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE, BELL (HUB) WILL BE REMOVED WITH APPROVED SAW AND A "FERNCO" VCP X PVC COUPLING WILL BE USED TO JOIN THE EXISTING AND NEW PIPE. FERNCO COUPLING WILL BE WRAPPED IN STRANDS OF COPPER WIRE AND COUPLING WILL BE BEDDED IN TYPE "57" ROCK. WHERE EXISTING SERVICE LATERAL IS DIP OR C-900, A DISTRICT APPROVED PVC TRANSITION COUPLING WILL BE USED.

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REVISION:
OCT, 2024

6" DOUBLE SERVICE CONNECTION DETAIL



- 1. WHERE SEWER LATERALS MAY BE FORCED TO BE INSTALLED AT A DEPTH GREATER THAN 36" DUE TO CONFLICT WITH OTHER UTILITIES, THE WYE FITTING MAY BE PLACED IN A VERTICAL POSITION ON THE CLEAN-OUT RISER PIPE (ALTERNATE CONFIGURATION)
- 2. LEAVE RISER 18" (MIN.) ABOVE GRADE. WHEN HOUSE RISER CONNECTION IS MADE BY BUILDING PLUMBER, RISER PIPE WILL BE CUT OFF, AND SET 2" ABOVE SOD GRADE (ADAPTER SHALL BE LEFT UNGLUED).
- 3. IN AREAS WHERE NO SIDEWALK EXISTS OR WHERE NONE ARE PLANNED, THE CLEAN OUT RISER WILL BE SET AT R/W OR EASEMENT LINE.
- 4. IN AREAS WHERE GROUND WATER TABLE IS LESS THAN 36" FROM FINISHED GRADE, NIPPLES OUT OF WYE WILL BE EXTENDED UP TO A POINT 6" MIN. ABOVE GROUND WATER TABLE.
- 5. EMS MARKER MODEL NO.1258, SERVICE LINE ELECTRONIC MARKER AS MFG. BY 3M CO., TO REMAIN IN PLACE AFTER CONNECTION OF BUILDING SEWER. BURY IN FRONT OF CLEAN OUT RISER 18" BELOW FINISHED GRADE.
- 6. 6" SINGLE SERVICES USED ONLY FOR COMMERCIAL OR MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL UNITS. (SEE SD-3 & SD-4)
- 7. WHEN MAIN LINE IS C-900 PVC OR EPOXY COATED DIP, SERVICE PIPE SHALL BE SAME MATERIAL AS MAIN LINE.
- 8. WHEN APPROVED BY THE DISTRICT, CLEAN-OUTS MAY BE PLACED IN PAVED AREAS, HOWEVER, PROTECTIVE BOXES AS SHOWN ON DETAIL SD-1 MUST BE INSTALLED.
- 9. CUT AND CAP SHALL BE PERFORMED ON 12" NIPPLE NOT MORE THAN 12" FROM WYE.

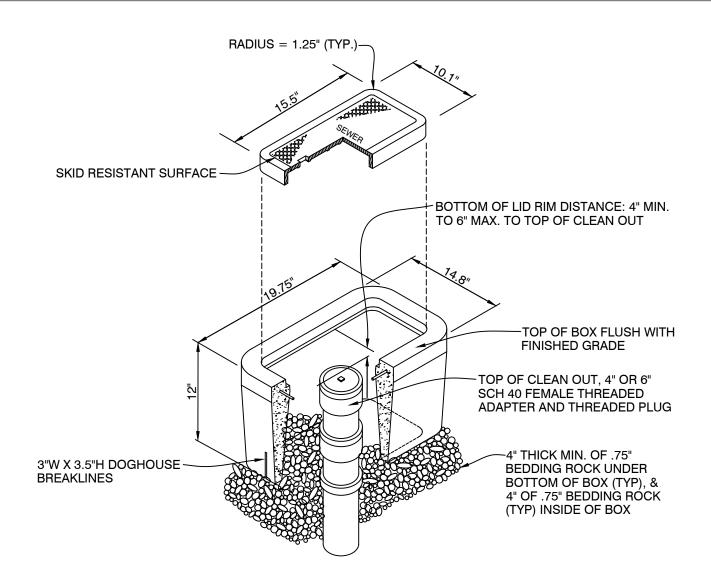
(PLUMBERS ONLY)

WHERE EXISTING SERVICE LATERAL IS VITRIFIED CLAY PIPE, BELL (HUB) WILL BE REMOVED WITH APPROVED SAW AND A "FERNCO" VCP X PVC COUPLING WILL BE USED TO JOIN THE EXISTING AND NEW PIPE. FERNCO COUPLING WILL BE WRAPPED IN STRANDS OF COPPER WIRE AND COUPLING WILL BE BEDDED IN TYPE "57" ROCK. WHERE EXISTING SERVICE LATERAL IS DIP OR C-900, A DISTRICT APPROVED PVC TRANSITION COUPLING WILL BE USED.

LOXAHATCHEE	RIVER DISTRICT
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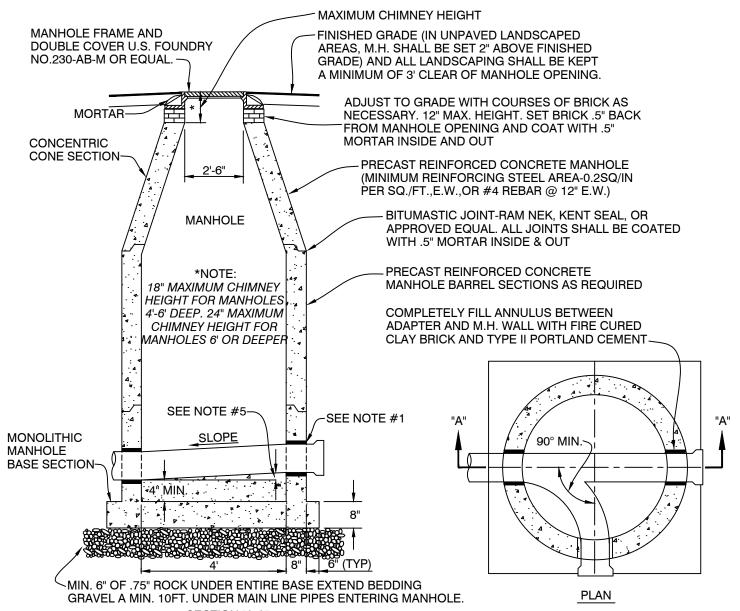
N.T.S. REVISION: OCT, 2024

6" DOUBLE SERVICE CONNECTION ALTERNATE CONFIGURATION DETAIL



- 1. STANDARD COVER MARKED WITH "SEWER".
- 2. CONCRETE: MIN. 28 DAY CONCRETE COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH = 4,500 PSI.
- 3. REINFORCING TO BE #6 GAGE WELDED WIRE FABRIC.
- 4. CLEAN OUT BOX, PLACED ON CRUSHED AGGREGATE.
- 5. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE APPROXIMATE.
- 6. LID & BOX MFG. BY BROOKS PRODUCTS SERIES 36 TYPE OR APPROVED EQUAL. (LID: NO. 36-T CAST IRON HEAVY DUTY COVER WT:18LBS, BOX: NO 36 BODY WT:92LBS.)

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT



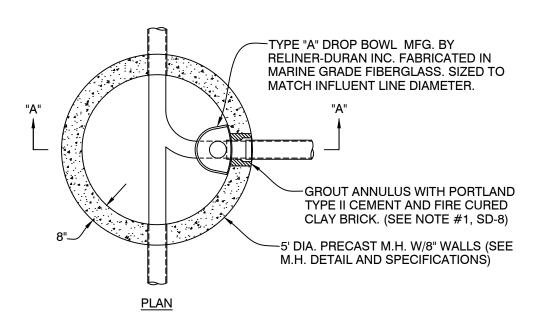
NOTES: SECTION "A-A"

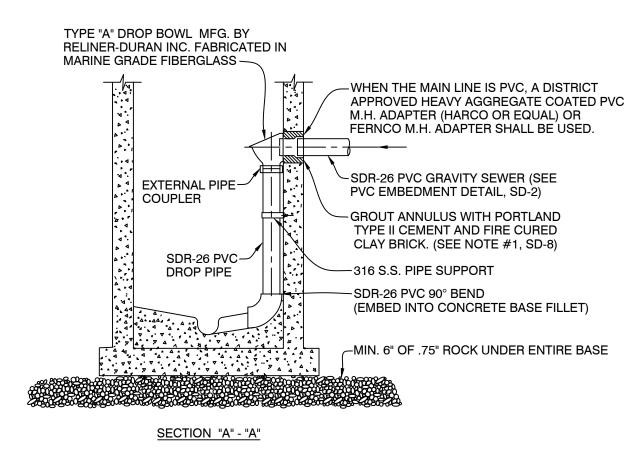
- 1. WHEN THE MAIN LINE IS PVC, A DISTRICT APPROVED HEAVY AGGREGATE COATED PVC M.H. ADAPTER (HARCO OR EQUAL) OR FERNCO M.H. ADAPTER SHALL BE USED. CAST IN PLACE RUBBER BOOTS WITH STAINLESS STEEL HARDWARE (CAST-A-SEAL 12-08 FOR 8", Z-LOC C-107 FOR ALL OTHER SIZES) MAY BE USED AS AN ALTERNATE.
- 2. CHANNEL WIDTHS AND INVERT RADII VARY UNIFORMLY FROM END TO END.
- 3. ALL HOLES FOR PIPES SHALL BE CAST INTO THE MANHOLES. OPENINGS REQUIRED ON ALL EXISTING MANHOLES SHALL BE CORED WITH APPROVED MACHINES.
- 4. WHEN INVERT DIFFERENTIALS BETWEEN PIPES ENTERING MANHOLES IS 2'. OR LESS, A "SLIDE" TYPE FLOW CHANNEL SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO FORM A SMOOTH FLOW TRANSITION. WHEN TWO (2) OR MORE "SLIDES" HAVE AN INVERT DIFFERENTIAL OF GREATER THAN .5' AND LESS THAN 2'. THE MANHOLE SHALL BE 5'-0". ALL INSIDE DROP MANHOLE'S SHALL BE 5' I.D. (SEE DETAIL SD-12).
- 5. A MINIMUM DIFFERENTIAL OF .1' SHALL BE PROVIDED BETWEEN THE INLET AND OUTLET PIPE INVERTS.
- 6. ALL MANHOLES 14' OR MORE FROM RIM TO LOWEST INVERT, SHALL RECEIVE A MINIMUM 0.5" THICK COATING OF SEWPERCOAT OR APPROVED EQUAL.
- 7. ALL MANHOLES IN A WELL FIELD PROTECTION ZONE 1 OR 2, SHALL RECEIVE A MINIMUM 1" THICK COATING OF SEWPERCOAT OR APPROVED EQUAL.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: MARCH, 2017

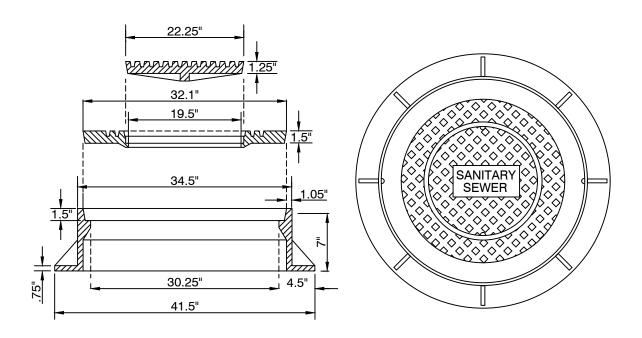
PRECAST MANHOLE DETAIL

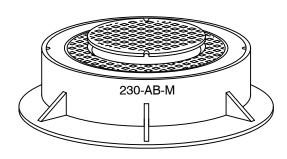




LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: APRIL, 2012 GRAVITY SEWER
INSIDE DROP MANHOLE DETAIL



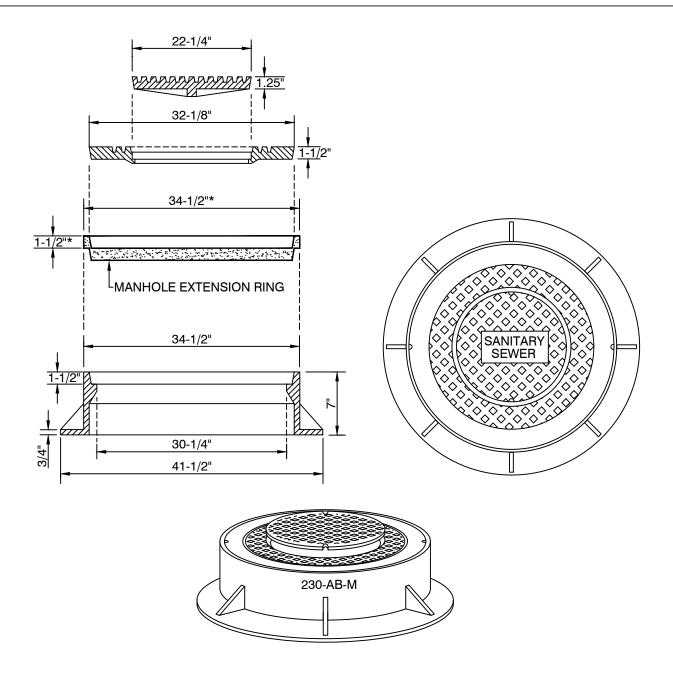


- 1. U.S.F. #230-AB-M MANHOLE RING & DOUBLE COVER, APPROXIMATE TOTAL WEIGHT 605 POUNDS
- IN CASES WHERE A SHALLOW FRAME IS REQUIRED USF MODEL #655 MAY BE SUBISTUTED FOR MODEL #230-AB-M

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: APRIL, 2012

MANHOLE FRAME AND COVER DETAIL



*DIMENSIONS TO BE FIELD VERIFIED BY CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO SHOP DRAWING REVIEW AND APPROVAL.

NOTES:

- 1. USE OF THIS DETAIL REQUIRES PRIOR APPROVAL FROM THE DIRECTOR OF ENGINEERING.
- 2. EXTENSION RINGS SHALL BE POLYPROPYLENE & FIBERGLASS. MANHOLE RINGS AS MANUFACTURED BY: "TURNER COMPANY".
- 3. ALL SURFACES SHALL BE CLEANED OF ALL DIRT, GREASE, OIL, RUST. METAL SURFACES SHALL BE WIRE BRUSHED.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

4. $\ \$ APPLY 3M 4693 ADHESIVE (OR APPROVED EQUAL) TO ALL MATING SURFACES.

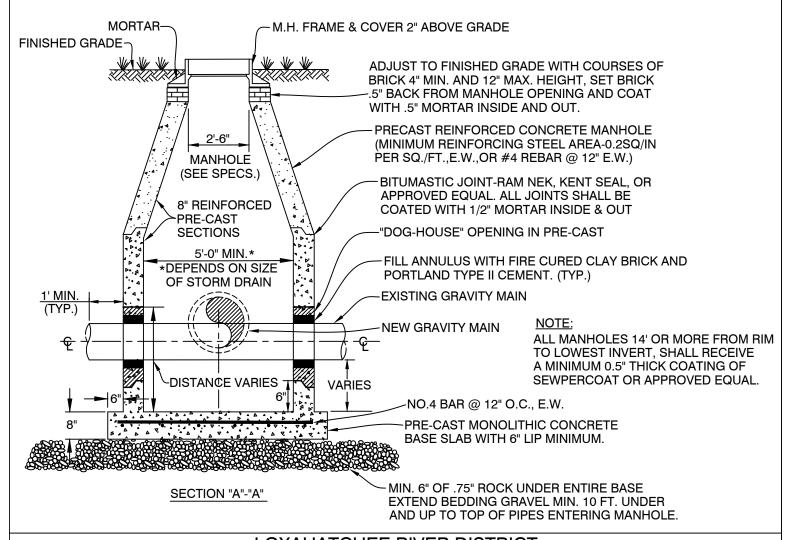
	20/01/// 01/22 11/12/1 5/01/10/	
N.T.S.		
REVISION:	MANHOLE EXTENSION RING DETAIL	SD-14

COMPLETELY FILL ANNULUS BETWEEN ADAPTER AND M.H. WALL WITH FIRE CURED CLAY BRICK AND TYPE II PORTLAND CEMENT "A" EXISTING FLOW LINE 90°MIN. NEW LINE

PLAN VIEW

NOTES:

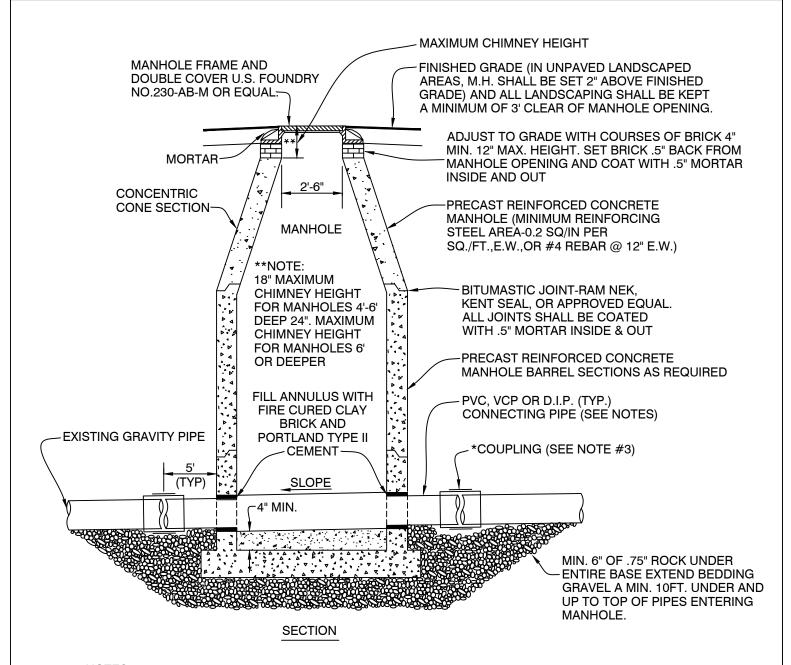
- 1. WHEN THE MAIN LINE IS PVC, A DISTRICT APPROVED HEAVY AGGREGATE COATED PVC M.H. ADAPTER (HARCO OR EQUAL) OR FERNCO M.H. ADAPTER SHALL BE USED. CAST IN PLACE RUBBER BOOTS WITH STAINLESS STEEL HARDWARE (LOCK-JOINT MODEL CP6) MAY BE USED AS AN ALTERNATE.
- 2. CHANNEL WIDTHS AND INVERT RADII VARY UNIFORMLY FROM END TO END.
- 3. ALL HOLES FOR PIPES SHALL BE CAST INTO THE MANHOLES. OPENINGS REQUIRED ON ALL EXISTING MANHOLES SHALL BE CORED WITH APPROVED MACHINES.
- 4. WHEN INVERT DIFFERENTIALS BETWEEN PIPES ENTERING MANHOLES IS 2FT. OR LESS, A "SLIDE" TYPE FLOW CHANNEL SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO FORM A SMOOTH FLOW TRANSITION. WHEN TWO (2) OR MORE "SLIDES" HAVE AN INVERT DIFFERENTIAL OF GREATER THAN 0.5FT. AND LESS THAN 2.0FT. THE MANHOLE SHALL BE 5'-0". ALL INSIDE DROP MANHOLE'S SHALL BE 5'-0" I.D. (SEE DETAIL SD-7).
- 5. A MINIMUM DIFFERENTIAL OF 0.1 FT. SHALL BE PROVIDED BETWEEN THE INLET AND OUTLET PIPE INVERTS



LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: APRIL, 2012

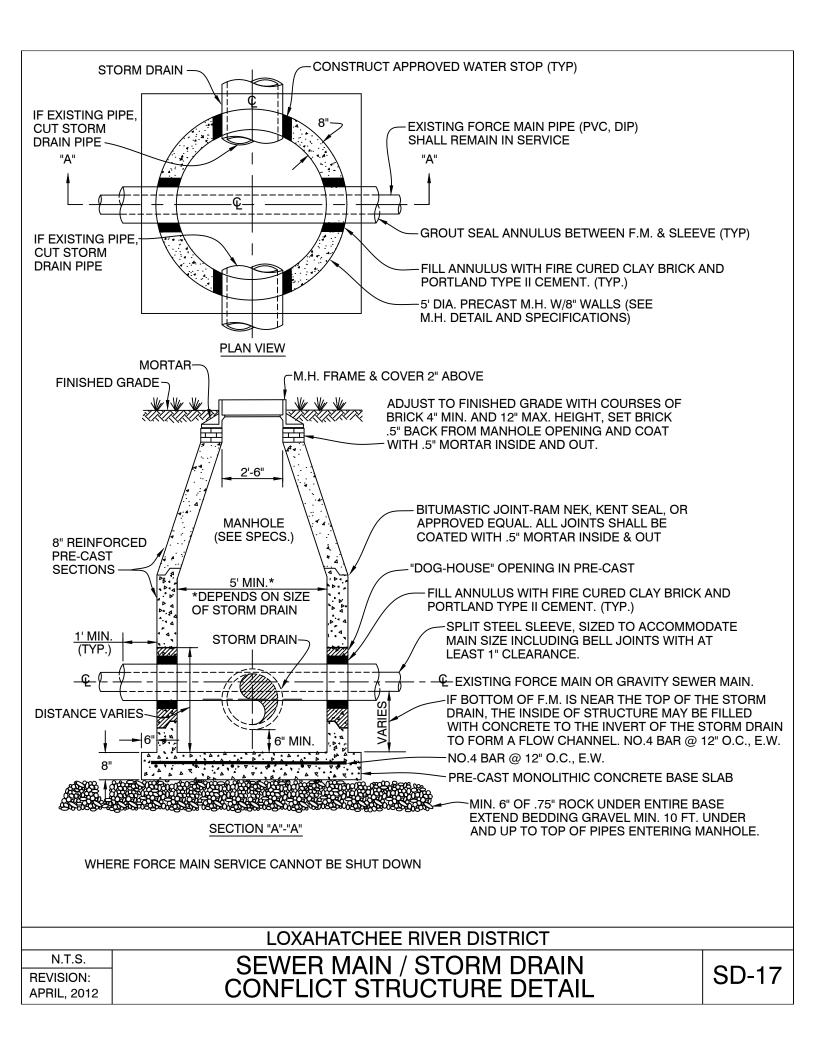
DOGHOUSE MANHOLE INSTALLATION INTO AN EXISTING GRAVITY SEWER LINE DETAIL



- 1. WHEN EXISTING GRAVITY PIPE IS VCP OR SDR-35 PVC, SDR-26 WILL BE USED TO MAKE CONNECTION. WHEN PIPE IS C-900, DIP OR SDR-26, USE SIMILAR PIPE TO RECONNECT.
- 2. EXISTING SEWAGE FLOWS SHALL BE BY-PASSED BY PUMPING BETWEEN CLOSEST AVAILABLE MANHOLES.
- 3. *WHEN EXISTING PIPE IS D.I.P., USE AN APPROVED C-900 COUPLING, WHEN EXISTING PIPE IS V.C.P., USE A FERNCO COUPLING. W/ COPPER WIRE WRAPPED AROUND PIPE AT BOTH ENDS OF FERNCO COUPLING.
- 4. WHEN THE MAIN LINE IS PVC, A DISTRICT APPROVED HEAVY AGGREGATE COATED PVC M.H. ADAPTER (HARCO OR EQUAL) OR FERNCO M.H. ADAPTER SHALL BE USED.
- 5. ALL MANHOLES 14' OR MORE FROM RIM TO LOWEST INVERT, SHALL RECEIVE A MINIMUM 0.5" THICK COATING OF SEWPERCOAT OR APPROVED EQUAL.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: APRIL, 2012 SEWER MANHOLE INSTALLATION INTO AN EXISTING GRAVITY SEWER LINE DETAIL



MINIMUM LENGTH (FT) TO BE RESTRAINED ON EACH SIDE OF FITTING(S)										
TYPE	PIPE SIZE									
	4"	6"	8"	10"	12"	16"	20"	24"	30"	36"
90° BEND	18	24	31	38	43	55	65	75	88	100
45° BEND	8	10	13	15	18	23	26	31	38	43
22-1/2° BEND	4	5	6	8	9	11	13	15	18	20
11-1/4° BEND	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	10	11	13
PLUG OR BRANCH OF TEE	38	50	65	79	90	117	139	163	194	223
VALVE	19	25	32	40	45	59	70	82	98	112
REDUCER	VARIES BY SIZE; TO BE DETERMINED BY THE DESIGN ENGINEER									

- 1. FITTINGS SHALL HAVE RESTRAINED JOINTS UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED.
- 2. INSTALL FULL LENGTH JOINTS WITH TOTAL LENGTH EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN LENGTH SHOWN IN THE TABLE.
- 3. WHERE TWO OR MORE FITTINGS ARE IN SERIES, SELECT FITTING RESTRAINT LENGTH THAT YIELDS THE LONGEST RESTRAINT DISTANCE.
- 4. ALL INLINE VALVES SHALL BE RESTRAINED.
- 5. WHERE INTERNAL RESTRAINED JOINTS ARE USED, THE ENTIRE BELL SHALL BE PAINTED RED.
- 6. LENGTHS SHOWN IN THE TABLE WERE CALCULATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH PROCEDURES OUTLINED IN "THRUST RESTRAINT DESIGN FOR DUCTILE IRON PIPE" GUIDELINES PUBLISHED BY DIPRA, USING THE ASSUMPTIONS SHOWN BELOW:

WORKING PRESSURE: 100 PSI SOIL DESIGNATION: SM (SAND SILT)

LAYING CONDITIONS: 3 DEPTH OF COVER: 3 FT SAFETY FACTOR: 1.5

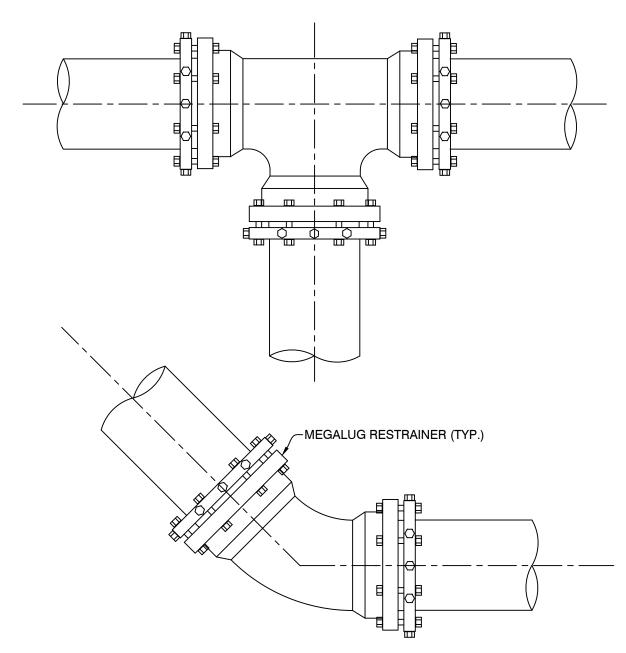
CONVERSION FACTOR FOR PVC PIPE: 1.25

THE DESIGN ENGINEER SHALL INCREASE THE VALUES IN THE TABLE AS WARRANTED BY SITE-SPECIFIC PARAMETERS, SUCH AS SOIL DESIGNATIONS AND LAYING CONDITIONS.

	LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT
N.T.S.	

REVISION: APRIL, 2012

FORCE MAIN THRUST RESTRAINT CHART

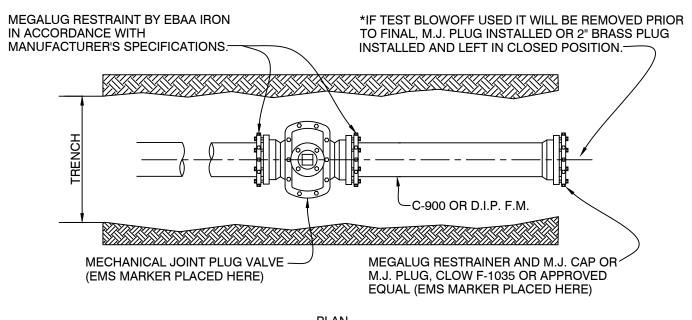


- 1. RETAINER GLANDS FOR PVC PIPE OR DUCTILE IRON PIPE SHALL BE USED AT BEND'S OR TEE'S; RETAINER GLANDS SHALL BE MANUFACTURED BY UNI-FLANGE CORP., OR "MEGALUG" BY EBAA IRON SALES INC., OR DISTRICT APPROVED EQUAL.
- 2. THE NUMBER OF JOINTS RESTRAINED EACH SIDE OF ANY FITTING OR VALVE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDATION.
- 3. ALL BEND'S & TEE'S SHALL HAVE AN EMS INSTALLED.

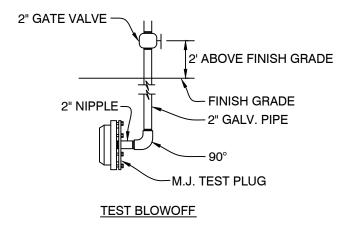
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N.T.S. REVISION: APRIL, 2012

FORCE MAIN THRUST RESTRAINT DETAIL



PLAN



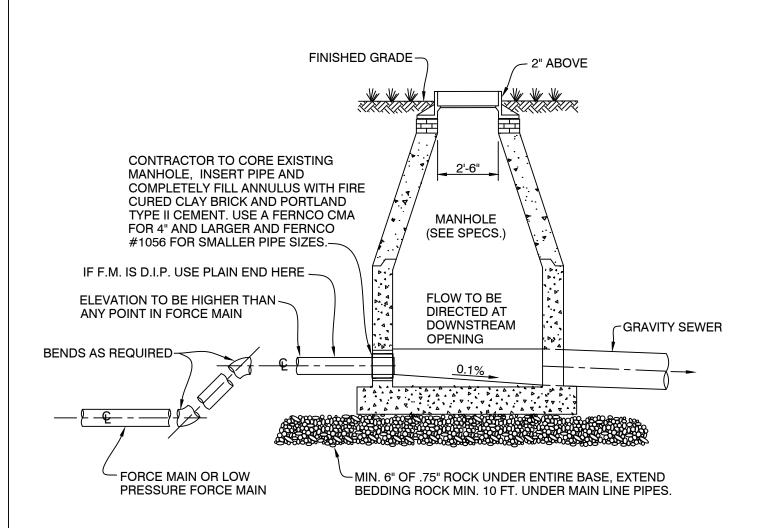
NOTE:

ALL JOINTS WILL BE RESTRAINED BY "MEG-A-LUG" RESTRAINERS AS MANUFACTURED BY EBAA IRON. THE NUMBER OF JOINTS TO BE RESTRAINED SHALL BE BASED ON MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS FOR APPLICABLE TEST PRESSURE RATINGS.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: APRIL, 2012

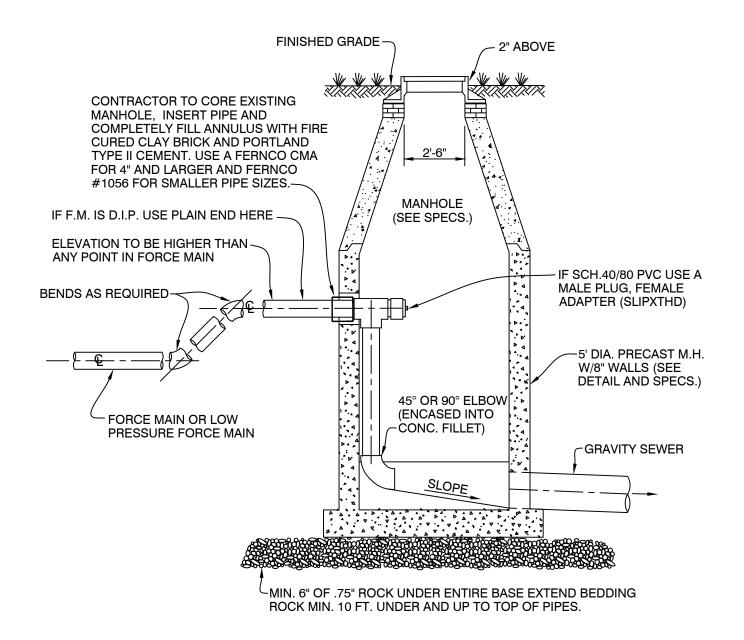
FORCE MAIN TERMINAL END DETAIL



1. WHEN ELEVATION OF FORCE MAIN AT MANHOLE IS HIGHEST POINT OF FORCE MAIN, BENDS CAN BE ELIMINATED.

N.T.S. REVISION: APRIL, 2012

FORCE MAIN INTO SHALLOW MANHOLE DETAIL

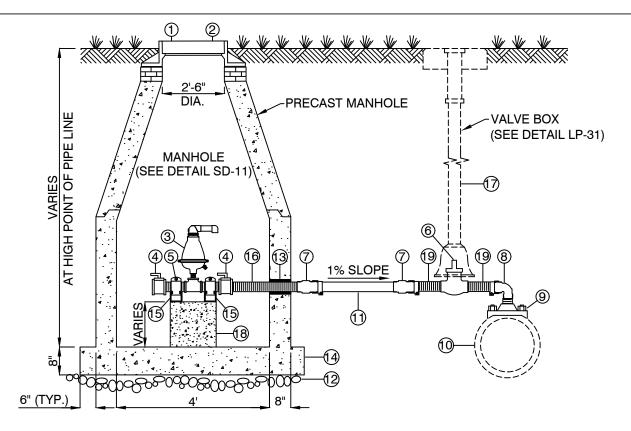


- 1. ALL DROP PIPING INCLUDING TEE SHALL BE D.I.P., PVC (C-900), OR SCH 40/80 PVC.
- 2. MANHOLE SHALL RECEIVE A MINIMUM 0.5" THICK COATING OF SEWPERCOAT OR APPROVED EQUAL.

LOXAHATCHEE	RIVER	DISTRICT
	—	

N.T.S. REVISION: APRIL, 2012

FORCE MAIN INTO DEEP MANHOLE DETAIL



- ① MH COVER TO BE PLACED 2" ABOVE FINISHED GRADE IN LANDSCAPE AREAS
- ② FRAME AND DOUBLE COVER U.S. FOUNDRY #230-AB-M OR APPROVED EQUAL
- ③ A.R.I. MODEL #D-025, SHORT VERSION COMBINATION AIR VALVE
- 4 2" 316 SS BALL VALVE, McMASTER CARR, MODEL #46495K26 OR APPROVED EQUAL
- (5) VALVE ASSEMBLY PIPE SHALL BE FASTENED W/ SS HARDWARE TO KEEP A.R.V. PLUMB
- ⑥ 2" BALL VALVE SHALL BE FORD #B11777 CURB STOP OR APPROVED EQUAL
- ⑦- PACK JOINT COUPLING (C87-XX-NL-STYLE) W/ SS STIFFENERS
- (8)- BRASS 90°

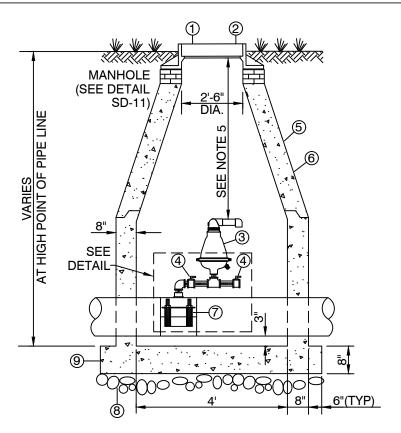
- (9) 316 SS DOUBLE BOLT SERVICE SADDLE W/ 2" N.P.T. THREADED OUTLET. THE SERVICE SADDLE & HARDWARE SHALL ALL BE 316 SS
- (10) FORCE MAIN OFFSET CONDITION
- (1) 2" HDPE-SDR11 PIPING (MIN 1% SLOPE)
- (12) MIN. 6" OF .75" GRAVEL UNDER ENTIRE BASE
- (13) FERNCO WATER STOP
- (14) MONOLITHIC BASE SECTION
- (5)- UNISTRUT TO BE ATTACHED W/ SS HARDWARE 2" EMBEDMENT
- (6)- SS NIPPLE TO BE MADE TO SIZE AND EXTEND THROUGH MANHOLE CONCRETE WALL
- (†)- VALVE BOX BINGHAM & TAYLOR I-4B WITH ARCHED BOTTOM AND STANDARD ROUND LID MARKED "SEWER"
- (18) 3000 PSI CAST IN PLACE CONCRETE
- (19) 8" BRASS NIPPLE

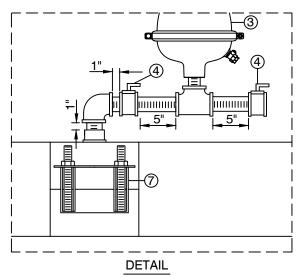
- 1. ALL MATERIAL, FITTINGS, VALVES, NIPPLES, AND HARDWARE TO BE MIN. 304 SS INSIDE MANHOLE.
- 2. VALVES SHALL HAVE ALL LOCKING MECHANISMS REMOVED, BE IN THE UPRIGHT POSITION, ACCESSIBLE AND OPERATIONAL VIA VALVE KEY FROM ABOVE.
- 3. CENTER ARV UNDER MANHOLE OPENING.
- 4. TOP OF AIR RELEASE VALVES SHALL BE NO LESS THAN 12" FROM INSIDE MANHOLE RIM ELEVATION AND NO GREATER THAN 24".
- 5. MANHOLE COVER SHALL BE MARKED "SEWER".

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: SEP, 2022

AUTOMATIC AIR RELEASE VALVE OFFSET FORCE MAIN CONDITION DETAIL





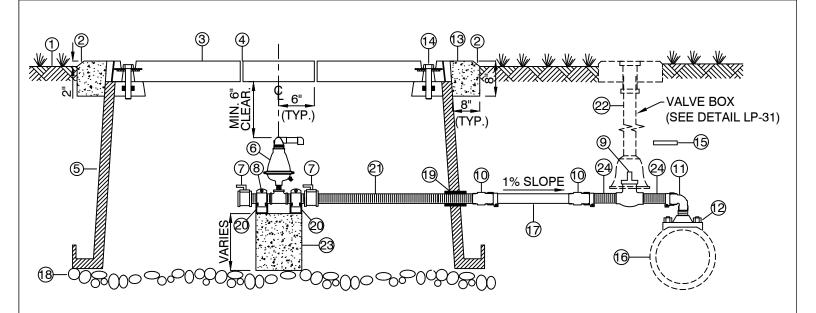
- ①- MH COVER TO BE PLACED 2" ABOVE FINISHED GRADE IN LANDSCAPE AREAS
- ②- FRAME AND DOUBLE COVER U.S. FOUNDRY #230-AB-M OR EQUAL
- ③- A.R.I. MODEL #D-025, SHORT VERSION COMBINATION AIR VALVE
- (4)- 2" 316 SS BALL VALVE, McMASTER CARR, MODEL #46495K26 OR APPROVED EQUAL
- (5)- PRE CAST CONE SECTION
- (6) 4' DIA, PRE CAST M.H. SECTION PER A.S.T.M. C-478
- 7- 316 SS DOUBLE BOLT SERVICE SADDLE W/ 2" N.P.T. THREADED OUTLET. THE SERVICE SADDLE & HARDWARE SHALL ALL BE 316 SS
- (8) MIN. 6" OF .75" GRAVEL UNDER ENTIRE BASE
- (9) MONOLITHIC BASE SECTION

- 1. ALL MATERIAL, FITTINGS, VALVES, NIPPLES, AND HARDWARE TO BE MIN. 304 SS INSIDE MANHOLE.
- 2. VALVES SHALL HAVE ALL LOCKING MECHANISMS REMOVED, BE IN THE UPRIGHT POSITION, ACCESSIBLE AND OPERATIONAL VIA VALVE KEY FROM ABOVE.
- 3. CENTER ARV UNDER MANHOLE OPENING.
- 4. IN SITUATIONS WHERE A FORCE MAIN CROSSES A CANAL OR IS ATTACHED TO A BRIDGE, WHERE A STRUCTURE IS NOT NECESSARY, AN A.R.V TYPE A.R.I. MODEL #D-025 SHALL BE USED.
- 5. TOP OF AIR RELEASE VALVES SHALL BE NO LESS THAN 12" FROM INSIDE MANHOLE RIM ELEVATION AND NO GREATER THAN 24".
- 6. MANHOLE COVER SHALL BE MARKED "SEWER".

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: SEP, 2022

AUTOMATIC AIR RELEASE VALVE DETAIL



- (1) FINISHED GRADE
- 2 45° CHAMFER (TYP.)
- ③ HUBBELL QUAZITE 30"X48" ARV BOX BOLT DOWN HEAVY DUTY COVER MODEL #C12304803A OR APPROVED EQUAL
- 4 DRILL .25" VENT HOLE, 2 HOLES THRU TOP LID (TYP.)
- ⑤ HUBBELL QUAZITE 30"X48"X18" ARV BOX MODEL #B12304818A OR APPROVED EQUAL
- ⑥ A.R.I. MODEL #D-025, SHORT VERSION COMBINATION AIR VALVE
- 7 2" 316 SS BALL VALVE, McMASTER CARR, MODEL #46495K26 OR APPROVED EQUAL
- (8) VALVE ASSEMBLY PIPE SHALL BE FASTENED W/ SS HARDWARE TO KEEP A.R.V. PLUMB
- 9 2" BALL VALVE SHALL BE FORD #B11777 CURB STOP OR APPROVED EQUAL
- (0) PACK JOINT COUPLING (C87-XX-NL-STYLE) W/ SS STIFFENERS
- (11) BRASS 90°
- (2)- 316 SS DOUBLE BOLT SERVICE SADDLE W/ 2" N.P.T. THREADED OUTLET. THE SERVICE SADDLE & HARDWARE SHALL ALL BE 316 SS

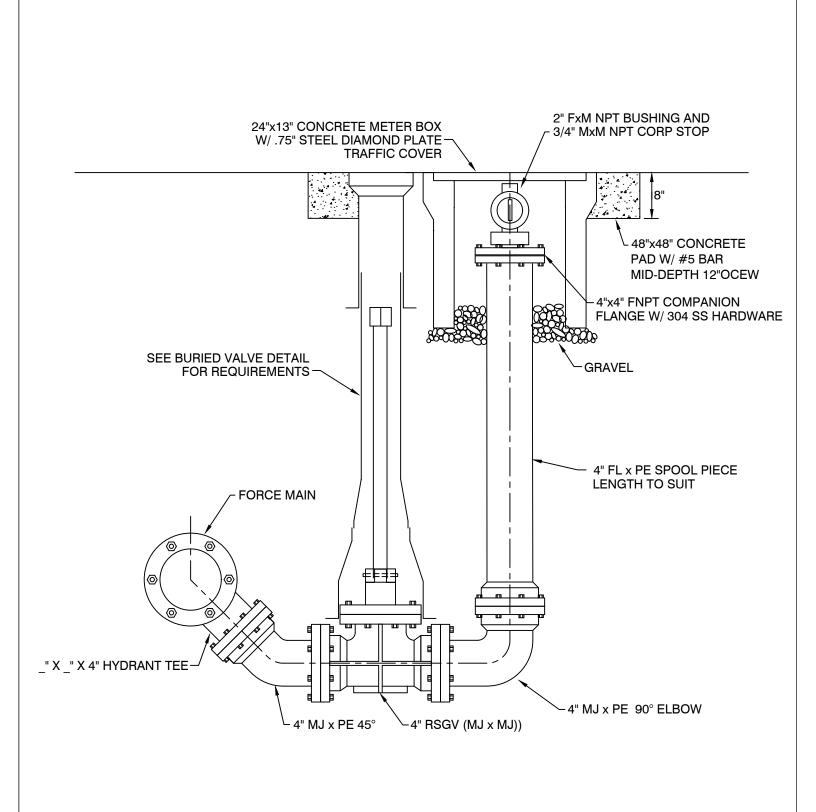
- (3)- CONCRETE COLLAR W/ #5 BAR MID-DEPTH FULL PERIMETER. OVERLAP BAR ENDS MIN. 6 INCHES.
- (4)- BOLT DOWN COVER (MARKED "SEWER")
- (5) EMS MARKER NO.#1258 ELECTRONIC MARKER SYSTEM AS MFG. BY 3M TEST AND MEASUREMENT SYSTEM AUSTIN, TEXAS (PLACED OVER TAP)
- (6)- FORCE MAIN OFFSET CONDITION
- 📆 2" HDPE-SDR11 PIPING (MIN 1% SLOPE)
- (18) MIN. 6" OF .75" ROCK UNDER ENTIRE BASE
- (9)- FERNCO WATER STOP
- O- UNISTRUT TO BE ATTACHED W/ SS HARDWARE
 2" EMBEDMENT
- ② SS NIPPLE TO BE MADE TO SIZE AND EXTEND THROUGH MANHOLE CONCRETE WALL
- 22- VALVE BOX BINGHAM & TAYLOR I-4B WITH ARCHED BOTTOM AND STANDARD ROUND LID MARKED "SEWER"
- (23) 3000 PSI CAST IN PLACE CONCRETE
- (24) 8" BRASS NIPPLE

- 1. THIS DETAIL TO BE USED ONLY WITH DISTRICT ENGINEER'S APPROVAL
- ALL MATERIAL, FITTINGS, VALVES, NIPPLES, AND HARDWARE TO BE MIN. 304 SS INSIDE ARV BOX.
- 3. VALVES SHALL HAVE ALL LOCKING MECHANISMS REMOVED, BE IN THE UPRIGHT POSITION, ACCESSIBLE AND OPERATIONAL VIA VALVE KEY FROM ABOVE.
- 4. CENTER ARV UNDER ARV BOX OPENING.
- 5. TOP OF AIR RELEASE VALVES SHALL BE NO LESS THAN 12" FROM INSIDE ARV TOP ELEVATION AND NO GREATER THAN 24".
- 6. ARV COVER SHALL BE MARKED "SEWER".

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: SEP, 2022

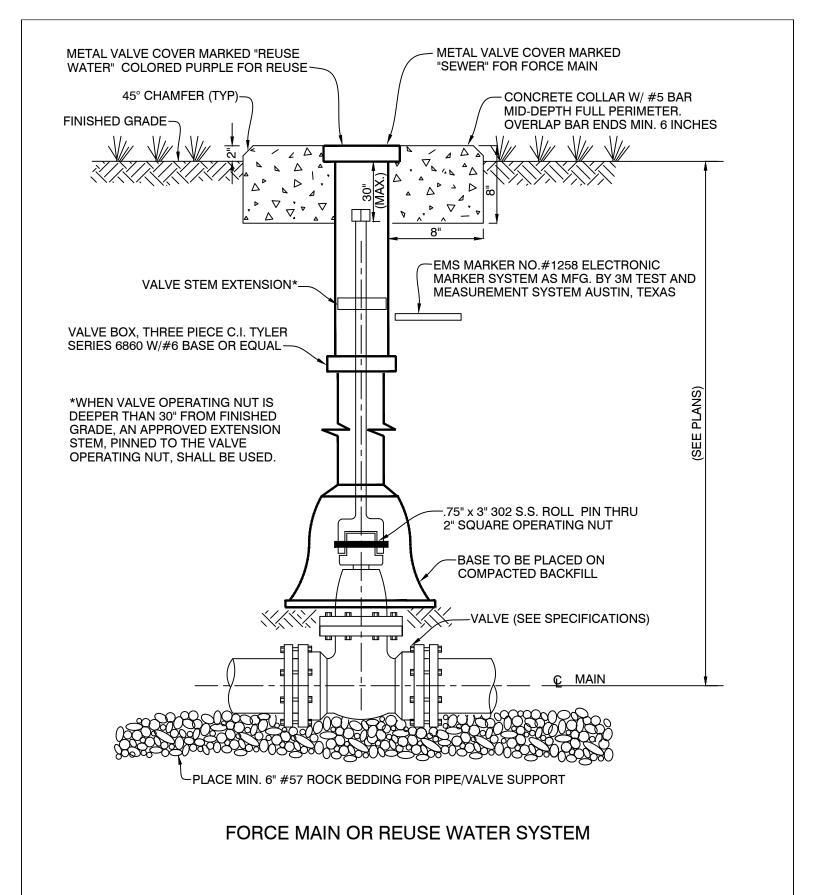
TYPICAL FORCE MAIN AIR RELEASE VALVE DETAIL ALTERNATE OFFSET CONFIGURATION



		DIOTRIOT
LOXAHATCHEE	RIVER	DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: FEB, 2025

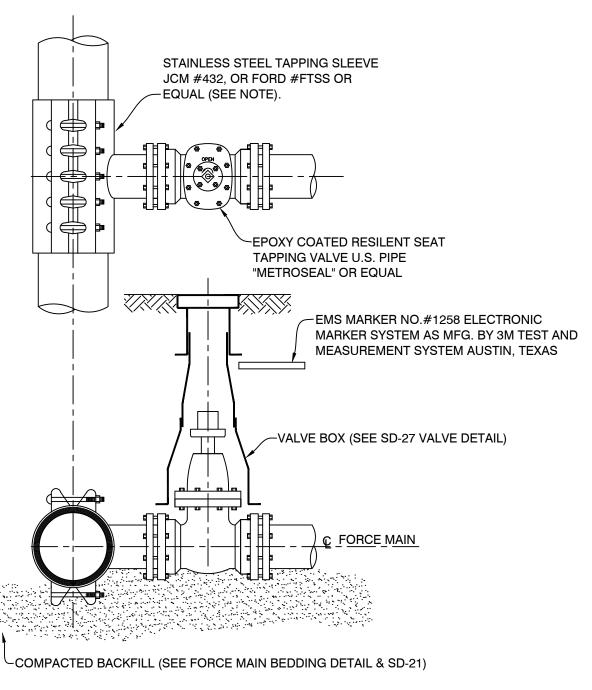
LOW POINT FORCE MAIN DRAIN DETAIL



LOXAHATCHEE	RIVFR	DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: JULY, 2019

BURIED VALVE DETAIL



ALL SLEEVES SHALL BE PRESSURE TESTED.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: JULY, 2019

TAPPING FORCE MAIN DETAIL

RECORD DRAWING SUBMITTAL GUIDE

- TWO (2) SETS OF FULL SIZE PRINTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DISTRICT FOR REVIEW 48 HOURS PRIOR TO REQUESTING INSPECTIONS SUCH AS, FINAL INSPECTION, PRESSURE TESTS, SANITARY SEWER LAMPING OR ANY OTHER ELEMENT OF THE SYSTEM WHICH IS DETERMINED BY THE DISTRICT TO REQUIRE CLARIFICATION.
- 2. THE DRAWINGS WILL BE REVIEWED BY THE DISTRICT FOR DEFICIENCIES. DEFICIENCIES WILL BE INDICATED ON ONE (1) SET OF PRINTS WHICH WILL BE RETURNED TO THE E.O.R. OR CONTRACTOR FOR NECESSARY CORRECTIVE ACTION.
- 3. UPON CORRECTION, TWO (2) SETS OF FULL SIZE PRINTS (SIGNED/SEALED BY A FLORIDA LICENSED SURVEYOR) SHALL BE SUBMITTED AND A GEOREFERENCED DESIGN AUTOCAD FILE (VERSION 2020 OR LATER).
- 4. NO DISCLAIMERS ON DRAWINGS WILL BE ACCEPTED.
- 5. UPON FINAL SUBMITTAL OF RECORD DRAWINGS, A GEOREFERENCED AUTOCAD FILE (VERSION 2020 OR LATER) AND AN ADOBE PDF 24"X36" FILE SHALL BE FURNISHED ON A CD/DVD DISK, THUMB DRIVE OR DOWNLOADABLE LINK EMAILED TO THE DISTRICT. ONLY (1) CAD FILE WITH ALL SHEETS OF RECORD DRAWINGS ALLOWED.

REQUIRED INFORMATION ON RECORD DRAWINGS

GENERAL:

- 1. DRAWINGS ON 24" X 36" BOND PAPER THAT WILL REPRODUCE LEGIBLY.
- LABEL EACH PLAN SHEET "RECORD DRAWINGS" WITH DATE, COMPLETED TITLE BLOCK WITH CURRENT FILE NAME, SIGNED & SEALED BY A FLORIDA LICENSED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR.
- 3. ALL SEWER ITEMS SHALL BE CATEGORIZED AND ASSIGNED TO THE DRAWING LAYERS SUCH AS: AB-MANHOLES, AB-FORCEMAIN, AB-VALVE, AB-GRAVITY MAIN, ETC.
- 4. REDRAW ALL SEWER LINES AND INFRASTRUCTURE ON RECORD DRAWINGS AS CONSTRUCTED HORIZONTALLY & VERTICALLY, BOLD, OR HEAVY LINE WORK & TEXT CALL OUTS TO STAND OUT FROM REST OF DRAWING. USING ORIGINAL DESIGN LINEWORK & ONLY UPDATING THE CORRESPONDING TEXT CALLOUTS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED AS RECORD DRAWINGS.
- 5. ALL ITEMS LISTED BELOW MUST BE CORRECTLY GEOREFERENCED WITH NORTHINGS/EASTINGS CLEARLY SHOWNED. THE AS BUILTS SHALL BE GEOREFERENCED TO THE STATE PLANE COORDINATES IN NAD 83, FLORIDA EAST ZONE, WHILE THE VERTICAL DATUM SHALL BE NGVD 29.

GRAVITY SEWER:

- AS-BUILT DISTANCE OF GRAVITY MAIN FROM CENTER LINE OF ROAD OR EASEMENT RIGHT- OF-WAY LINE, BUILDINGS, OR AS DETERMINED BY THE LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT. EXTENSIONS OF AN IMAGINARY LINE WILL NOT BE ACCEPTABLE AS REFERENCED POINTS.
- 2. TYPE OF MATERIALS INSTALLED MAINS AND SERVICES.
- 3. SHOW EACH SEWER SERVICE LATERAL INCLUDING THE CONNECTION TO THE MAIN AND PROVIDE THE NORTHING & EASTING POINTS FOR EACH CLEANOUT & INDICATE CLEANOUT DIAMETER & INVERT ELEVATION.
- 4. AS-BUILT LOCATIONS OF MANHOLES WITH A NORTHING & EASTING PROVIDED.
- 5. AS-BUILT ELEVATIONS, RIM ELEVATION, EACH INVERT AND PIPE SLOPE.
- 6. UPDATE LIFT STATION DETAILS/ELEVATIONS INCLUDING START UP DATA.
- 7. LIFT STATION AND UTILITY EASEMENTS, INCLUDING LOCATION OF F.P.&L. SERVICE TO CONTROL PANEL.

PRESSURE PIPE:

- 1. AS BUILT DISTANCE OF FORCE MAINS AT 100' INTERVALS FROM CENTER LINE OF ROAD, EASEMENT, RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE, BUILDINGS, SEWER MAINS OR AS DETERMINED BY THE LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT. EXTENSIONS OF AN IMAGINARY LINE WILL NOT BE ACCEPTABLE AS REFERENCED POINTS.
- 2. SHOW ELEVATIONS, NORTHING/EASTING OF EACH VALVE, FITTING, AIR RELEASE VALVE, SERVICE LINE, TAP, ETC.
- 3. TYPE OF MATERIALS INSTALLED PIPE AND APPURTENANCES. INDICATE ALL LOCATIONS OF CHANGE OF MATERIAL INCLUDING JOINT TYPE (M.J., SLIP, RESTRAINED).
- 4. VALVE TYPE (BUTTERFLY, GATE, PLUG) INCLUDING THE NORTHING & EASTING POINT.
- 5. AS BUILT LENGTH OF ALL JACK AND BORE CASINGS INDICATING DISTANCE FROM CENTER LINE OF PAVING TO EACH END OF CASING. THE AS BUILT INVERT ELEVATION OF EACH END OF CASING, (INCLUDING NORTHING/EASTING) AND AS BUILT DISTANCE FROM EACH END OF CASING TO LIMITS OF MECHANICAL JOINT PIPE IS ALSO REQUIRED.
- 6. AS BUILT ELEVATIONS AT 100' INTERVALS AS WELL AS ANY MAJOR CHANGES IN DIRECTION AND/OR ELEVATION. ELEVATIONS SHOWN AT THESE INTERVALS AND CHANGES MUST SHOW TOP OF PIPE ELEVATION, NORTHING/EASTING AND FINISHED GRADE ELEVATION AT THAT LOCATION. SHOW LOCATION OF EMS MARKERS.
- 7. UTILITY EASEMENTS SHALL BE CORRECTLY SHOWN AND DIMENSIONED WITH REFERENCED SEWER FACILITY.

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: AUG, 2022

RECORD DRAWING SUBMITTAL GUIDE

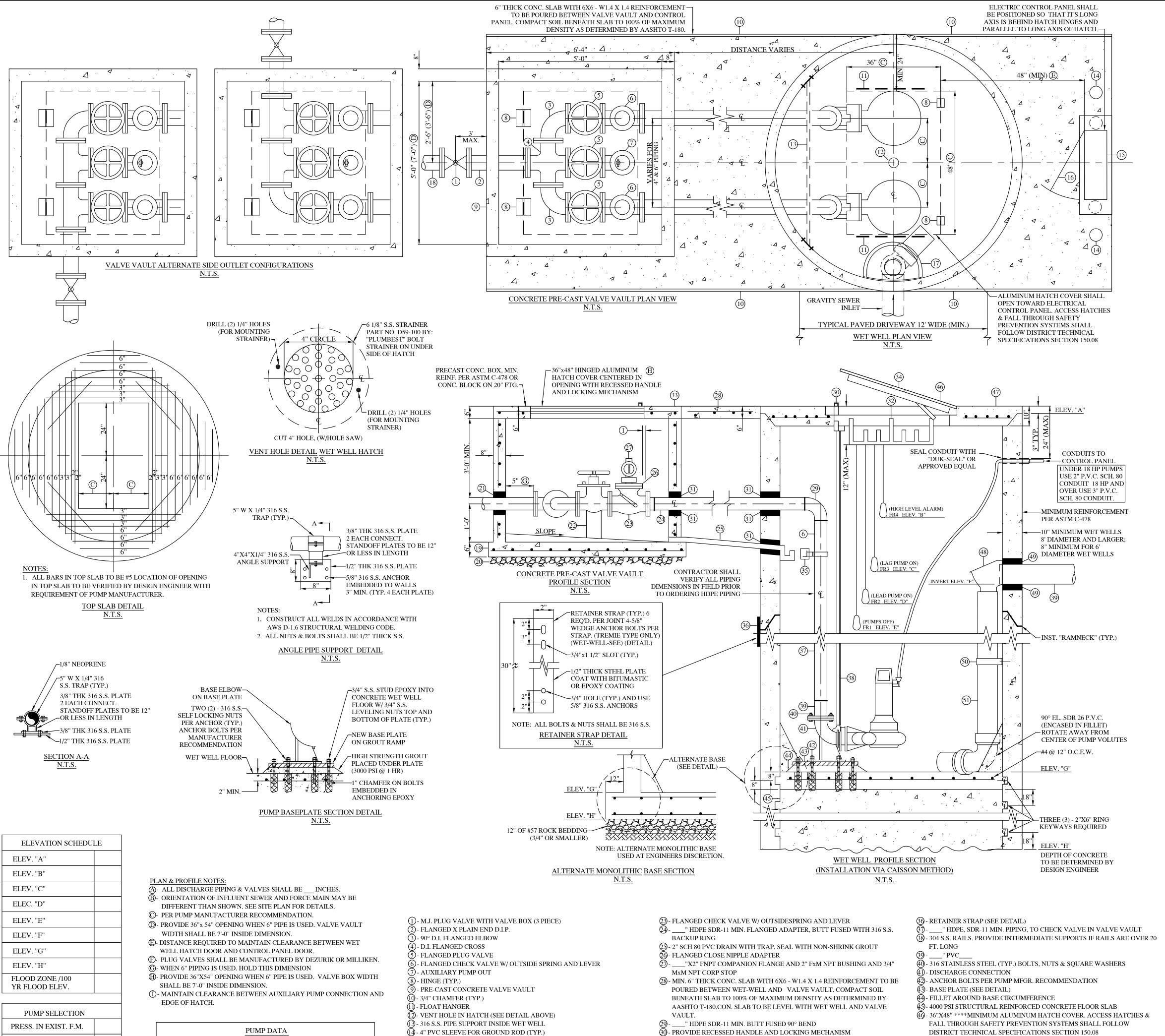
SEPARATION REQUIREMENTS

62-555.314 F.A.C. AUGUST 28, 2003

- HORIZONTAL SEPARATION BETWEEN UNDERGROUND WATER MAINS AND SANITARY OR STORM SEWERS, WASTEWATER OR STORMWATER FORCE MAINS, RECLAIMED WATER PIPELINES, AND ON-SITE SEWAGE TREATMENT AND DISPOSAL SYSTEMS.
 - A. NEW OR RELOCATED UNDERGROUND WATER MAINS SHALL BE LAID TO PROVIDE A HORIZONTAL DISTANCE OF AT LEAST THREE FEET BETWEEN THE OUTSIDE OF THE WATER MAIN AND THE OUTSIDE OF ANY EXISTING OR PROPOSED STORM SEWER, STORMWATER FORCE MAIN, OR PIPELINE CONVEYING RECLAIMED WATER REGULATED UNDER PART III OF CHAPTER 62-610, F.A.C.
 - B. NEW OR RELOCATED, UNDERGROUND WATER MAINS SHALL BE LAID TO PROVIDE A HORIZONTAL DISTANCE OF AT LEAST THREE FEET, AND PREFERABLY TEN FEET, BETWEEN THE OUTSIDE OF THE WATER MAIN AND THE OUTSIDE OF ANY EXISTING OR PROPOSED VACUUM-TYPE SANITARY SEWER.
 - C. NEW OR RELOCATED, UNDERGROUND WATER MAINS SHALL BE LAID TO PROVIDE A HORIZONTAL DISTANCE OF AT LEAST SIX FEET, AND PREFERABLY TEN FEET, BETWEEN THE OUTSIDE OF THE WATER MAIN AND THE OUTSIDE OF ANY EXISTING OR PROPOSED GRAVITY- OR PRESSURE-TYPE SANITARY SEWER, WASTEWATER FORCE MAIN, OR PIPELINE CONVEYING RECLAIMED WATER NOT REGULATED UNDER PART III OF CHAPTER 62-610, F.A.C. THE MINIMUM HORIZONTAL SEPARATION DISTANCE BETWEEN WATER MAINS AND GRAVITY-TYPE SANITARY SEWERS SHALL BE REDUCED TO THREE FEET WHERE THE BOTTOM OF THE WATER MAIN IS LAID AT LEAST SIX INCHES ABOVE THE TOP OF THE SEWER.
- 2. VERTICAL SEPARATION BETWEEN UNDERGROUND WATER MAINS AND SANITARY OR STORM SEWERS, WASTEWATER OR STORMWATER FORCE MAINS, AND RECLAIMED WATER PIPELINES.
 - A. NEW OR RELOCATED, UNDERGROUND WATER MAINS CROSSING ANY EXISTING OR PROPOSED GRAVITY- OR VACUUM-TYPE SANITARY SEWER OR STORM SEWER SHALL BE LAID SO THE OUTSIDE OF THE WATER MAIN IS AT LEAST SIX INCHES, AND PREFERABLY 12 INCHES, ABOVE OR AT LEAST 12 INCHES BELOW THE OUTSIDE OF THE OTHER PIPELINE. HOWEVER, IT IS PREFERABLE TO LAY THE WATER MAIN ABOVE THE OTHER PIPELINE.
 - B. NEW OR RELOCATED, UNDERGROUND WATER MAINS CROSSING ANY EXISTING OR PROPOSED PRESURE- TYPE SANITARY SEWER, WASTEWATER OR STORMWATER FORCE MAIN, OR PIPELINE CONVEYING RECLAIMED WATER SHALL BE LAID SO THE OUTSIDE OF THE WATERMAIN IS AT LEAST 12 INCHES ABOVE OR BELOW THE OUTSIDE OF THE OTHER PIPELINE. HOWEVER, IT IS PREFERABLE TO LAY THE WATER MAIN ABOVE THE OTHER PIPELINE.
 - C. AT THE UTILITY CROSSING DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPHS (A) AND (B) ABOVE, ONE FULL LENGTH OF WATER MAIN PIPE SHALL BE CENTERED ABOVE OR BELOW THE OTHER PIPELINE SO THE WATER MAIN JOINTS WILL BE AS FAR AS POSSIBLE FROM THE OTHER PIPELINE. ALTERNATIVELY, AT SUCH CROSSINGS, THE PIPES SHALL BE ARRANGED SO THAT ALL WATER MAIN JOINTS ARE AT LEAST THREE FEET FROM ALL JOINTS IN VACUUM-TYPE SANITARY SEWERS, STORM SEWERS, STORMWATER FORCE MAINS, OR PIPELINES CONVEYING RECLAIMED WATER REGULATED UNDER PART III OF CHAPTER 62-610, F.A.C., AND AT LEAST SIX FEET FROM ALL JOINTS IN GRAVITY- OR PRESSURE-TYPE SANITARY SEWERS, WASTEWATER FORCE MAINS, OR PIPELINES CONVEYING RECLAIMED WATER NOT REGULATED UNDER PART III OF CHAPTER 62-610, F.A.C.
 - *REQUIRED BY: HRS, STATE OF FLORIDA, PALM BEACH COUNTY PUBLIC HEALTH UNIT

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER DISTRICT

N.T.S. REVISION: APRIL, 2012



(SEE DETAILS SD-32, SD-33 & SD34)

MARINE GRADE FIBERGLASS (ATTACH W/ 4 S.S. BOLTS)

② - CONCRETE CRADLE SUPPORT UNDER OUTSIDE VALVES

(20) - 6" OF #57 ROCK BEDDING (3/4") OR SMALLER

(17) - TYPE "A" DROP BOWL MFG. BY RELINER-DURAN INC. FABRICATED IN

9)- MONOLITHIC BASE & WALL SECTION W/#4 BAR 12" O.C.E.W. (TYP.)

6)- CONTROL PANEL DOOR

(18) - FORCE MAIN CONNECTION

)- GROUT OPENING

SUCTION LIFT

STATION LOSS

FRICTION LOSS

STATIC HEAD

T.D.H. (FEET)

MANUFACTURER:

SEWAGE PUMP

SERIES:

RESERVED FOR SITE PLAN

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS:

IT IS THE INTENT OF THIS STANDARD TO SPECIFY A TWO PUMP SUB- MERSIBLE LIFT STATION COMPLETE IN EVERY RESPECT WHETHER OR NOT COVERED BY SPECIFICATION OR THESE CONSTRUCTION DETAILS.

THE SURFACE OF THE LIFT STATION AND PAVED ACCESS ROADWAY SHALL BE SET AT PROPER ELEVATIONS SO THAT FUTURE ACCESS TO THE STATION WILL NOT BE IMPAIRED BY FLOODING, EXCESSIVE ROAD GRADES, SWALES, WALLS OR LANDSCAPING IN ANY MANNER. A SITE PLAN OF THE LIFT STATION SIZE (PLOT PLAN) INDICATING ALL TOPOGRAPHICAL FEATURES, RIGHT-OF-WAYS AND EASEMENTS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DISTRICT FOR APPROVAL OF THE SITE AND ADJOIN- ING CONTIGUOUS AREAS.

THE WETWELL DRIVEWAY IS INCLUDED WITH THE JOB, IT WILL BE CONSTRUCTED PER LOCAL CODE REQUIREMENTS.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH AND PAY ALL FEES, DEPOSITS, AND SERVICE COSTS TO FLORIDA POWER AND LIGHT CORP., TO BRING THREE (3) PHASE, FOUR (4) WIRE 230/120 VOLT (480 VOLTS WHEN REQUIRED) UNDERGROUND POWER SERVICE TO THE LIFT STATION SITE. THIS REQUIREMENT DOES NOT APPLY TO PROJECTS INVOLVING LIFT STATION REHABILITATION WORK PERFORMED BY THE DISTRICT.

THE LIFT STATION AND APPURTENANCES SHALL INCLUDE ALL COUPLINGS, ANCHOR BOLTS, PIPING, VALVES, ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT, ETC., REQUIRED FOR A COMPLETE WORKING INSTALLATION.

A LIST OF EQUIPMENT INCLUDED UNDER THIS ITEM IS GIVEN BELOW. THIS LIST IS NOT ALL INCLUSIVE AND THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUPPLY ALL OTHER EQUIPMENT NECESSARY FOR COMPLETE WORKING INSTALL- ATIONS. THE LIFT STATION SHALL INCLUDE:

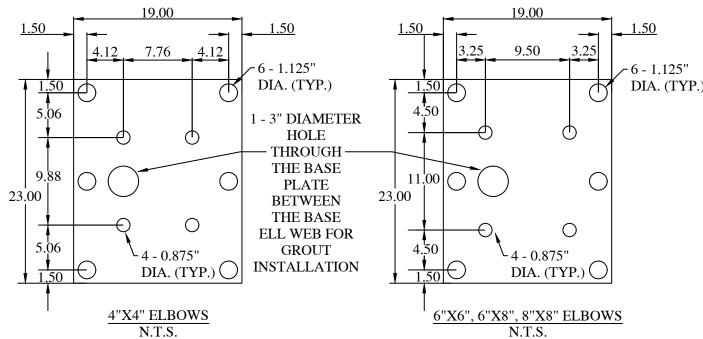
TWO (2) SUBMERSIBLE TYPE SEWAGE PUMPS WITH 304 STAINLESS STEEL GUIDE RAILS AND ALL ACCESSORIES.

TWO (2) DISCHARGE LINES WITH SWING CHECK VALVES, DEZURIK PLUG VALVES INSTALLED WITHIN A PRE-CAST CONCRETE PIT. (SEE STANDARD DETAIL THIS SHEET)

ONE (1) PUMP LEVEL CONTROL SYSTEM FOR PUMP LEAD/LAG CONTROLS WITH HIGH LEVEL ALARM, ELECTRICAL PANEL, ETC. (SEE DETAILS SD-32, SD-33 & SD-34)

ONE (1) WET-WELL STRUCTURE WITH ACCESS HATCH PER DISTRICT STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS SECTION 150.08.

ONE (1) PRE-CAST VALVE VAULT STRUCTURE.



BASE PLATE: 316 STAINLESS STEEL 0.50" THICK (ALL MEASUREMENTS IN INCHES)

NOTES

(7)-6"x8" REINFORCED CONCRETE COLLAR W/1 #5 BAR CONTINUOUS

BOWL TO BE INSTALLED AT OR BELOW PIPE INVERT

(51)- _____" P.V.C. PIPE S.D.R. 26 (LENGTH AS REQUIRED)

FIRE CURED CLAY BRICK

(50) - 2" S.S. STRAP WITH 1/2" Ø S.S. ANCHORS

48- TYPE "A" DROP BOWL MFG. BY RELINER-DURAN INC. FABRICATED IN

MARINE GRADE FIBERGLASS (ATTACH W/4 S.S. BLOTS). LIP OF DROP

(4) - CORE HOLE AND SEAL ANNULUS WITH PORTLAND TYPE II CEMENT AND

3) - CORE HOLE AND INSTALL NON- FERROUS WALL SLEEVE & ONE (1) LINK

SEAL MODEL OS-316 OR APPROVED EQUAL PER OPENING, SIZED FOR

(2) - TWO (2) FLOAT HANGERS TO BE INSTALLED ON SHORT SIDES OF HATCH

(35) - 316 S.S. PIPE SUPPORT WITH NEOPRENE GASKET APPROXIMATELY 5'

(3) - 6" CONCRETE SLAB 2-#4 TYP. 3-8 E.F. TOTAL 8 BARS

34) - 4" DIAMETER VENT HOLE (SEE DETAIL)

BELOW 90° ELBOW (SEE DETAIL)

OPENING. HANGERS SHALL BE SUPPLIED BY PUMP MANUFACTURER

HDPE OUTER DIAMETER

- 1. EACH BASE ELBOW SHALL BE SECURED TO THE BOTTOM OF THE WET WELL WITH FOUR (4) 3/4" DIAMETER 316 S.S. THREADED RODS, 316 S.S. SELF LOCKING NUTS, AND 316 S.S. PLATE. THE PLATE SHALL BE SECURED WITH SIX (6) 1" DIAMETER 316 S.S. THREADED RODS. THE THREADED RODS SHALL BE EMBEDDED A MINIMUM OF 6" INTO THE CONCRETE AND THE MAXIMUM TIGHTENING TORQUE APPLIED IS 110 FT. LBS.
- 2. ANCHOR STUD HEIGHTS ABOVE THE GROUT RAMP SHOULD ALLOW FOR PLATE AND BASE ELBOW THICKNESS, WASHERS, DOUBLE SELF-LOCKING NUTS WITH VERY LITTLE EXTRA HEIGHT (I.E., 0.25: OR LESS).

WASHER. EACH PUMP BASE ELBOW SHALL UTILIZE 2"x2"x1/4" 316 SS FABRICATED WASHERS.

- 3. EACH ANCHORING ROD SHALL HAVE TWO (2) SELF-LOCKING NUTS, AND A SINGLE
- 4. CONTRACTOR SHALL USE A QUICK SET, HIGH STRENGTH, NON-SHRINKING GROUT TO CREATE 2-INCH (MINIMUM) LIFT OFF OF EXISTING FLOOR (7000 PSI @ 24 HOURS). CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE EXISTING FLOOR IS CLEANED AND PREPARED TO MAXIMIZE BONDING OF GROUT. DRY PACKING NOT ALLOWED.
- 5. ALTERNATE BASE ELL STUDS. CONTRACTOR MAY PROVIDE (4) 3/4" 316 SS THREADED RODS INSTALLED THROUGH 0.875" DIAMETER HOLES AND WELDED TO THE BOTTOM OF THE BASE PLATE TO ANCHOR THE BASE ELLS TO THE BASE PLATES.

Drawn: JD

Checked: KD

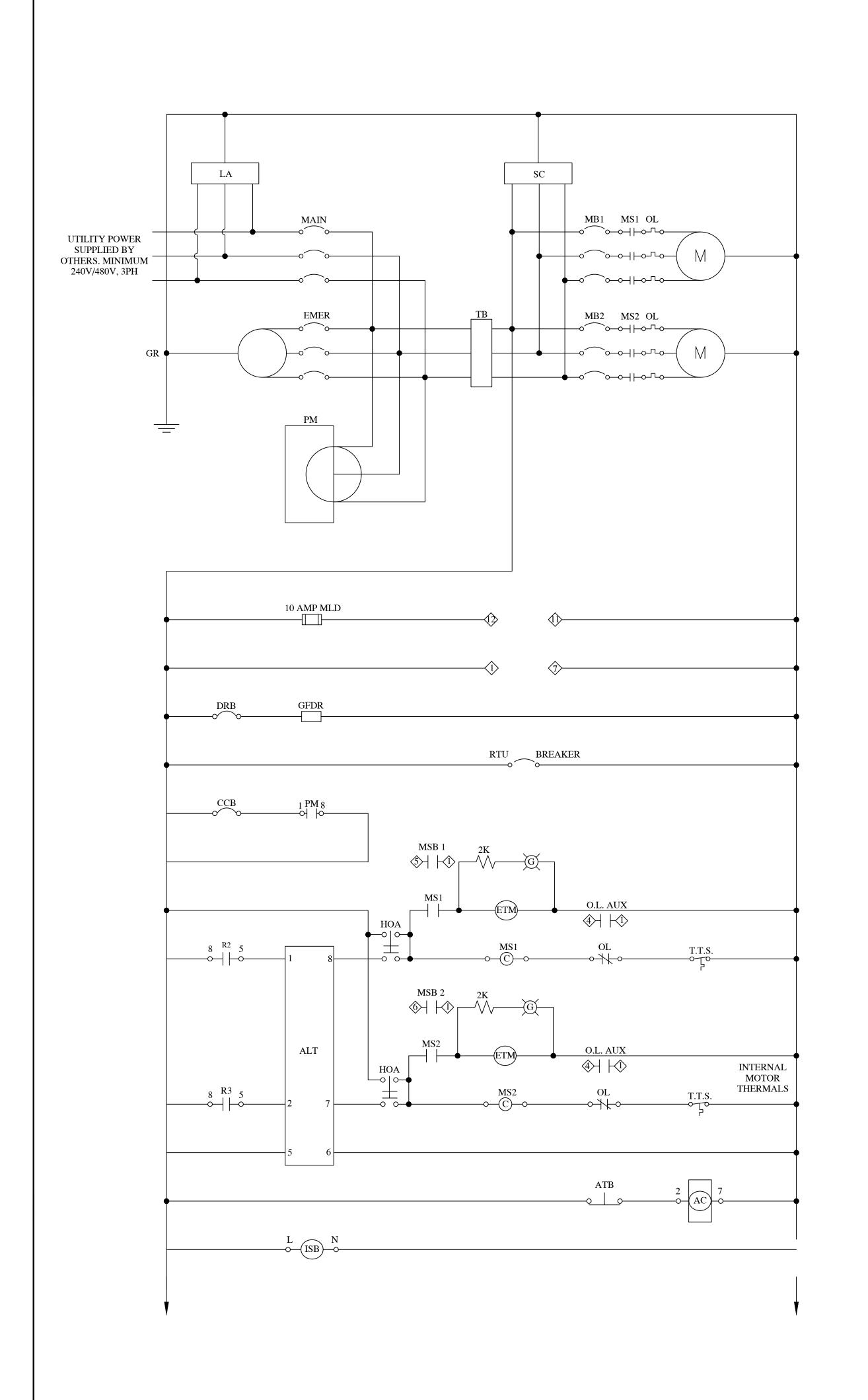
Proj. Eng. CJ

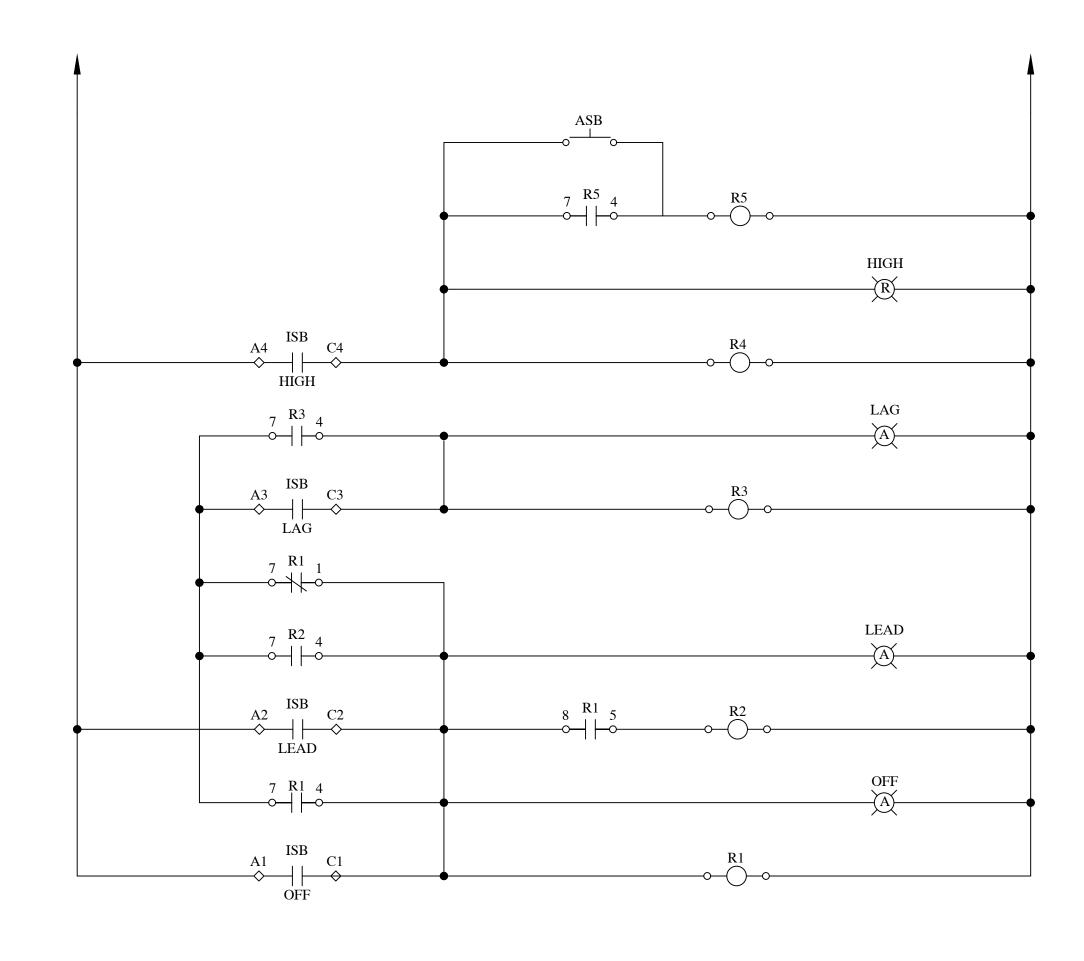
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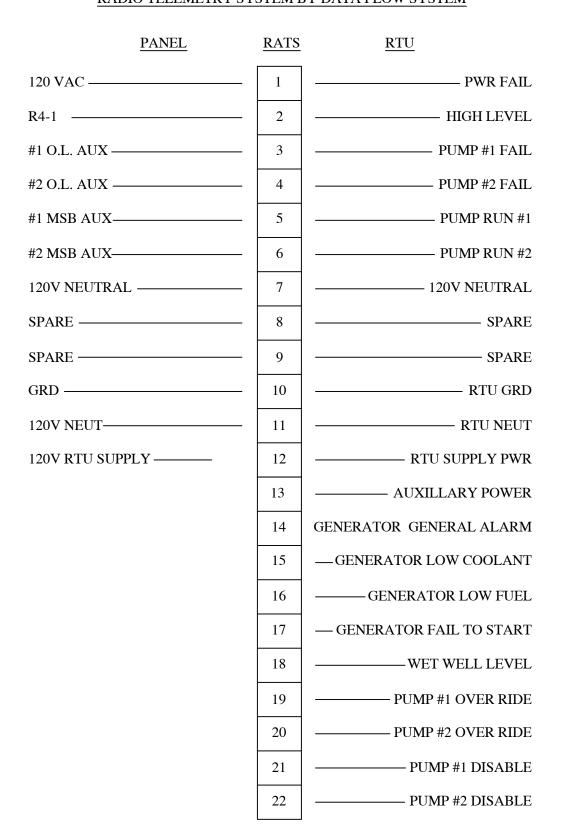
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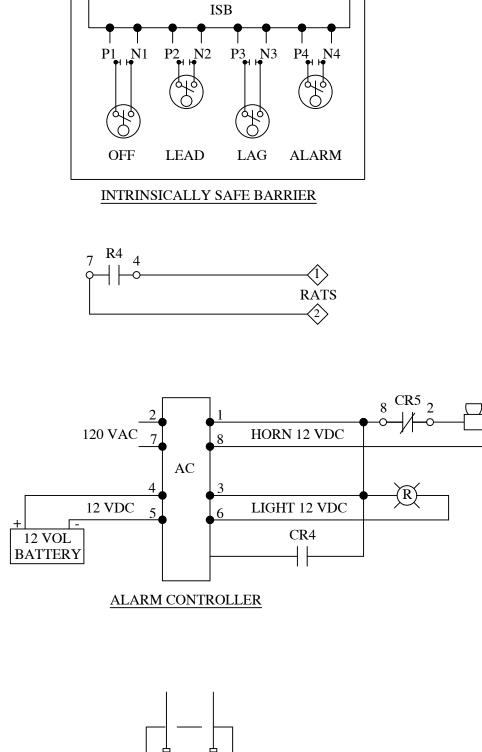
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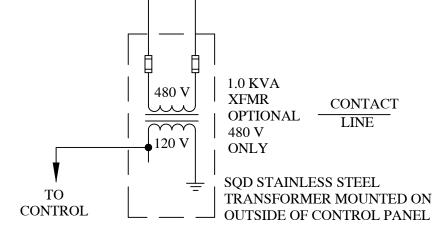




RADIO TELEMETRY SYSTEM BY DATA FLOW SYSTEM







ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL DISTRICT

2500 JUPITER PARK DRIVE

JUPITER, FL 33458-8964

(561) 747-5700 MAIN

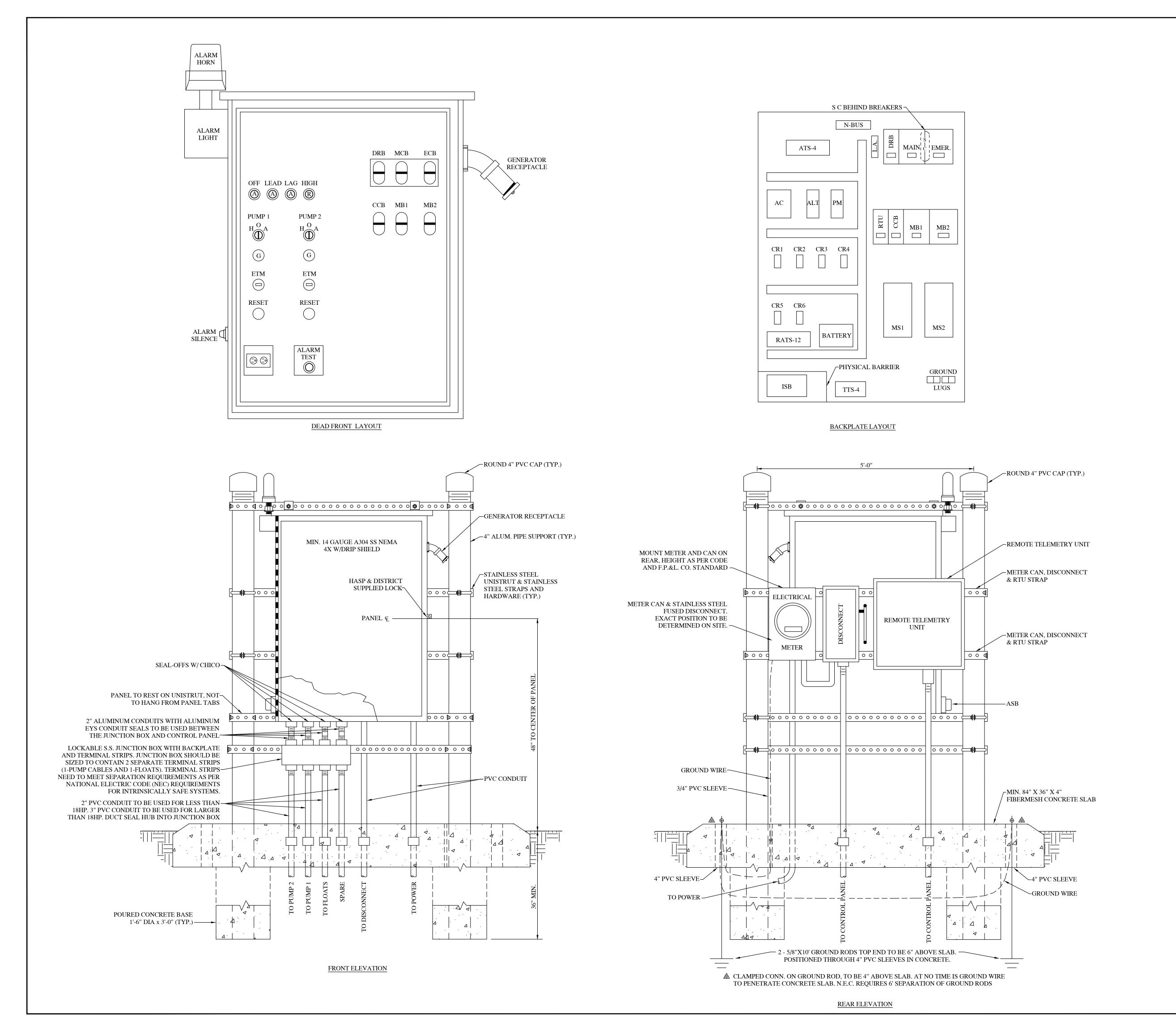
(561) 747-9929 FAX

www. loxabatcheeriver ore

Rev. Description

LIFT STATION
ELECTRICAL CONTROL PANEL
STANDARD DETAILS

Scale: NTS
Date: JUNE 2023



LOXAHATCHEE RIVER
ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL DISTRICT
2500 JUPITER PARK DRIVE
JUPITER, FL 33458-8964
(561) 747-5700 MAIN
(561) 747-9929 FAX

www.loxahatcheeriver.org

Rev. Description

LIFT STATION
ELECTRICAL CONTROL PANEL
STANDARD DETAILS

Scale: NTS
Date: JUNE 2023

- 1. FOUR (4) COPIES OF DETAILED INSTALLATION DRAWINGS INCLUDING WIRING DIAGRAMS, PUMP CURVES AND MAINTENANCE AND OPERATING MANUALS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE DISTRICT AT THE TIME OF INITIAL START UP.
- 2. THE SERVICES OF A FACTORY-TRAINED REPRESENTATIVE SHALL BE FURNISHED FOR THE LIFT STATION START UP. THE REPRESENTATIVE SHALL CHECK ALL ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS, WIRING AND PUMP OPERATIONS.
- 3. THE PUMP MANUFACTURER SHALL WARRANT THE PUMPS FOR A PERIOD OF FIVE (5) YEARS FROM THE DATE OF PUMP MANUFACTURER'S SHIPPING DATE. THE WARRANTY MUST INCLUDE A MINIMUM 100% COVERAGE OF THE MANUFACTURER'S SHOP LABOR AND PARTS FOR THE FIRST EIGHTEEN MONTHS, THEN 50% COVERAGE THROUGH THE THIRD YEAR, AND 25% COVERAGE THROUGH THE FIFTH YEAR.
- 4. THE PANEL SHALL INCLUDE BACK-UP CIRCUITRY TO PERMIT ONE PUMP TO OPERATE WITH A NORMAL DRAWDOWN IN THE EVENT OF FAILURE (OPEN CIRCUIT) OF THE "STOP" LEVEL REGULATOR.
- 5. PROVIDE ONE SPARE ALTERNATOR AND ONE SPARE PHASE MONITOR.
- 6. A COPY OF THE PANEL WIRING DIAGRAM SHALL BE ATTACHED TO THE INSIDE OF THE OUTER PANEL DOOR. AN EXTRA COPY SHALL BE GIVEN TO THE DISTRICT.
- 7. SUBSTITUTIONS OF EQUAL, COMPATIBLE MATERIALS WILL BE PERMITTED BUT REQUIRE PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL FROM THE DISTRICT.
- 8. FOUR (4) LEVEL CONTROL FLOAT SWITCHES SHALL BE INSTALLED IN THE WET-WELL TO CONTROL THE OPERATION OF THE PUMPS WITH VARIATIONS OF LIQUID LEVEL IN THE WET-WELL. THE FLOAT SWITCHES SHALL BE "ROTO-FLOAT" BY ANCHOR SCIENTIFIC INC. SWITCHES HERMETICALLY SEALED IN A POLYPROPYLENE CASING WITH A FIRMLY BONDED ELECTRICAL CABLE PROTRUDING.
- 9. IN ORDER TO ASSURE THE PROPER PERFORMANCE AND COMPATIBILITY OF INTERACTING COMPONENTS WITHIN THE INTENT OF THE SPECIFICATIONS; THE PUMPS, CONTROL CENTER, ACCESS HATCH AND WARRANTY SHALL BE SUPPLIED BY THE SAME VENDOR.
- 10. BEFORE PLACING INSTALLATION INTO SERVICE, THE PUMP MANUFACTURER SHALL VERIFY THE CORRECT PUMP ROTATION, THE DESIGN G.P.M. & T.D.H. CONDITIONS.
- 11. JUNCTION BOXES BETWEEN THE WETWELL AND CONTROL PANEL SHALL BE 304SS AND COMPLY WITH LOCAL GOVERNING CODE.
- 12. ALL CONDUITS SHALL BE SCHEDULE 80 PVC.
- 13. ALL WIRE TO BE MINIMUM 14 GA.
- 14. MAIN BREAKER AND EMERGENCY GENERATOR BREAKERS SHALL BE MECHANICALLY INTERLOCKED.

BILL OF MATERIALS

	AL ADMINODAL	ogg DV	EDWA DDG GIGNAI DIG
	ALARM HORN	877-EI	EDWARDS SIGNALING
	PUSH BUTTON PREAKER STANDOFF	9001SKR3U	SQD
	BREAKER STANDOFF CONTROL BREAKER (CCB), DUPLEX RECEPTACLE BREAKER (DCB), & RTU BREAKER (RTUB)	SQL HDL36030	
	MAIN BREAKER	SQL HDL36100	
	EMERGENCY BREAKER	SQL HDL36100	
	LIGHTNING ARRESTOR	6671 SDSA3650	SQD
	CONTACT BLK	9001-KA2	SQD
	DEADFRONT	ALUM	300
	ENCLOSURE W/DRIP SHIELD	A36H30 10" SSLP	HOFFMAN OR EQUIV.
	(NOTE) 48"x36"x12" FOR MOTOR STARTER NEMA SIZE 3 OR ABOVE		
	INT PANEL (SUB)	SIZED TO ENCLOSURE	
	ALARM LIGHT	2ERP1	CONDOR
	FUSE	AGU-5	BUSSMAN
	GEN. ADAPTER	AJA100	APPLETON
	GEN. RECEPTACLE W/SCREW CAP OR	ADR1034RS	APPLETON
	ALTERNATE GENERATOR RECEPTACLE	AR-1048-S22	CROUSE-HINDS
	GFI-RECEPTACLE	SIR-15-IV	SLATER
	GFI-RECEPTACLE	68991	LEVITON
	INTERLOCK MECHANICAL	MAIN BREAKER/ EMERGENCY BREAKER	
	PILOT LIGHT	NLD 22 (COLOR AS REQ'D)	TEMOIN
	LUG KIT CB	PDC6FA6	SQD
	MOTOR STARTER	8536 *	SQD
	OVERLOAD MODULE	9999 SO-4	SQD
	ELECTRICAL INTERLOCK	9999 SX-6	SQD
	PHASE MONITOR	PMRU-1C-480A-TL	PROSENSE
	ALTERNATOR	ARB-120-AEA	DIVERSIFIED
	ALTERNATOR	008-120-13SP	STA-CON
	3 POLE FORM C CONTROL RELAY	RR 3 BULAC 120V	IDEC
	8 PIN SOCKETS ALT & PM	SR2P-06	IDEC
	11 PIN SOCKETS	SR3B05	IDEC
	8 PIN SOCKETS	SR2P-06	IDEC
	SURGE CAPACITOR	9L18-BBB-301	G.E.
	НОА	9001SKS43B	SQD
	ALARM TERM STRIP	9080 GR6 (4 SEC)	SQD
	THERMAL TERM STRIP	9080 GR6 (4 SEC)	SQD
	RATS TERM STRIP	9080 GR6 (12 SEC)	SQD
	THERMALS OVERLOADS	*	SQD
	FLOATS (NORMALLY OPEN)	50 FT. "ROTO-FLOAT"	ANCHOR SCIENTIFIC INC.
FUSED CONNECT	DISCONNECT (STAINLESS STEEL)	NEMA 4X (240/600) W/ SOLID NEUTRAL ASSY.	SQD
ATED TO SUPPLY	DISCONNECT (STAINLESS STEEL)	NEMA 4X (240/600) W/ SOLID NEUTRAL ASSY.	CUTLER HAMMER
	STAINLESS STEEL TRANSFORMER 480x120 1.0 KVA	1S1FSS	SQD
	ELAPSED TIME METER	710-0002	REDINGTON
	NEUT BLK		
	ALARM CONTROLLER (AC)	BOAC-001	MPE
	DYTTD DIGIGALLY GATE DADDIED (IGD)	EB3C-R05AN	IDEC
	INTRINSICALLY SAFE BARRIER (ISB)	ED3C-R03AN	IDEC

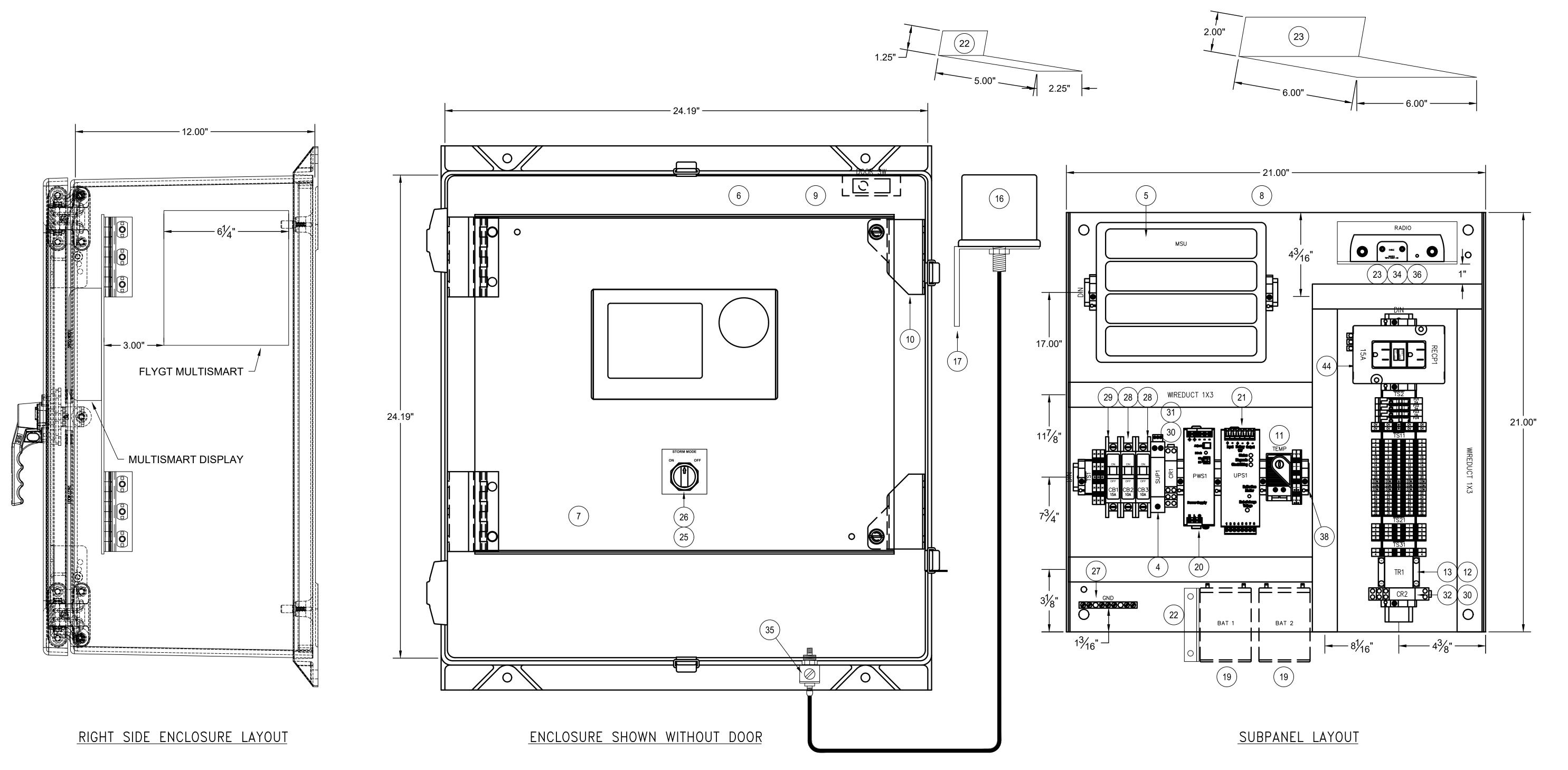
KAHATCHEE RIVER
ENTAL CONTROL DISTRICT
500 JUPITER PARK DRIVE
JUPITER, FL 33458-8964

Rev. Description

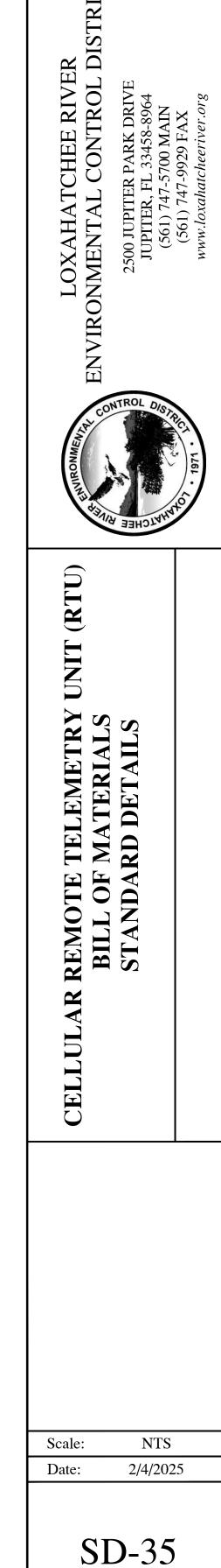


LIFT STATION
ELECTRICAL CONTROL PANE
STANDARD DETAILS

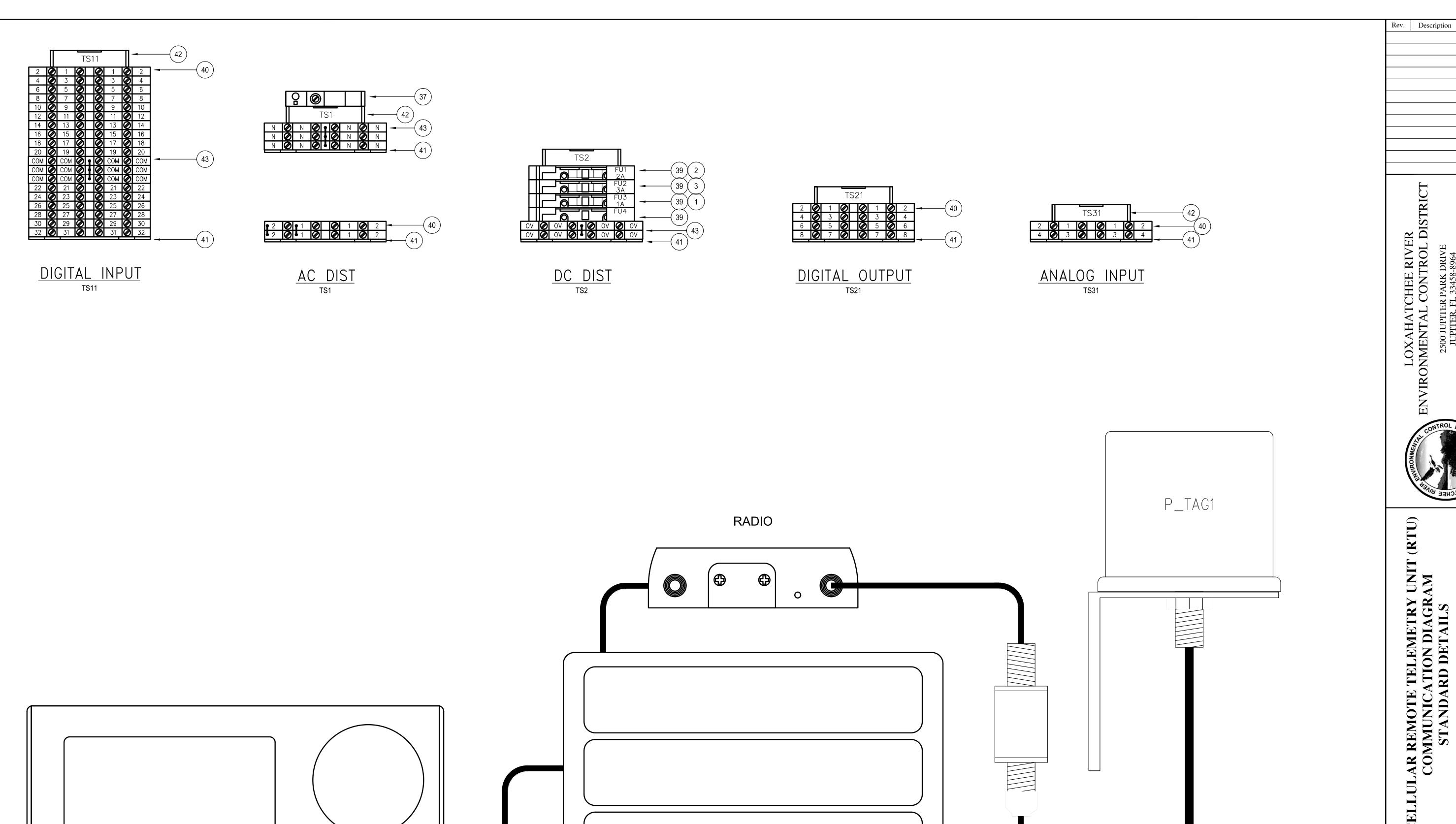
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Date: 1/21/2025



_ OF MATERIAL						
TEM	QTY	MFG	CATALOG	DESCRIPTION		
1	1	BUSSMANN	GMA-1-R	FUSE, FAST ACTING, 1A, 250V, 5mm x 20mm		
2	1	BUSSMANN	GMA-2-R	FUSE, FAST ACTING, 2A, 250V, 5mm x 20mm		
3	1	BUSSMANN	GMA-3-R	FUSE, FAST ACTING, 3A, 250V, 5mm x 20mm		
4	1	CITEL	DS240S-120	SURGE PROTECTOR, 1-PHASE, 120VAC, PLUGGABLE		
5	1	FLYGT	MSU-3PC	MULTISMART CONTROLLER, 3 PUMPS		
6	1	HOFFMAN	A24H2412GQRLP3PT	ENCLOSURE, NEMA 4X, FIBERGLASS, WALL-MOUNT, 3PT LATCH, 24" X 24" X 12"		
7	1	HOFFMAN	A24P20	SUBPANEL, 21" X 17"		
8	1	HOFFMAN	A24P24	SUBPANEL, 21" X 21"		
9	1	HOFFMAN	ALFSWD	DOOR-ACTIVATED SWITCH		
10	1	HOFFMAN	ANADFK	INNER DOOR SWING-OUT PANEL KIT		
11	1	HOFFMAN	ATEMNOF	TEMPERATURE SWITCH, OPEN F		
12	1	IDEC	SR2P-05	RELAY SOCKET, DIN RAIL MOUNT, 8-PIN OCTAL		
13	1	MACROMATIC	TR-6512U	TIME DELAY RELAY, REPEAT CYCLE ON, 24-250VAC		
14	5	PANDUIT	C1LG6	WIRE DUCT COVER, TYPE F, 1.26", RIGID GRAY VINYL		
15	5	PANDUIT	F1X3LG6	WIRE DUCT, TYPE F, 1.26" x 3.12", RIGID GRAY VINYL		
16	1	PARSEC	PRO2ST2L06B	CELLULAR ANTENNA, MIMO, 2X SMA(M), 6' CABLE, 698-960 MHX, 1710-2700 MHZ, 5W, BLACK		
17	1	PARSEC	PTA0637	MINI PLATE WITH 1" HOLE AND POLE MOUNTING BRACKET		
19	2	POWER SONIC	PS-1270F2	BATTERY, RECHARGEABLE SEALED LEAD ACID, QUICK DISCONNECT TABS, 12VDC, 7.0 AH		
20	1	PULS	CP10.241	POWER SUPPLY, 240W, 100-240VAC 1PH, 24VDC, 10A		
21	1	PULS	UB10.241	DC-UPS CONTROL UNIT		
22	1	QUALITY METAL WORKS	CUSTOM BATTERY BRACKET	ANGLE BRACKET FOR BATTERY		
23	1	QUALITY METAL WORKS	CUSTOM RADIO BRACKET	ANGLE BRACKET FOR RADIO		
25	1	SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC	9001KA1	CONTACT BLOCK, CLEAR COVER, 1 NO - 1 NC		
26	1	SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC	9001SKS11B	SELECTOR SWITCH, 30mm, NEMA 4X, 2 POSITION, MAINTAINED		
27	1	SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC	PK7GTA	GROUND BAR, 7PT		
28	2	SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC	QOU110	CIRCUIT BREAKER, 1 POLE, 10A		
29	1	SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC	QOU115	CIRCUIT BREAKER, 1 POLE, 15A		
30	2	SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC	RGZE1S48M	RELAY SOCKET, DPDT, DIN RAIL MOUNT		
31	1	SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC	RXG22F7	RELAY, DPDT W/ LED, 120VAC COIL, 5A CONTACTS		
32	1	SCHNEIDER ELECTRIC	RXG22JD	RELAY, DPDT W/ LED, 12VDC COIL, 5A CONTACTS		
34	1	SIERRA WIRELESS	1104303	AIRLINK RV55 CELLULAR GATEWAY		
35	1	TERRAWAVE	TW-LP-SMA-J-BHJ	COAXIAL SURGE SUPPRESSOR. SMA-FEMALE		
36	1	VENTEV	TRFC-5467-48	COAXIAL JUMPER CABLE, 4 FT, SMA MALE TO SMA MALE		
37	10	WEIDMULLER	0383560000	TERMINAL BLOCK, END BRACKET, EW 35, BEIGE		
38	3	WEIDMULLER	0514500000	SLOTTED STEEL DIN RAIL 35mm x 7.5mm		
39	4	WEIDMULLER	1011300000	TERMINAL BLOCK, FUSED-BFI, WSI 6/LD 10-36V DC/AC, 5 X 20mm, 22-8 AWG		
40	24	WEIDMULLER	1021500000	TERMINAL BLOCK, DUAL LEVEL, WDK 2.5, BEIGE, 300V, 30-12 AWG		
41	5	WEIDMULLER	1059100000	TERMINAL BLOCK, END PLATE, WAP WDK 2.5, BEIGE		
42	5	WEIDMULLER	1631930000	TERMINAL BLOCK, TAG CARRIER, SCHT 5 S. BEIGE		
43	8	WEIDMULLER	2739600000	TERMINAL BLOCK, DUAL LEVEL, WDK 2.5V ZQV, BEIGE, 300V, 30-12 AWG		
T U	1	WEIDMULLER	6720005422	RECEPTACLE, DIN RAIL, DRAC GF 15, 15A GFCI, 120V		

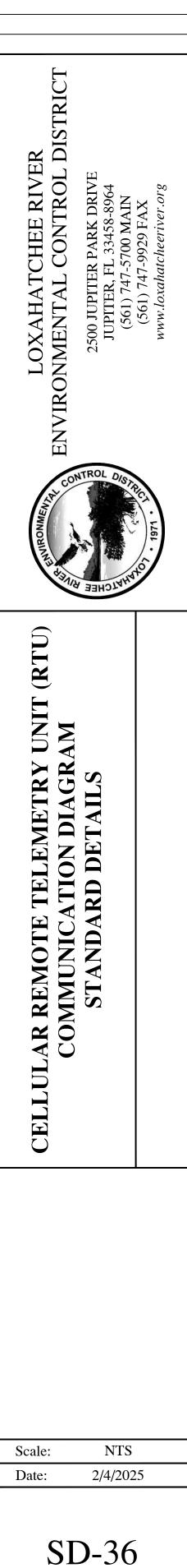


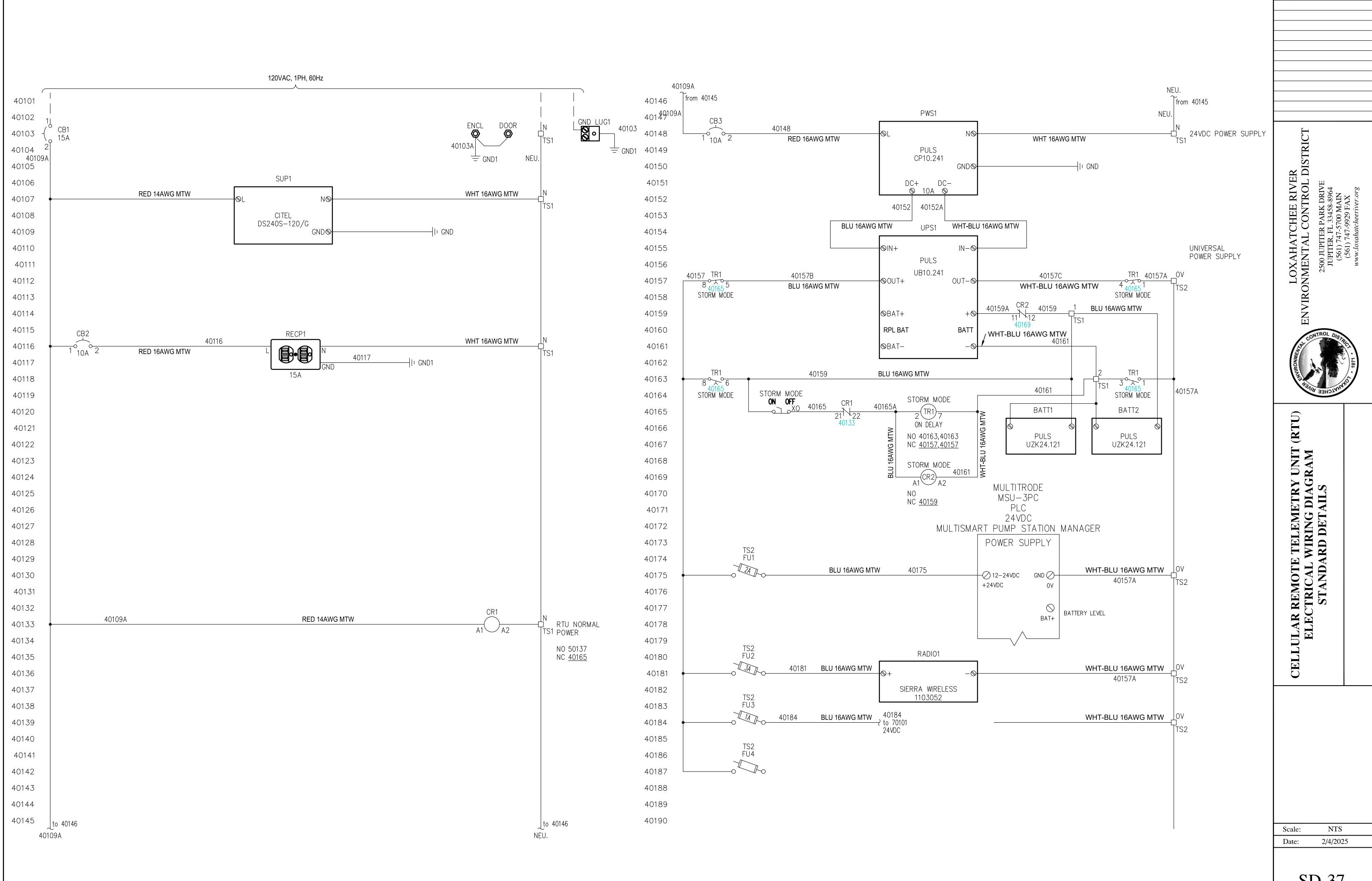
Rev. Description



MULTISMART CONTROLLER

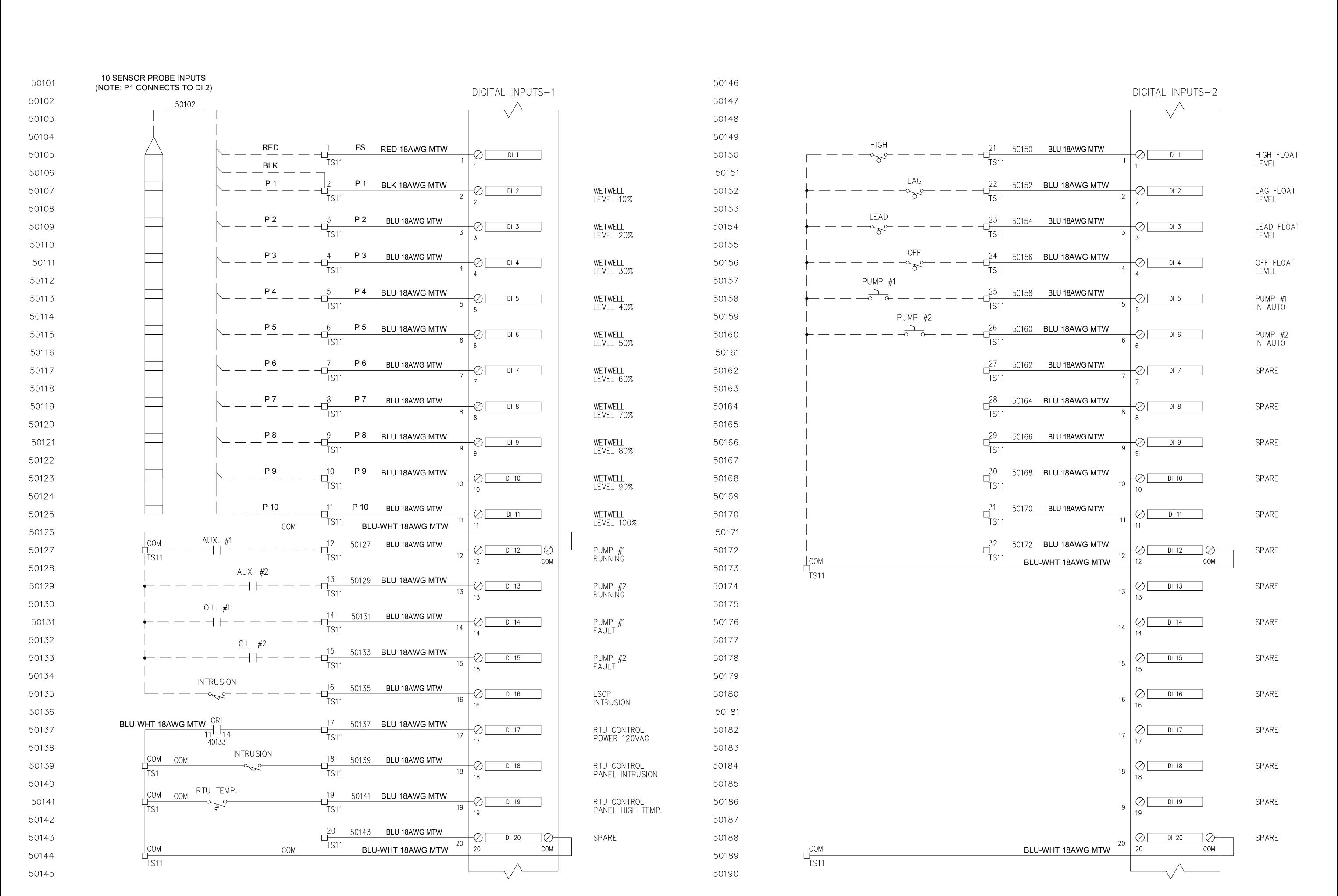
OPERATOR INTERFACE





SD-37

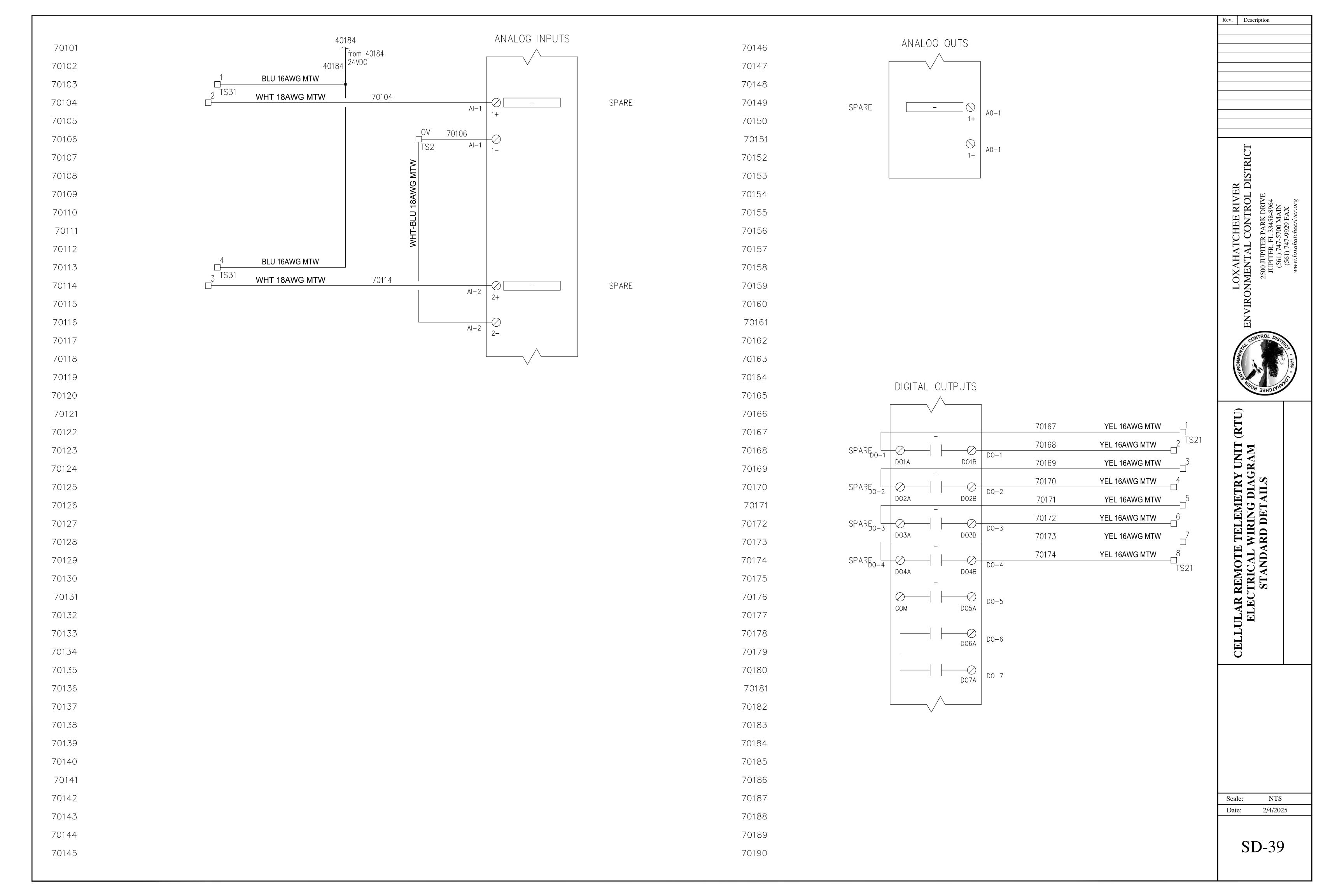
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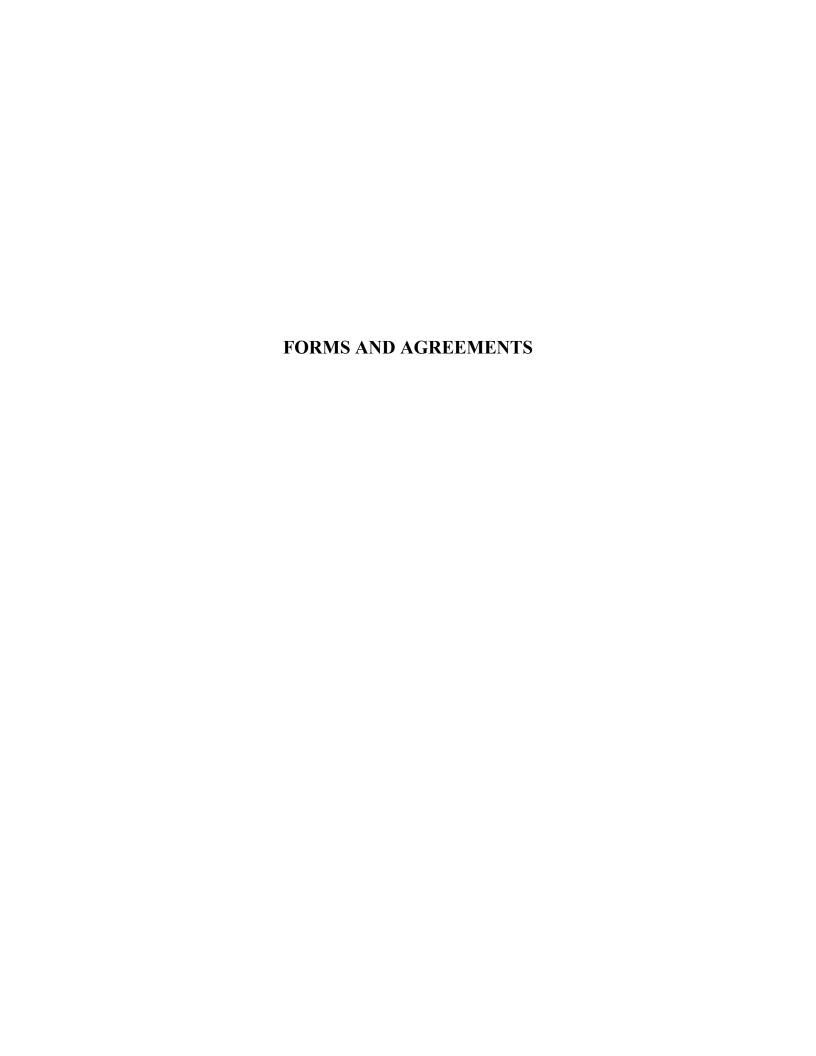


LOXAHATCHEE RIVER ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL DISTRIC CELLULAR REMOTE TELEMETRY UNIT (RTU) ELECTRICAL WIRING DIAGRAM STANDARD DETAILS

Rev. Description

NTS Scale: 2/4/2025 Date:







Phone: 561-747-5700 ext. 110; Fax: 561-747-9929; www.loxahatcheeriver.org

Email: info@lrecd.org

APPLICATION FOR SERVICE – NEW CONSTRUCTION - RESIDENTIAL

The undersigned applicant hereby applies for sewer service to be provided by the Loxahatchee River District (District), to the real property identified below. The undersigned applicant warrants, represents and agrees to the following:

- 1. The applicant is the fee simple owner of the property for which application is made.
- 2. The applicant will promptly pay all bills submitted to applicant for sewer service by the DISTRICT.
- 3. The applicant will abide by all rules and regulations of the DISTRICT as they have been and may be lawfully adopted.
- 4. The applicant will notify the DISTRICT when the sewer lateral is uncovered and ready for a connection inspection.
- 5. The applicant will promptly notify the DISTRICT of any change in mailing address, change in number of connected toilets, change in contact information, and when the subject property is transferred or conveyed.

Name of Applicant/Owner	Present Mail	ing Address	Telephone No.	Email Address
Address of Property	Lot/Blk.		County	Subdivision
Contractor	Telephone No.		Email Address	
Plumber	Telephone No.		Email Address	
Single Family	Multifa	amily	Additio	n
Upon construction completion	on, the total number	r of toilets wi	ill be?	
Signature.			Date	
Applicant/Owner				
Applicant/Owner				
Applicant/Owner	ef. Rule 31.10)			
Applicant/Owner Engineering Approval Plant Connection Charge (R Administrative Fee Transmission Line Charge (ef. Rule 31.10)	Number o 	f E.C.'s	
Applicant/Owner Engineering Approval Plant Connection Charge (R Administrative Fee Transmission Line Charge (ef. Rule 31.10) Ref. Rule 31.10) ΓΙΟΝ FEE TOTA		f E.C.'s	



Phone: 561-747-5700 ext. 110; Fax: 561-747-9929; www.loxahatcheeriver.org

Email: info@lrecd.org

APPLICATION FOR SERVICE - NEW CONSTRUCTION - COMMERCIAL

The undersigned applicant hereby applies for sewer service to be provided by the Loxahatchee River District (District), to the real property identified below. The undersigned applicant warrants, represents and agrees to the following:

- 1. The applicant is the fee simple owner of the property for which application is made.
- 2. The applicant will promptly pay all bills submitted to applicant for sewer service by the DISTRICT.
- 3. The applicant will abide by all rules and regulations of the DISTRICT as they have been and may be lawfully adopted.
- 4. The applicant will notify the DISTRICT when the sewer lateral is uncovered and ready for a connection inspection.
- 5. The applicant will promptly notify the DISTRICT of any change in mailing address, change in number of connected toilets, change in contact information, and when the subject property is transferred or conveyed.

Applicant/Owner	Phone #		Email Addre	ess:
D/B/A/	Billi	ng Address		
Address of Property	Lot/Blk/	Unit No.		Development
Contractor	Telephone No.		Email Address	
Plumber	Telephone No.		Email Address	
Office Bldg.	(Sq. Ft.)Re	staurant	(Seating)	Other
SignatureApplicant/	Owner		Date	
	1	_Number	of E.C.'s	
Administrative Fee Transmission Line (narge (Ref. Rule 31.10) Charge (Ref. Rule 31.10) NNECTION FEE TOTA	\$ \$	\$	
Date Payment Rece	ived	By:		
(Revised February 2025)			ACCOUNT N	



Phone: 561-747-5700 ext. 110; Fax: 561-747-9929; <u>www.loxahatcheeriver.org</u> Email: info@lrecd.org

APPLICATION FOR SERVICE – EXISTING BUILDING

The undersigned applicant hereby applies for sewer service to be provided by the Loxahatchee River District (District), to the real property identified below. The undersigned applicant warrants, represents and agrees to the following:

- 1. The applicant is the fee simple owner of the property for which application is made.
- 2. The applicant will promptly pay all bills submitted to applicant for sewer service by the DISTRICT.
- 3. The applicant will abide by all rules and regulations of the DISTRICT as they have been and may be lawfully adopted.
- 4. The applicant will notify the DISTRICT when the sewer lateral is uncovered and ready for a connection inspection.
- 5. The applicant will promptly notify the DISTRICT of any change in mailing address, change in number of connected toilets, change in contact information, and when the subject property is transferred or conveyed.

Name of Applicant/Owner	Present Ma	ailing Address		Telephone No.
Address of Property	Lot/Blk.	Count	у	Subdivision
Email Address				
Upon construction completion, the total Year Building Constructed				
Signature		Date_		
Signature Applicant/Owner				
lant Connection Charge (Ref. Rule 31.10	0) \$_	ımber of E.C.'s		
dministrative Fee ransmission Line Charge (Ref. Rule 31.1	\$ <u>_</u>			
CONNECTION FEE T	TOTAL		\$	
ate Payment Received		_By:		
omments:				
(Revised February 2025)		ACCOUNT N	(O.	



Telephone: 561-747-5700 Option 2; Fax: 561-747-9929; www.loxahatcheeriver.org

Email: cindy.denton@loxahatcheeriver.org

Application To Abandon/Terminate Easement

The undersigned hereby makes application to vacate, abandon, discontinue and close the Easement described below and to renounce and disclaim any easement to the District in and to any land in connection therewith.

	The undersigned hereby certify:	
1.	That attached hereto, signed and sealed by a Florida registered la accurately drawn and legally describing the easement to be abanda and abutting properties and existing improvements (Exhibit #l).	
2.	That title of interest of the District in and to the easement was act identification , as recorded in Plat BookPage(s)t in the Official Record Book and Page of the Public Records, of Original Record BookPage(s)	hrough or other instrument recorded
3.	That attached hereto is a location map which clearly and legibly id to the nearest public right-of-way (Exhibit #2).	entifies the location of the easement in relation
4.	That the applicant's ownership and/or interest in and to the underecorded in Official Record book, Page or Martin County, Florida. A certified copy of that source instrum	_, of the Public records of Palm Beach County
5.	That attached hereto and made a part hereof is an estoppel certificate to the underlying property have been paid (Exhibit #4).	te for the District confirming all charges related
6.	That an application fee in the amount of \$ has been	n paid in full. Attach receipt as Exhibit #5.
7.	That the grounds and reasons in support of this application are as	follows (Exhibit #6).
8.	That the applicant will submit additional information upon request and studies to assist the Engineering Services Department in their	
Date_		
Sign	nature of Applicant	Name of Corporation
Prin	nt Applicant's Name	Address
Indica	ate position if Corporation	City, State, Zip
		Phone Number
		Email Address



Phone: 561-747-5700 ext. 110; Fax: 561-747-9929; www.loxahatcheeriver.org

Email: info@lrecd.org

GREASE INTERCEPTOR APPLICATION QUESTIONNAIRE

1.	Food Establishment Name:		
2.	Food Establishment Address:		
3.	Operator's Corporate Name:		
4.	Operator's Corporate Address:		
5.	Authorized Representative Name and Title:		
5.	Property Owner Name (if other than #3):		
7.	Property Owner Address (if other than #4):		
3.	Plaza Mgmt. Name & Contact Name/Number:		
9.	Business hours of operation:		
		attach 1	<u>nenu</u>
	Characterization of Planned or Active Business	Yes	No
	Will there be any food preparation on site?*		
	Will food be served on site?		
	Will any of the following equipment be present on site?		
	Dishwasher		_
	Fryer and/or Wok	 	_
	Griddle and/or stove top cooking surface		
	Oven and/or range	1	
	Soft serve dispenser	-	-
	Will all food & drink be served using disposable plates, cups and utensils?		_
	Will all all all describes he are a selected in individual consists of	1	
	Will asl salad dressings be pre-packaged in individual servings?		-
	Will soft serve dispenser chill and dispense ice cream?		-
	Have you submitted an Application for Service to LRD?		
di pr pe in	rectify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were preparection or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that quartoperly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of ersons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for formation, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief,	lified pe of the pe gather true, a	ersonn erson (ring ti eccurat
	nd complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting fall cluding the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.	se injoi	rmano
 ıori	zed Representative Signature Print: Authorized Rep. Name / Title	— Dat	е



Phone: 561-747-5700 ext. 110; Fax: 561-747-9929; www.loxahatcheeriver.org

Email: info@lrecd.org

GREASE INTERCEPTOR EXEMPTION CRITERIA

As per District Standards Section 122.04, There are instances where a food service establishment may not require a grease interceptor. In these instances an exemption from a grease interceptor may be allowed. In order to qualify for an exemption, the following minimum criteria must be met.

- No food <u>preparation</u> on-site.
- The following equipment is prohibited from being on-site: <u>oven</u>, <u>dishwasher</u>, <u>stove top cooking surfaces/griddle</u>, <u>fryers</u>, <u>ranges</u>, <u>or any equipment used to cook food</u>.
 - Only pre-made food may be allowed to be heated on-site using the following equipment: toasters, microwaves or sandwich presses.
- If serving food on-site, all food is served on paper/plastic plates using disposable utensils or in the pre-packaging it was brought on-site in.
- All condiments are pre-packaged in individual servings.

If the above criteria cannot be initially met or if it is found that after an exemption is given the above criteria are no longer being met, then a District-approved grease interceptor must be installed. Failure to do so will result in a violation of the District's Sewer Use Rule outlined in Chapter 31-13, Florida Administrative Code, which may result in fines against the property.

Any exemptions provided are permanent, so long as these requirements are met.

Grease Interceptor Exemptions require the following:

- Filled out Grease Interceptor Application Questionnaire. Attach menu, if applicable.
- Provide a letter, signed by a corporate officer of the food service establishment business, with the following items included:
 - o Explanation of business model
 - Acknowledge the criteria for the exemption are met
 - o Acknowledge the criteria must be met at all times to maintain exemption



For more information on LRD's Interceptor Management Program, please use the QR Code

LRECD - 109
Prepared By and Return To:
Kris Dean, P.E.
Loxahatchee River Environmental
Control District
2500 Jupiter Park Drive
Jupiter, Florida 33458-8964

Doc. Stamp Tax Exempt per Fla. Admin. Code 12B-4.054, par. 24.

SEWER EASEMENT DEED

	THIS EASEMENT, mad	le this day	of		, between
	, here	einafter called the	e "Grantor", an	d the LOXAHATO	CHEE RIVER
ENVIR	ONMENTAL CONTRO	DL DISTRICT, a	n Agency of th	e State of Florida,	created by a
Special	Act of the Legislature, o	Chapter 71-822 a	is amended, of 2	2500 Jupiter Park I	Drive, Jupiter,
Florida	33458-8964. its success	ors and assigns, l	nerein called the	e "Grantee".	

WITNESSETH

That the Grantor, and all other persons claiming by, through or under Grantor, or either of them, their predecessors in title, or their heirs, assigns or legal representatives by virtue of any deeds of conveyances to the land described herein, for and in consideration of the promises, stipulations, agreements and covenants made by Grantee contained herein, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, has granted, bargained and sold to the Grantee, its successors and assigns, a permanent Easement, on the parcel of property described in Exhibit "A" attached hereto and made a part hereof for all purposes connected with the use, ingress, egress, construction, repair, replacement, installation, improvement, and maintenance of sewer facilities and facilities for the transport of reuse (I.Q.) water, or sewerage, including but not limited to transmission mains, force mains, manholes, lift stations, collection lines, pipes, pumps, connections, ditches, meters and all other related appurtenances having the capacity for use in connection with the collection or transmission of wastewater of any nature or originating from any source whether on or off the property of Grantor. Grantee shall maintain and repair Grantee's facilities as there shall be occasion from time to time hereafter, and Grantee shall restore the grass, sod, or pavement of Grantor (but not Improvements as set forth below) to the similar condition that was existent thereon prior to any entry or entries by Grantee pursuant to this Easement Deed.

"Improvements" shall mean anything other than grass, sod or asphalt pavement, including but not limited to any type of structure, wall, landscape berm, building, surfacing, landscaping (except grass or sod) and the like.

Grantor shall not make any Improvements to the property described herein without the prior written consent of Grantee which Grantee may withhold in its sole discretion. In the event an Improvement needs to be removed in the opinion of Grantee, or is removed or damaged by or on behalf of Grantee, in connection with Grantee's use of the Easement, Grantee shall not be liable for any such removal or damage of the Improvement. Any and all Improvements are at the sole risk and expense of Grantor. Any expense of Grantee caused by the existence of an Improvement shall be the responsibility of Grantor.

This Easement and the agreements contained herein are binding upon Grantor, its heirs, administrators, personal representatives, successors and/or assigns.

Grantor is seized in fee simple and in possession of lands described herein and does fully warrant title to said property and will defend the same against any lawful claims of all persons whomsoever.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have executed this instrument the date and year first above written:

Signed, sealed and delivered in the presence of:	GRANTOR:
Witness Signature	By: Print Name:
Printed Name	As:
Witness Signature	-
Printed Name	_
STATE OFCOUNTY OF	-
I hereby certify that on this day, befo	re me by means of physical presence or online ed to administer oaths and take acknowledgments,
known to me to be the person(s) desc acknowledged before me that he/she	eribed in and who executed the foregoing instrument, who executed the same, that the above named person is uced as identification.
Witness my hand and official seal in, A.D	the County and State last aforesaid this day of
[SEAL]	
	NOTARY SIGNATURE

EXHIBIT "A"

All roadways, rigl	nts-of-way, sewer	age, drainage and utility
easements as indi-	cated on the plat of	of:
		as recorded in the
Official Records of	of Palm Beach/Ma	artin County, Florida,
Book	, Page (s)	

Prepared By and Return To: Kris Dean, P.E. Deputy Executive Director Loxahatchee River Environmental Control District 2500 Jupiter Park Drive Jupiter, Florida 33458-8964

[TERMINATION AND ABANDONMENT] or [PARTIAL TERMINATION] AND ABANDONMENT] OF EASEMENT

THIS [TERMINATION AND ABANDONMENT] OR [PARTIAL TERMINATION AN	1D
ABANDONMENT] OF EASEMENT ("AGREEMENT") is given this day	of
	DL
DISTRICT ("DISTRICT"), whose address is 2500 Jupiter Park Drive, Jupiter, Florida 33458	to
("REQUESTOR"),	

WITNESSETH:

1. WHEREAS REQUESTOR has requested a release to an easement or portion thereof as detailed below:

[ADD LEGAL AND SKETCH, SIGNED AND SEALED BY A STATE OF FLORIDA PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR]

- 2. WHEREAS REQUESTOR has submitted a complete application and paid application fees.
- 3. WHEREAS any improvements within the terminated or abandoned easement or portion thereof shall comply with the District's Manual of Minimum Construction Standards and Technical Specifications.
- 4. <u>WHEREAS</u> the termination and abandonment is not in violation of the District's Manual of Minimum Construction Standards or Federal, State or Local codes
- 5. WHEREAS the DISTRICT has evaluated the request, evaluated the easement or portion thereof, evaluated risks and benefits, evaluated conflicts, evaluated restraints and evaluated limitations in regards to the easement.
- 6. WHEREAS the DISTRICT has determined no future uses, no conflicts, no restraints and no limitations OR;
- 7. WHEREAS the DISTRICT has determined future uses, conflicts, restraints or limitations, REQUESTOR, will provide for future uses, resolve conflicts, and address restraints and limitations as detailed below.

[ADD DETAIL OF PROVISIONS FOR FUTURE USE, RESOLUTION OF CONFLICTS AND METHODS TO ADDRESS RESTRAINTS AND LIMITATIONS.]

8. WHEREAS the REQUESTOR has a the easement in the amount of \$	reimbursed the DISTRICT for the DISTRICT's cost of
made by Grantee contained herein, the rec DISTRICT does by this instrument term	the promises, stipulations, agreements, and covenants eipt and adequacy of which is hereby acknowledged, inate, abandon and release to <u>REQUESTOR</u> , their tion thereof described in PARAGRAPH 1 above.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, DISTRICT has above written.	signed and sealed these presents the day and year first
Signed, sealed, and delivered in the presence of:	LOXAHATCHEE RIVER ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL DISTRICT
Witness Print Name:	By: D. Albrey Arrington, Ph.D. Executive Director
Witness Print Name:	
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF PALM BEACH	
D. Albrey Arrington, Executive Director of the	efore me this day of, 20, by Loxahatchee River Environmental Control District, on to me or who has produced
[SEAL]	
	Notary Public
	Print Name
	Commission Number: My Commission Expires:

LRECD - 108
Prepared By & Return To:
Kris Dean, P.E., Deputy Executive Director
Loxahatchee River District
2500 Jupiter Park Drive
Jupiter, Florida 33458
(561) 747-5700

Printed Name:

BILL	OF SALE	
Know All Men by These Presents, That	, as	of
of the city of, in the county of _ the first part, for and in consideration of the prof Grantee contained herein, the receipt and sufficie River Environmental Control District of Palm Beach the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, has by these presents does grant, bargain, sell, transfer successors and assigns, the following goods and cl	and the Starmises, stipulations, agreemency of which is hereby ach and Martin Counties, Flogranted, bargained, sold, ter and deliver unto the said	nents and covenants made by eknowledged by Loxahatcheo orida, Party of the second part ransferred and delivered, and
The wastewater <u>collection/transmissic</u> development.	on system serving the	
More particularly described as on plans by	of	as shown
To Have and to Hold the same unto the said assigns forever. AND it does, for itself and its successors, heirs, exeparty of the second part, its successors, administragoods and chattels; that they are free from all encur and that it will warrant and defend the sale of the said party of the second part its successors, admidemands of all persons whomsoever.	ecutors and administrators, ators and assigns, that it is mbrances; that it has good r said property, goods and c	covenant to and with the said the lawful owner of the said ight to sell the same aforesaid hattels hereby made, unto the
In Witness Whereof,	. as	
of	, has hereunto set his h	and and seal this
day of		(SEAL)
Printed Name:	Printed Name: Title:	

STATE OF	
COUNTY OF	
notarization, an officer duly authorized to administer oat	as of
, known t executed the foregoing instrument, who acknowledged upon the following form(s) of identification of the above and that an oath (was) (was no	before me that he/she executed same, that I relied e-named person(s):
Witness my hand and official seal in the County and Sta A.D. 20	ate last aforesaid this day of,
(NOTARY SEAL)	
	Notary Signature
	Printed Notary Name
	Commission No:

LRECD Prepared By & Return To:
Kris Dean, P.E., Deputy Executive Director
Loxahatchee River District
2500 Jupiter Park Drive
Jupiter, FL 33458
(561) 401-4024

INDEMNITY AGREEMENT EASEMENT ENCROACHMENT

Agreement made ______, 20____, between the Loxahatchee River Environmental

Control District, a special district of the State of Florida, herein referred to as "District", and
, at the address of its
successors, and assigns, herein referred to as "Property Owner".
For and in consideration of the promises, stipulations, agreements and covenants contained herein, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, it is hereby agreed:
1. <u>Easement</u> . District is the "Grantee" utilizing the Sewer Easement created by the Warranty Deed dated, recorded, in Official Record Book, Page of the Public Records of <u>Palm Beach County/Martin County</u> , herein referred to as the "Easement", which is upon the property owned by Property Owner.
2. Installation Plan. Property Owner has requested the District permit Property Owner to install (collectively the "Installation") in a portion of the Easement according to the specifications set forth in the "Installation Plan" attached hereto as Exhibit A. The District hereby grants Property Owner a revocable license to install the Installation in accordance with the Installation Plan, subject to the Property Owner having received all required governmental approvals for the Installation Plan. The District's and Property Owner's approval of the Installation Plan is only as to its proposed location and is not in any manner intended to be in lieu of the governmental approvals required for approval, construction, maintenance and repair.
3. <u>Indemnification</u> . Property Owner hereby covenants and agrees to indemnify, defend and hold harmless the District from any and all liability, loss or damage the District may suffer as a result of claims, demands, costs, reasonable attorneys' fees incurred, or judgments against it arising in connection with said Installation, Installation Plan, and Property Owner's operation thereof. The District assumes no liability to indemnitor for any loss, safety, damage or protection of the Installation, except as otherwise set forth below. The District may need to remove the Installation and alter the Installation to do maintenance or repair, or the Installation may be damaged from a failure in the District's system, or during maintenance or repair of the District's system. The District has no responsibility or duty to maintain, repair, replace or restore the Installation in the event of damage &/or removal, except to the extent due to the gross negligence or willful

4. <u>Revocable License</u>. The District reserves the right to revoke and rescind permission to use the portion of the Easement for the Installation upon written notice to Property Owner. Upon revocation, Property Owner shall remove the Installation and all equipment installed therewith and restore the Installation area to the condition existing prior to the Installation, within 30 days

misconduct of The District, its employees, agents or contractors.

of written notice.

- 5. <u>Covenant</u>. This Agreement shall be a covenant with the land, binding upon the Property Owner, and their successors and assigns.
- 6. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts as may be convenient or required, and an executed copy of this Agreement delivered electronically by facsimile or e-mail shall have the effect of an original, executed instrument. All counterparts of this Agreement shall collectively constitute a single instrument; but, in making proof of this Agreement it shall not be necessary to produce or account for more than one such counterpart executed by each Party hereto.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this agreement as of the date first above written.

Property Owner:	
Ву:	
Property Owner	
As to Property Owner: [Propert	y Owner legal name]
STATE OFCOUNTY OF	
	lay, before me, an officer duly authorized to administer
	person(s) described in and who executed the same, that I
Witness my har	s) of identification of the above named person(s) nd and official seal in the County and State last aforesaid , 2024
<u></u>	<u>,</u> 404 1 <u>.</u>
[NOTARY SEAL]	Notary Signature
	Printed Notary Signature

REMAINDER OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

LOXAHATCHEE RIVER ENVIRONMENT	TAL CONTROL DISTRICT:
By:	
District	
As To District: LOXAHATCHEE RIVER	ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL DISTRICT
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF PALM BEACH	
oaths and take acknowledgments, per <u>Executive Director</u> known to me to be	re me, an officer duly authorized to administer sonally appeared <u>D. Albrey Arrington, Ph.D.</u> , the person described in and who executed the
	g form(s) of identification of the above named . Witness my
hand and official seal in the County and 20	State last aforesaid thisday of,
[NOTARY SEAL]	Notary Signature
	Printed Notary Signature

REMAINDER OF PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

EXHIBIT A- INSTALLATION PLAN

LRECD-133 Dated 06-21-2024 Prepared By & Return To: Kris Dean P.E., Deputy Executive Director Loxahatchee River Environmental Control District 2500 Jupiter Park Drive Jupiter, Florida 33458

LICENSE FOR MAINTENANCE of LOW PRESSURE SEWER SYSTEM PUMP STATION

			, and all
co-owners, heirs, successors, grant	ees, and assigns, ("C	Owners") of the Pr	
description attached hereto as Exhil unit, control panel and valve box ("F & "Electrical") of a type and in a ma	Pump Station") with ap	opurtenant pipe and	electrical apparatus ("Pipe"
Owners shall operate, maintain, repreplacement of the Pump Station are result of Owners fault.			
Owners understand and agree that replacement of the Pump Station at District will provide maintenance so Owners.	nd Pipe as necessary.	Owners, also, und	derstand and agree that the
In order to provide the District access the District to go onto the Property d			ers hereby grant a license to
WITNESSES:	OWNERS	S:	
	By:		
WITNESS SIGNATURE Print Name: Address: Address:	Print Na	me:	
	By:		
WITNESS SIGNATURE Print Name: Address: Address:	Print Na		
STATE OF FLORIDA COUNTY OF			
The foregoing instrument was ac			
online notarization, this	_ day of	, 20, by _	
who is personally known to me or	has/have produced		as identification.
[Notary Ink Stamp]	\overline{N}	Notary Public, State of	of Florida

COVER PAGE

Company Name:					
Name of responsible person on site represent the company in official de and/or the City.			Name of alternative on site persoperations, environmental permit record keeping, and data manage	tting requir	
Title	,	Years with firm	Title		Years with firm
Phone #	Fax#		Phone #	Fax#	
Physical street address of facility			Official mailing address, if differen	t. Note if sa	ame.
City	State	Zip	City	State	Zip

The information provided by you on this questionnaire serves two functions:

- The information is used to determine if your facility needs an Industrial User Pretreatment Permit (IUP) for the discharge of wastewater to the local sewer.
- 2. If an Industrial User Pretreatment Permit (IUP) is required, this survey serves as the application for an Industrial User Pretreatment Permit (IUP).



For more information on LRD's IPT Program, please use the QR Code

Requests for confidential treatment of information provided on this form shall be governed by procedures specified in 40 CFR Part 2. In accordance with Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations Part 403, Section 403.14 and the Local Sewer Use Ordinance (SUO), information and data provided in this questionnaire which identifies the content, volume and frequency of discharge shall be available to the public without restriction.

This is to be signed by an authorized official of your firm, as d after completion of this form.	efined in the Local Sewer Use Ordinance or the
I certify under penalty of law that this docume under my direction or supervision in accordance qualified personnel properly gather and evaluation my inquiry of the person or persons who directly responsible for gathering the information best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate are significant penalties for submitting false information and/or imprisonment for knowing violations.	with a system designed to assure that ate the information submitted. Based manage the system, or those persons on, the information submitted is, to the and complete. I am aware that there
Signature of Authorized Representative listed above (seal if applicable)	Date

Industrial User Wastewater Survey & Permit Application

July 2001 Page 5B-1

Facility Information PART 1

1.	Provide a brief narrative description of the type of business, manufacturing processes, or service activities your firm conducts at this site.
2.	List the primary products produced at this facility:
3.	List raw materials and process additives used:
4.	Are biocides added to any water discharged to the POTW, if yes describe:
5.	Describe weekly production schedule, including shifts worked per day, employees per shift, and primary operation during shift.

6.	Production process is:		Check, if all	continuous	
			Check,	if all batch	
	If both please enter, % continu	uous =	%	% Batch =	%
7.	Does production vary significantly	y (+- 20	%) by season	ı	
				Yes	
				No	
8.	Are any significant (+- 20 % wastewater discharge expected i				
				Yes	
				No	
9.	List all current waste haulers. volume and materials hauled off.	Give na	me, address,	phone num	ibers,
10.	Attach a copy of laboratory analywastewater discharge(s) from you attached Data Summary Form.				
11.	Attach sketch or schematic show to the sewer.	ing sam	oling points ar	nd all connec	ctions

July 2001 Department of Environmental Protection Page 5B-3

Complete the Wastewater Pollutants Checklist attached to this Survey.

12.

13. Do you have, or have you ever applied for, been issued, or been denied an NPDES permit to discharge to the surface waters or storm sewers of Florida? If yes, list all other NPDES permits, permit numbers, dates, and names used to apply for them, or reason denied.

If yes: Permit , #, date, applicant name	Yes	
If yes: Permit , #, date, applicant name	No	

14. Do you have, or have you ever applied for or been issued an Industrial User Pretreatment Permit (IUP) to discharge wastewater to the sewer collection system. If yes, list all other IUP permits, permit numbers, dates, and names used to apply for them.

If yes: Permit , #, date, applicant name	Yes	
If yes: Permit , #, date, applicant name	No	

15. Do you have, or have you ever applied for or been issued any other Environmental Permits (for example; air, RCRA, groundwater, stormwater, general, Non-Discharge, septic tank, etc.). If yes, list all other permits, permit numbers, dates, and names used to apply for them.

If yes: Permit type, #, date, applicant name	Yes	
If yes: Permit type, #, date, applicant name	No	
If yes: Permit type, #, date, applicant name		

16. Is a Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) Plan prepared for this facility?

Yes	
No	

17. Is a Spill /Slug Control Plan required by the POTW, prepared for this facility?

Yes	
No	

18.	Do you have any underground storage tanks at your facility? If yes, list contents and volume of each tank.
	Yes
	No
19.	Do you have any above ground storage tanks at your facility? If yes, for each tank, list the contents, volume, whether the tank has any spill prevention or containment devices, such as dikes, and procedures for draining any containment devices.
	Yes # of Tanks
	No

July 2001 Department of Environmental Protection Page 5B-5

PART II Water Supply, Use, & Disposal Worksheet:

	Water Used for:	Water Source(s)	Avg. gal/day	Max. gal/day	Measured	Estimated	Disposal Method(s)	Avg. gal/day	Max. gal/day	Measured	Estimated
		(see Source List below)					(see Disposal List below)				
1.	Process water										
2.	Washdown water										
3.	Water into product										
4.	Air Quality Permitted units										
5.	Domestic - toilets, drinking, cafe										
	Cooling water, Process Non- Contact Boiler / Cooling tower blowdown										
	•										
	Cooling water, HVAC										
9.	Other:										
		Totals =>					Totals =>				

Typical Water Sources:

- 1. City / Public supply
- 2. Private wells, drinking
- 3. Groundwater remediation wells
- 4. Private ponds
- 5. Surface waters of FL please identify
- 6. Include others if applicable

Possible Water Disposal Methods

- 1. Sanitary sewer, with pretreatment
- 2. Sanitary sewer, without pretreatment
- 3. Storm sewer
- 4. Surface waters of FL
- 5. Evaporation
- 6. Land applied
- 7. To groundwater
- 8. Septic Tank
- 9. Waste Haulers (identify)
- 10. Water into Product
- 11. Include others, if applicable

PART III Pretreatment Facilities:

Are there any pretreatment devices or processes used for treating wastewater before being discharged to the sewer? Check all that are present, and describe.

No pretreatment facilities =>

1. Flow equalization

Aerated equalization =>

Flow equalization => NON-Aerated equalization => Total volume of equalization (million gal.) =>

No Yes 2. **Activated Carbon** 3. Activated Sludge Yes No 4. Air Stripping Yes No 5. Centrifugation Yes No 6. **Chemical Precipitation** Yes No 7. Chlorination Yes No 8. **Cyanide Destruction** Yes No 9. Cyclone Yes No 10. Dissolved Air Floatation Yes No 11. Filtration Yes No 12. Flocculation Yes No 13. Grease Trap Yes No 14. Grit Removal Yes No 15. No Ion Exchange Yes Neutralize, pH adjust Yes No 17. Other Biological Treatment Yes No 18. Ozonation Yes No 19. **Reverse Osmosis** Yes No 20. Screening Yes No 21. Sedimentation Yes No 22. Septic Tank Yes No 23. Silver Recovery Yes No 24. Solvent Separation Yes No 25. Spill protection Yes No

Describe any, if present.

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List any others.

PART IV Categorical Information:

1.	When were operations started at this facility	Facility start up date
2.	Is this site leased or rented	
		Yes
		No
	(If yes, please provide the name and address of the	owner)
3.	List all Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes These may be found on State Unemployment forms, records, or from the Chamber of Commerce.	
4.	Has this facility ever been considered a Categorical Ir as described by the Code of Federal Regulations (40	
	If yes, give comple	te 40 CFR number =>
		No
5.	Are any other facilities owned and/or operated by you as Categorical Industrial Users (CIUs) as described by	• • •

5. Check any activities listed below that are performed at your facility:

If yes please give name(s), location, and 40 CFR number.

Federal Regulations (40 CFR)?

Yes No

Check below	40 CFR#	Industrial Activity	Check below	40 CFR#	Industrial Activity
	_			_	
	467	Aluminum Forming		425	Leather Tanning & Finishing
	427	Asbestos Manufacturing		432	Meat products
	461	Battery Manufacturing		433	Metal finishing
	431	Builders paper & board mills		464	Metal molding and casting
	407	Canned & preserved fruits & veg.		436	Mineral mining and processing
	408	Canned & preserved seafood		471	Nonferrous Metal, Form & Powders
	458	Carbon black Manufacturing		421	Nonferrous Metals Manufacturing
	411	Cement Manufacturing		414	OCPSF, Organic Chemicals, Plastics,
	437	Centralized Waste Treatment		414	& Synthetic Fiber Manufacturing
	434	Coal Mining		435	Oil & gas extraction
	465	Coil Coating		440	Ore mining and dressing
	444	Commercial Hazardous Waste Combustion		446	Paint formulating
	468	Copper Forming		443	Paving and roofing materials Mfg.
	405	Dairy products processing		455	Pesticide Manufacturing
	469	Electrical, electronic components		419	Petroleum Refining
	413	Electroplating		439	Pharmaceutical Manufacturing
	457	Explosives Manufacturing		422	Phosphate Manufacturing
	412	Feedlots		459	Photographic supplies
	424	Ferro allay Manufacturing		463	Plastics molding and forming
	418	Fertilizer Manufacturing		466	Porcelain enameling
	464	Foundries, Metal Mold & Casting		430	Pulp, paper, and paperboard
	426	Glass Manufacturing		428	Rubber Manufacturing
	406	Grain mills		417	Soap & Detergent Manufacturing
	454	Gum & Wood Chemicals Mfg.		423	Steam Electric power Generation
	460	Hospitals		409	Sugar processing
	447	Ink formulating		410	Textile Mills
	415	Inorganic chemical Manufacturing		429	Timber products processing
	420	Iron & Steel Manufacturing		442	Transportation Equipment Cleaning
	445	Landfill		Others	

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Wastewater Pollutant Checklist

VV	asiew	ater Pol	ilutant C	neckiist	I	
Chemical Name	EPA Storet Code	Check if Present at Facility	Check if Absent at Facility	Check if Present in Discharge	Check if Absent in Discharge	Concentration in Discharge, if Known (mg/l)
Acid Extractable Orga	nics					
2-Chlorophenol	34586					
2,4-Dichlorophenol	34601					
2,4-Dimethylphenol	34606					
2,4-Dinitrophenol	34616					
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	34657					
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	34452					
2-Nitrophenol	34591					
4-Nitrophenol	34646					
Pentachlorophenol	39032					
Phenol	34694					
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	34621					
Base Neutral Organics	5					
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	34551					
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	34536					
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	34346					
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	34566					
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	34571					
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	34611					
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	34626					
2-Chloronaphthalene	34581					
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	34631					
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	34636					
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	34641					
Acenaphthene	03405					
Acenaphthylene	34200					
Anthracene	34220					
Benzidine	39120					
Benzo (a) anthracene	34526					
Benzo (a) pyrene	34247					
Benzo (b) fluoranthene	34230					
Benzo (ghi) perylene	34521					
Benzo (k) fluoranthene	34242					
Bis(2-chloroethoxy) methane	34278					
Bis(2-chloroethyl) ether	34273					
Bis(2-chloroisopropyl) ether	34283					
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	39100					
Butyl benzyl phthalate	34292					
Chrysene	34320					
Di-n-butyl phthalate	39110					

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Wastewater Pollutant Checklist

Chemical Name	EPA Storet Code	Check if Present at Facility	Check if Absent at Facility	Check if Present in Discharge	Check if Absent in Discharge	Concentration in Discharge, if Known (mg/l)	
Base Neutral Organics (continued)							
Di-n-octyl phthalate	34596						
Dibenzo (a,h) anthracene	34556						
Diethyl phthalate	34336						
Dimethyl phthalate	34341						
Fluoranthene	34376						
Fluorene	34381						
Hexachlorobenzene	39700						
Hexachlorobutadiene	34391						
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	34386						
Hexachloroethane	34396						
Indeno(1,2,3-cd) pyrene	34403						
Isophorone	34408						
N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine	34428						
N-nitrosodimethylamine	34438						
N-nitrosodiphenylamine	34433						
Naphthalene	34696						
Nitrobenzene	34447			_			
Phenanthrene	34461						
Pyrene	34469						

Metals

motaro			
Aluminum	01104		
Antimony	01097		
Arsenic	01002		
Beryllium	01012		
Cadmium	01027		
Chromium	01034		
Copper	01042		
Lead	01051		
Mercury	71900		
Molybdenum	01062		
Nickel	01067		
Selenium	01147		
Silver	01077		
Thalium	00982		
Zinc	01092		

July 2001 Department of Environmental Protection Page 5B-11 Individual Industrial User Survey & Permit Application Industrial User Wastewater Survey and Permit Application

Wastewater Pollutant Checklist

Chemical Name	EPA Storet Code	Check if Present at Facility	Check if Absent at Facility	Check if Present in Discharge	Check if Absent in Discharge	Concentration in Discharge, if Known (mg/l)
Other Inorganics						
Barium	01007					
Chloride	00940					
Cyanide	00720					
Fluoride	00951					
Purgeable Volatile Org	janics					
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	34506					
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	34516					
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	34511					
1,1-Dichloroethane	34496					
1,1-Dichloroethylene	34501					
1,2-Dichloroethane	34531					
1,2-Dichloropropane	34541					
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	34576					
Acrolein	34210					
Acrylonitrile	34215					
Benzene	34030					
Bromodichloromethane	32101					
Bromoform	32104					
Bromomethane	34413					
Carbon tetrachloride	32102					
Chlorobenzene	34301					
Chloroethane	34311					
Chloroform	32106					
Chloromethane	34418					
cis 1,3-Dichloropropene	34704					
Dibromochloromethane	32105					
Ethylbenzene	34371					
Methylene chloride	34423					
Tetrachloroethylene	34475					
Toluene	34010					
trans 1,3-Dichloropropene	34699					
trans-1,2-Dichloroethylene	34546					
Trichloroethylene	39180					
Trichlorofluoromethane	34488					
Vinyl chloride	39175					
Others						
Xylene						
	1			l	l	1

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Individual Industrial User Survey & Permit Application
Industrial User Wastewater Survey and Permit Application

<= Receiving POTW
<= Receiving NPDES #
<= Specific Sample Location!
i.e., Give IU Name, IUP#, and/or pipe#

							BOD		TSS		Ammonia
	Lab =>	I	Laboratory performing analysis =>								
	MDL =>	Labo	ratory M	lethod Detec	tion Limits =>						
	Notes =>				Notes =>						
			Q =	Flow							
Sample ID, or	Date Sample	Notes about Sample		letered stimated			Conc. Results from Lab		Conc. Results from Lab		Conc. Results from Lab
Count	Collected			mgd	gal/day	</td <td>mg/l</td> <td><?</td><td>mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>mg/l</td></td></td>	mg/l	</td <td>mg/l</td> <td><?</td><td>mg/l</td></td>	mg/l	</td <td>mg/l</td>	mg/l
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8											
9											
10											
11 12											
etc											
eic											
	TNS =>			Total nur	mber of samp	les =>		1] [
	Max. value =>				data value (m					†	
Ava	(use 1/2 BDL)		va. data				/ 2 detection limit =>	ı		1	

<= Receiving POTW
<= Receiving NPDES #
<= Specific Sample Location!
i.e., Give IU Name, IUP#, and/or pipe #

			Arsenic		Copper	(Chromium		Cadmium		COD		Copper
	Lab => MDL => Notes =>												
Sample ID or Count	Date Sample Collected	</td <td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td> <td><?</td><td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td></td></td></td></td></td>	Conc. Results from Lab mg/l	</td <td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td> <td><?</td><td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td></td></td></td></td>	Conc. Results from Lab mg/l	</td <td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td> <td><?</td><td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td></td></td></td>	Conc. Results from Lab mg/l	</td <td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td> <td><?</td><td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td></td></td>	Conc. Results from Lab mg/l	</td <td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td> <td><?</td><td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td></td>	Conc. Results from Lab mg/l	</td <td>Conc. Results from Lab mg/l</td>	Conc. Results from Lab mg/l
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4													
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7													
8													
9 10													
11													
12													
etc													
Ava.	TNS => Max. Value => (use1/2 BDL) =>												

Pretreatment Guidance Manual

Individual Industrial User Survey & Permit Application
Industrial User Wastewater Survey and Permit Application

<= Receiving POTW
<= Receiving NPDES #
<= Specific Sample Location!
i.e., Give IU Name, IUP#, and/or pipe #

			Cyanide		Lead		Mercury		Nickel		Silver		Zinc
	Lab => MDL => Notes =>												
Sample ID or	Date Sample		Conc. Results from Lab		Conc. Results from Lab		Conc. Results from Lab		Conc. Results from Lab		Conc. Results from Lab		Conc. Results from Lab
Count	Collected	<?	mg/l	</td <td>mg/l</td> <td><?</td><td>mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>1</td><td><?</td><td></td><td><?</td><td>mg/l</td></td></td></td></td>	mg/l	</td <td>mg/l</td> <td><?</td><td>1</td><td><?</td><td></td><td><?</td><td>mg/l</td></td></td></td>	mg/l	</td <td>1</td> <td><?</td><td></td><td><?</td><td>mg/l</td></td></td>	1	</td <td></td> <td><?</td><td>mg/l</td></td>		</td <td>mg/l</td>	mg/l
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	TNS =>]	
	Max. Value =>								_				
Avg.	(use1/2 BDL) =>												

<= Receiving POTW
<= Receiving NPDES #
<= Specific Sample Location!
i.e., Give IU Name, IUP#, and/or pipe #

			Other		Other		Other		Other		Other		Other
	Lab =>												
	MDL =>												
	Notes =>												
Sample ID or	Date Sample		Conc. Results from Lab		Conc. Results from Lab		Conc. Results from Lab		Conc. Results from Lab		Conc. Results from Lab		Conc. Results from Lab
Count	Collected	</td <td>mg/l</td> <td><?</td><td>mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>mg/l</td></td></td></td></td></td>	mg/l	</td <td>mg/l</td> <td><?</td><td>mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>mg/l</td></td></td></td></td>	mg/l	</td <td>mg/l</td> <td><?</td><td>mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>mg/l</td></td></td></td>	mg/l	</td <td>mg/l</td> <td><?</td><td>mg/l</td><td><?</td><td>mg/l</td></td></td>	mg/l	</td <td>mg/l</td> <td><?</td><td>mg/l</td></td>	mg/l	</td <td>mg/l</td>	mg/l
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12													
etc													
	TNS =>]] [1 [
	Max. Value =>											-	
Avg.	(use1/2 BDL) =>												

Part V Waste Reduction Information:

Inventory current and projected waste reduction (pollution prevention) activities. The codes listed are standard EPA codes found on Toxic Release Inventory and other environmental forms. Please check all applicable codes for your facility related to wastewater discharge.

Current Pro	jected Code	Description
-------------	-------------	-------------

k
ory
e be
s
leak

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Current	Projected	Code	Description
		W52	Modified equipment, layout, or piping
		W53	Use of a different process catalyst
		W54	Instituted better controls on operating bulk containers to minimize discarding of empty containers
		W55	Changed from small volume containers to bulk containers to minimize discarding of empty containers
		W58	Other process modifications (explain briefly in comments)
		W59	Modified stripping / cleaning equipment
		W60	Changed to mechanical stripping / cleaning devices (from solvents or other materials)
		W61	Changed to aqueous cleaners (from solvents or other materials)
		W62	Reduced the number of solvents used to make waste more amenable to recycling
		W63	Modified containment procedures for cleaning units
		W64	Improved draining procedures
		W65	Redesigned parts racks to reduce dragout
		W66	Modified or installed rinse systems
		W67	Improved rinse equipment design
		W68	Improved rinse equipment operation
		W71	Other cleaning and degreasing operation (explain briefly in comments)
		W72	Modified spray systems or equipment
		W73	Substituted coating materials used
		W74	Improved application techniques
		W75	Changed from spray to other system
		W78	Other surface preparation and finishing (explain briefly in comments)
		W81	Changed product specifications
		W82	Modified design or composition of product
		W83	Modified packaging
		W89	Other product modifications (explain briefly in comments)
		W99	Other (specify in comments)

Comments	(Please	list corres	sponding	(code
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ONE-TIME COMPLIANCE REPORT FOR DENTAL DISCHARGERS Effluent Limitations Guidelines and Standards for the Dental Office Category to Comply with 40 CFR 441.50

For more information on LRD's Dental Amalgam Program, please use the QR Code



General Information

Name of	Facility					
Physical	Address of Dental Facility					
City:			S	State:	Zip:	
Mailing A	Address					
City:			S	State:	Zip:	
Facility C	Contact					
Phone:		Email:				
Names c	of Owner(s):					
Names o	of Operator(s) if different from					

Applicability: Please Select One of the Following

This facility is a dental discharger subject to this rule (40 CFR Part 441) and it places or removes dental
amalgam.
Complete sections A, B, C, D, and E

		•	tal discharger subject to this rule and (1) it does not place de amalgam except in limited emergency or unplanned, unantici	_	
		e section E or		ipateu circum	istances.
(Als	o, select i	if applicable	e) Transfer of Ownership (§ 441.50(a)(4))		
	This faci	lity is a den	tal discharger subject to this rule (40 CFR Part 441), and it has	s previously su	ubmitted
	a one-ti	me complia	nce report. This facility is submitting a new One Time Complia	ance Report b	ecause
	of a tran	isfer of owr	nership as required by § 441.50(a)(4).		
Section	n A				
Descr	iption of	Facility			
Tota	al number	r of chairs:			
Tota	al number	r of chairs a	t which amalgam may be present in the resulting		
			where amalgam may be placed or removed):		
Des	cription o	f any amalg	gam separator(s) or equivalent device(s) currently operated:		
					
YES			y discharged amalgam process wastewater prior to July 14th,	2017 under a	iny
YES	NO 🗆	The facility		2017 under a	ny
YES				2017 under a	ny
YES □				2017 under a	ny
Gectio	on B	ownership		2017 under a	ny
Gection Descr	on B	ownership).		ny Chairs:
Gection Descr	on B iption of amalga	ownership Amalgam S ntal facility I m separato	eparator or Equivalent Device has installed one or more ISO 11143 (or ANSI/ADA 108-2009) rs (or equivalent devices) that captures all amalgam containin	compliant ng waste at	
Gection Descr	on B iption of a The der amalga the follo	ownership Amalgam S Intal facility I m separato owing numl	eparator or Equivalent Device has installed one or more ISO 11143 (or ANSI/ADA 108-2009) rs (or equivalent devices) that captures all amalgam containing	compliant ng waste at ccur:	Chairs:
Gection Descr	on B iption of amalgathe follo	Amalgam S ntal facility I m separato owing numl ntal facility i	eparator or Equivalent Device has installed one or more ISO 11143 (or ANSI/ADA 108-2009) rs (or equivalent devices) that captures all amalgam containing oer of chairs at which amalgam placement or removal may oc	compliant ng waste at ccur:	
Gection Descr	on B iption of amalgathe follo The der that do	Amalgam S ntal facility I m separato owing numl ntal facility i not meet t	eparator or Equivalent Device has installed one or more ISO 11143 (or ANSI/ADA 108-2009) rs (or equivalent devices) that captures all amalgam containing per of chairs at which amalgam placement or removal may occordinate the prior to June 14, 2017 one or more existing amalgam the requirements of § 441.30(a)(1)(i) and (ii) at the following n	compliant ng waste at ccur:	Chairs:
Gection Descr	on B iption of amalgathe follothat do chairs a	Amalgam S ntal facility I m separato owing numl ntal facility i not meet to	eparator or Equivalent Device has installed one or more ISO 11143 (or ANSI/ADA 108-2009) rs (or equivalent devices) that captures all amalgam containing per of chairs at which amalgam placement or removal may occur installed prior to June 14, 2017 one or more existing amalgam the requirements of § 441.30(a)(1)(i) and (ii) at the following notes all amalgam placement or removal may occur:	compliant ng waste at ccur: n separators number of	Chairs:
Gection Descr	on B iption of amalgathe follothe that do chairs a	Amalgam S Intal facility I Im separato Intal facility i	eparator or Equivalent Device has installed one or more ISO 11143 (or ANSI/ADA 108-2009) rs (or equivalent devices) that captures all amalgam containing per of chairs at which amalgam placement or removal may occurs a stalled prior to June 14, 2017 one or more existing amalgam the requirements of § 441.30(a)(1)(i) and (ii) at the following no algam placement or removal may occur: such separators must be replaced with one or more amalgam	compliant ng waste at ccur: n separators number of separators (o	Chairs:
Gection Descr	on B iption of amalgathe follothat do chairs a I undersequivale	Amalgam S ntal facility I m separato owing numl ntal facility i not meet to at which am stand that s ent devices	eparator or Equivalent Device has installed one or more ISO 11143 (or ANSI/ADA 108-2009) rs (or equivalent devices) that captures all amalgam containing per of chairs at which amalgam placement or removal may occur installed prior to June 14, 2017 one or more existing amalgam the requirements of § 441.30(a)(1)(i) and (ii) at the following notes all amalgam placement or removal may occur:	compliant ng waste at ccur: n separators number of separators (o	Chairs:
Gection Descr	on B iption of amalgathe follothat do chairs a I undersequivale	Amalgam S ntal facility i m separato owing numb ntal facility i not meet that at which am stand that s ent devices ended, and	eparator or Equivalent Device has installed one or more ISO 11143 (or ANSI/ADA 108-2009) rs (or equivalent devices) that captures all amalgam containing per of chairs at which amalgam placement or removal may occur installed prior to June 14, 2017 one or more existing amalgam the requirements of § 441.30(a)(1)(i) and (ii) at the following no algam placement or removal may occur: such separators must be replaced with one or more amalgam that meet the requirements of § 441.30(a)(1) or § 441.30(a)(a)	compliant ng waste at ccur: n separators number of separators (o	Chairs: Chairs:

☐ My facility operates an equivalent device.					
Make	Model	Year of installation	Average removal efficiency of equivalent device, as determined per § 441.30(a)(2)i- iii.		

Section C Design, Operation and Maintenance of Amalgam Separator/Equivalent Device

	YES	I certify that the amalgam separator (or equivalent device) is designed and will be operated and maintained to meet the requirements in § 441.30 or § 441.40.			
A third-party service provider is under contract with this facility to ensure proper operation and maintenance in accordance with \S 441.30 or \S 441.40.					
	YES	Name of third-party service provider (e.g. Company Name) that maintains the amalgam separator or equivalent device (if applicable):			
	NO	If none, provide a description of the practices employed by the facility to ensure proper operation and maintenance in accordance with § 441.30 or § 441.40.			

Describe practices:	

Section D

Best Management Practices (BMP) Certifications

The above named dental discharger is implementing the following BMPs as specified in § 441.30(b) or § 441.40 and will continue to do so.

- Waste amalgam including, but not limited to, dental amalgam from chair-side traps, screens, vacuum pump filters, dental tools, cuspidors, or collection devices, must not be discharged to a publicly owned treatment works (e.g., municipal sewage system).
- Dental unit water lines, chair-side traps, and vacuum lines that discharge amalgam process wastewater to a publicly owned treatment works (e.g., municipal sewage system) must not be cleaned with oxidizing or acidic cleaners, including but not limited to bleach, chlorine, iodine and peroxide that have a pH lower than 6 or greater than 8 (i.e. cleaners that may increase the dissolution of mercury).

Section E Certification Statement

Per § 441.50(a)(2), the One-Time Compliance Report must be signed and certified by a responsible corporate officer, a general partner or proprietor if the dental facility is a partnership or sole proprietorship, or a duly authorized representative in accordance with the requirements of § 403.12(l).

"I am a responsible corporate officer, a general partner or proprietor (if the facility is a partnership or sole proprietorship), or a duly authorized representative in accordance with the requirements of § 403.12(I) of the above named dental facility, and certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

Authorized Representative Name (print name):	
Phone:	Email:
Authorized Representative Signature	Date

Retention Period; per § 441.50(a)(5)

As long as a Dental facility subject to this part is in operation, or until ownership is transferred, the Dental facility or an agent or representative of the dental facility must maintain this One Time Compliance Report and make it available for inspection in either physical or electronic form.